



BULLETINS

OF

STATE INTELLIGENCE, &c.

1837.



BULLETINS.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 3, 1837.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SPRING CIRCUITS, 1837.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Friday, March 10.

Essex, at Colchester, Saturday, March 11.

Suffolk, at Ipswich, Monday, March 13.

Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Wednesday, March 15.

Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Thursday, March 16.

Norfolk, at Lynn, Saturday, March 18.

Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Monday, March 20.

Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Tuesday, March 21.

Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Thursday, March 23.

Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Saturday, March 25.

Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Monday, March 27.

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Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Tuesday, March 28.

Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Fri-

day, March 31.

Derbyshire, at Derby, Monday, April 3.
At the City of Lichfield, Tuesday, April 4
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Wednesday, April 5.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Saturday, April 8.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Tuesday, April 11.
Shropshire, at Oldbury, Wednesday, April 12.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Thursday, April 13.
Ai the City of Coventry, Saturday, April 15.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Monday, April 17.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Wednesday, April 19.

Redfordshire, at Bedford, Thursday, April 20. Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Friday, April 21.

HOME CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Succes, at Horsham, Wednesday, March S. Kont, at Maidstone, Friday. March 10. Kent, at Dover. Monday, March 13. At the Caty of Contenbury, Tresday, March 14. Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Monday, April 3.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Vorkshire, at Oakham, Wednesday, February S. Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Friday, February 10. Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, February 13. At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Saturday, February 18.

At the City of York, Monday, February 20. Yorkshire, at York Castle, Tuesday, February 21. Yorkshire, at Richmond, Friday, February 24. Durham, at Durham, Saturday, February 25.

North-

Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town,

Tuesday, February 28.

Cumberland, at Carlisle, Friday, March 3. Westmorland, at Appleby, Saturday, March 4. Westmorland, at Kendal, Monday, March 6. Lancashire, at Lancaster, Tuesday, March 7. Lancashire, at Preston, Thursday, March 16. Lancashire, at Liverpool, Friday, March 17. Cheshire, at Chester and City, Wednesday, March 22. Flintshire, at Mold, Saturday, March 25. Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Monday, March 27. Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Wednesday, March 29. Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Thursday, March 30. Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Saturday, April 1. Montgomeryshire, at Welch Pool, Monday, April 3.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Saturday, February 18. Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Monday, February 20. Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Wednesday, February 22.

Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Saturday,

February 25.

Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Monday, February 27.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Tuesday, February 28.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Wednesday, March 1.
Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Friday, March 3.
Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Monday, March 6.
Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest and Town, Tuesday, March 7.

Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen and Borough, Thurs-

day, March 9.

Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Saturday, March 11. Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Monday, March 13. At the City of Bristol, Thursday, March 16. Somersetshire, at Bath, Saturday, March 18. Somersetshire, at Wells, Monday, March 20.

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Devoushire, at Exeter and City, Wednesday, March 22.

Devonshire, at Plymouth, Saturday, March 25. Cornwall, at Bodmin, Tuesday, March 28. Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Friday, March 31. Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Saturday, April 1. Hampshire, at Winchester, Monday, April 3. At the Town of Southampton, Tuesday, April 4.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 6, 1837.

IN pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act "to repeal so much of two Acts, made in the tenth "and fifteenth years of the reign of His present Majesty, as authorises the Speaker of the House of Commons to issue his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown for making out writs for the election of Members to serve in Parliament, in the manner therein mentioned, and for substituting other provisions for the like purposes:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of John Charles transden, Esq. late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Malton, hath been certified to me in writing under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament.

for the said borough of Malton, at the end of fourteen days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand the 2d day of January 1837.

J. ABERCROMBY, Speaker.

Crown-Office, January 6, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Longford.

Luke White, of Rathcline, in the said county of Longford, Esq. in the room of George John Forbes, commonly called Viscount Forbes, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 10, 1837.

The Pavilion, Brighton, January 9, 1837.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Thomas Baucutt Mash, Esq. of St. James's-Palace.

Whitehall, January 9, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant to the Reverend John Jennings, A. M. the place and dignity of a Prebendary of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter, Westminster, void by the death of Doctor George Holcombe.

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LONDON GAZETE of JANUARY 13, 37.

Foreign-Office anuary 13, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dd the 17th December 1836, has been received by iscount Palmerston, G. C.B. His Majesty's Princil Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Wim Smith, Esq. His Majesty's Consul at List, containing a Decree of Her Most Faithful Jesty, of which the following is a translation:

(Translation.)

HAVING ken into consideration the report of the Minister Finance, I decree as follows, viz.

- Art I. Mean, Peruvian, Columbian, Bolivian, Chilian, and enos Ayres dollars, as well as ounces, half ounces, arter ounces, and drachms of Spanish gold, are her admitted to general circulation in the province the islands of Madeira and Porto Santo.
 - Art. 2. The ole of those dollars are to be admitted and to as current in all transactions and payments, both of . Treasury and of private persons, at the same variety a thousand reis, for which the Spanish dollar patacas columnarias) pass current in that province at is, so long as they preserve the same weigand standard as those dollars. The founce of gold to pass for sixteen dol-

dollars, and its fractional parts for a proportionate value.

Art. 3. All persons rejecting the said coins will ineur penalties imposed by law upon those who reject the Queen's coin.

Art. 4. All legislation to the contrary is hereby

revoked.

Palace of Necessidades, December 7, 1836.

(Signed) THE QUEEN.

MANOEL DA SILVA PASSOS. (Countersigned)

In pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Aet " to repeal so much of two Acts, made in the tenth " and fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorises the Speaker of the House " of Commons, to issue his warrant to the Clerk of " the Crown for making out writs for the election " of Members to serve in Parliament, in the manner " therein mentioned, and for substituting other pro-

" visions for the like purposes:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of Sir Charles Cockerell, Bart. late Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Evesham, hath been eertified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of fourteen days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand the 9th day of January 1837, J. ABERCROMBY, Speaker.

Downing-Street, January 11, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel William Macbean George Colebrooke to be Governor and Commander in Chief of the Islands of Antigua, Montserrat and Barbuda, Saint Christopher, Nevis, Anguilla and the Virgin Islands, and Dominica.

Downing-Street, January 11, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint John Edwards, Esq. Receiver-General of Revenues in the Island of Jamaica.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 10, 1837.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed William Martins, Esq. Gentleman Usher Daily Waiter, Resident Gentleman Usher, and Gentleman Usher to the Sword of State in Ordinary to His Majesty, in the room of Sir Thomas Baucutt Mash, resigned.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 10, 1837.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed Charles Diggle, Esq. one of the Gentlemen Ushers Quarterly Waiters in Ordinary to His Majesty, in the room of William Martins, Esq. promoted.

FROM THE

EONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 17, 1837.

Foreign-Office, January 17, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dated the 30th of December 1836, has been received by Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Lord Howard de Walden, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Lisbon, containing a report from the Ministers of Her Most Faithful Majesty, and a copy of Her Majesty's Decree for the suppression of the Slave Trade, of which the following are translations:

(Translation.)

Report of the Secretaries of State.

MADAM,

THE civilization of Africa has been, during these latter times, the favourite idea of philanthropists and an object of assiduous attention to the principal Governments, who, both in the old and the new world, lead the advancement and promote the amelioration of the human race, while Portugal, who had laboured for centuries in this great work, now, instead of promoting it, throws obstacles in its way.

The first title which our great Kings, your Majesty's ancestors, added to that of King of Portugal, was that of Lords of Guinea and of the countries beyond the seas, in Africa; borne by the hands of our navigators, directed by the daring science of our

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astronomers, the Portuguese flag waved successively over the seas of Centa, the fertile regions bathed by the Senegal and Gambia, and the eastern coast of Africa, where we founded factories, built fortresses,

and conquered nations.

In our deeds of arms in Africa, modern historians have calumniously represented us as trafficking, sword in hand, with the lives and possessions of the nations we discovered; but there is not one document extant which does not prove that the principal and almost only aim of the Portuguese Government was their civilization by means of the Gospel: trade was but a secondary object, although likewise a means of civilization, and dominion was a necessary consequence and not an object.

The errors of religious doctrine and the defects of political measures were imputable to the age, not to

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India, in the first instance, and the Brazils next, made us abandon Africa, the most natural field for our labours; but the colonization of the Brazils and the exploration of its mines, and, soon afterwards, the interest which all other nations took in America, were the greatest enemies to the civilization of Africa, which we alone had begun at so great a sacrifice of our lives and property.

The infamous slave traffic is certainly an indelible stain upon the history of modern nations, but we were neither the only, the principal, nor the most guilty. Those of our accomplices, who afterwards reproached us so severely, were deeper in guilt than

ourselves.

To repair, therefore, the evil done, to prevent its repetition, are duties binding upon the honour of the Portuguese nation, and conducive to the interests of your Majesty's Crown; for the dominions which we yet possess in that part of the world, are as yet the most extensive, the most important, and the most valuable possessed by any European nation in Southern Africa.

In order to appreciate their value, we are to consider not only what they are, but what they are susceptible of. Their present state is owing not only to the mis rule of the mother country, but to the latter's having given her almost exclusive attention to the Brazils.

The natives of Africa were captured and conveyed across the Atlantic, to enrich a country whose inhabitants refused to exert themselves for its civilization.

We read in an ancient record that there were formerly seventeen sugar mills on the Island of Saint Thomas, which the Government of Portugal caused to be destroyed, in order not to injure the cultivation of the sugar cane, which they were then promoting in the Brazils.

Our African provinces contain rich mines of gold, copper, iron, and precious stones. We can there cultivate all that is cultivated in America. We possess lands of the greatest fertility in the Cape de Verd Islands, in Guinea, Angola, and Moçambique: great and navigable rivers fertilize some of our provinces, and facilitate their commerce. In those vast regions we can cultivate, largely, the sugar-cane, rice, indigo, coffee, cotton, and cocoa, in short, all those articles commonly called colonial, as well as all the spice plants of the Moluccas and Ccylon, in such abundance as not only to suffice for the consumption of Portugal, but for exportation in very large quantities to the other markets of Europe, and at a less price than those of America; since the African cultivator would not be obliged to seek for and purchase labourers, and then transport them across the Atlantic, while the high price paid by the Brazilian for the slaves he employs, is further increased by the risks attendant upon the contraband traffic by which he obtains them.

Let us promote, in Africa, the colonisation of Europeans, the development of its industry, the employment of its capital, and in a few years we

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shall again derive the same benefits that we formerly did. But for this purpose, a thorough reform of our colonial laws is necessary.

If any system of legislation can be judged of by its results, none can be worse than that by which our colonies have been ruled. Centuries have passed away since first they came under our dominion, and they are but little more civilized than they were when we conquered them; while, as a contrast, the neighbouring colony of the Cape of Good Hope has, within much less time, increased rapidly in

white population, and in wealth.

The glory of continuing the great undertaking commenced by King John the Second, was reserved for your Majesty. The civilization of Africa, of which so many powerful nations have despaired, is more feasible to the Queen of Portugal, who holds in her hands the key of the principal gates at which it can enter, and whose authority is obeyed in various parts of that vast continent, at distances of more than two hundred leagues from the sea; and as it was possible for the former Sovereigns of Portugal to open roads for civilization, a step which no other Prince had ventured upon, so it will be possible to make that beneficial plant thrive and flourish in those regions.

As an indispensable preliminary to any measures which for this great purpose your Majesty, in accordance with the General Cortes, may take, your Secretaries of State have the honour to propose the following project of a Decree for the entire and complete abolition of the slave-trade in your do-

minions.

Foreign-Office, 10th December 1836.

(Signed by all the Ministers.)

DECREE.

Taking into consideration the reports of the Secretaries of State of the different departments, I hereby issue the following Decree:

Art. 1. That the exportation of slaves be henceforth prohibited, both by sea and land, in the Portuguese dominions, as well to the north as to the south of the equator, from the day on which the present Decree shall be published in the different capitals of the said dominions.

Art 2. The importation of slaves by sea is also

strictly prohibited under any pretext whatever.

S. 1. Due notification must be given of any slaves that may be brought by land into any of the Por-

tuguese territories.

Art. 3. Any planter, whether native or foreigner, who, from any part of the Portuguese dominions in Africa, may establish himself in any other part of the said dominions, on the continent or islands on the coast of Africa, is exempted from the rules laid down in the first and second article relating to the exportation and importation of slaves.

S. 1. The same exemption from the rule established, in Article second, also extends to the importation of slaves by sea made by any planter, whether native or foreigner, who, from any port not subject to my power, may establish himself in any of my

dominions in Africa.

Art. 4. The powers granted by the preceding article

of this Decree shall be regulated as follows:

S. 1. The number of slaves exported or imported under the exceptions treated of in the said third

Article, can never exceed ten.

- S. 2. Previous to the exportation of slaves the owner of the same shall make a declaration, before the chief authorities of the Custom-house of the port of embarkation, of the number intended to be

ship-

shipped, giving substantial bond equal to double the value of the slaves to be shipped, and also that they shall be actually landed at the place of their declared destination.

S. 3. The object of the foregoing clause being complied with, the transaction shall be registered in a book, to be kept for that purpose at the Custom-house, with the addition of the declaration made by the owner of the slaves, and the conditions of the

security given.

S. 4. The chief authority of the Custom-house, wherein the documents referred to in the foregoing clause shall be registered, shall transmit an authoriticated copy of the same, under the official seal, to the chief authority of the Custom-house of the port, declared by the owner of the slaves to be their destination.

S. 5. The owner of the slaves may, by virtue of the certificate of their delivery, given by the chief authority of the Custom-house of the port of their declared destination, demand the cancelling of the bond given at the port of their shipment, and it shall

be immediately granted.

S. 6 Should the owner of the slaves not appear personally with them, within six months from the date of the Act treated of in the third section, before the superior authority of the port of the declared destination, the latter shall make an official communication to the superior authority of the Custom-house where the transaction was registered, in order that proper measures may be taken to give effect to the bond.

S. 7. The bondsman shall be released from his bond on proof of shipwreck, or of the death of the

person for whom he stood bound.

S. 8. On proof of the death of the whole or part of the slaves declared in the manifest, the bondsman shall also be released from the whole or corresponding amount of his bond.

Art. 5. For every slave exported, according to the mode prescribed in the beginning of the third article, the same duties shall be levied as were paid when the exportation of slaves was permitted.

S. I. The same duties shall be paid for each slave imported in the cases allowed by the clause to

the third article.

S. 2. The same duties shall be paid for each

slave imported by land.

Art. 6. Passports shall not be given to merchant vessels for any part of Africa to the south of the twentieth degree of north latitude, unless the owner or master shall first have signed a bond not to receive on board any slaves but those, the exportation of whom is permitted by the 3d article of this decree.

Art. 7. Vessels, whether Portuguese or foreign, fitting out in the ports of this kingdom, and its adjacent islands, and in the other ports of the monarchy, to navigate to Africa, to the south of the twentieth degree of north latitude, shall be searched on the day of their departure by the civil authority of the port, accompanied by one of the chief functionaries of the Customhouse, or, in his absence, by some trusty officer, who on their own responsibility shall with the most scrupulous care search the vessel; and not finding any thing to excite suspicion, shall allow her to depart freely.

S. I. If, however, any articles indicative of her destination to the slave trade be found, they shall be seized as contraband, and the owners, captains, mate, and shippers shall incur the penalties specified in the

seventeenth article below.

S. 2. After the search nothing can be received on board the ship.

S. 3. In the event of the vessels not being condemned, but cause of suspicion still existing that she is intended for the slave trade, the competent authority may expect sufficient security that the parties interested in her will not employ her in that trade.

S. 4. If within eighteen months there be no charge preferred against the party for whom bail is given, or if within that space of time he shall have been prosecuted and acquitted, the bond of security shall become cancelled.

: Art. 8. The articles considered to indicate the design of employing the vessel in the slave trade are mentioned in the list annexed to this decree; and which constitutes part thereof. This list was signed this day by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, who presides over the Council of Ministers.

Art. 9. In the passports granted to merchant vessels for the before-mentioned African territories, a clause shall always be inserted, that if found contravening this decree by Portuguse ships of war,

they may be seized by them.

Art. 10. On arrival at any of the ports of the said territories the master of each vessel shall be obliged as soon as he casts anchor, to send the passport of his vessel to the chief authorities of the Customhouse, who shall retain it till the day of her de-

parture.

S. 1. On the day of her sailing the said authority shall deliver the passport to an officer of the Customhouse, for whom he shall be responsible, and who having proceeded on board, and ascertained, upon strict search, that she has no slaves on board, such as are alluded to in the third article, nor any of the articles enumerated in the list annexed to this decree, shall deliver the passport to the captain, but not till he has weighed anchor, and is in the act of sailing; and in proof of his having so done, the said officer shall furnish a written document to the chief of the Custom-house, who shall deposit it in the archives.

S. 2. Should the officer, however, find on board relaves whose exportation is prohibited by this decree,

or any of the articles enumerated in the annexed list, he shall report the case by writing to the chief of the Custom-house, in order for the latter to proceed in conformity with this decree.

Art. 11. Each transgression of this decree shall be punished with the forfeiture of the slaves who formed

the subject matter of the offence.

S. 1. Every slave so forfeited shall immediately become free, and the competent authority shall furnish him with a certificate of manumission, on pain

of suspension for non-fulfilment of this duty.

S. 2. The public authority is the legitimate guardian and trustee of those who have thus become freedmen; and it shall apprentice them by public auction to artizans, who shall enter into an under-

taking to instruct them in their trades.

Art. 12. If in such cases in which, according to the preceding articles, forfeiture of slaves takes place, the whole or any part of them be not found in the act of seizure, a sequestration shall be laid on the goods of the owners, buyers, sellers, or conductors, all of whom shall be rendered responsible, in solidum, for the value of the slaves missing.

S. 1. The value of the slaves missing shall always be computed by the market price for the best slaves

at the time of sequestration.

S. 2. The sequestration shall be made in such manner as to insure the fullest extent of responsibility, in case the value of the slaves missing should require to be multiplied, conformably with the penal-

ties imposed on smugglers.

Art. 13. Non-compliance with the provisions of the clause to 2d article shall be punished, over and above the forfeiture of the slaves, with the other penalties imposed upon contraband traffic, which shall be applied in their different degrees according to the importance of the circumstances.

Art. 14. In all cases of omission or incorrectness in the fulfilment of the 4th article, the chief of the 1837.

Custom-house shall incur such penalty as may be awarded against him, according to the gravity of his offence.

S. 1. The minimum of penalty shall be a mulct

of four hundred milreis.

S. 2. The maximum shall be a mulct of one thousand two hundred milreis, with loss of office and

inability to hold any other.

Art 15. Every master or captain of a vessel met to the southward of the twentieth degree of north latitude, and at less than two hundred miles distance from the continent of Africa, without a passport in the form prescribed by the 6th Article, or convicted of having performed that navigation without such passport, shall be punished with three years confinement in the galleys: and the owners, captain, or master of such vessel shall be liable, in solidum, to a mulet equal to half the value of the vessel.

Art. 16. The omission or negligence on the part of the civil authority, or of the functionary or officer referred to in Article 7, shall be punished with a mulet of six hundred milreis, payable by every one

of them.

S. 1. This mulct shall be trebled, with forfeiture of their offices, and disqualific tion for all others, in case that any connivance on their part be proved.

Art. 17. The penaltics imposed for smuggling are to be applied to the transgressors against the provisions contained in the 1st and 2d clauses of the

7th article.

In the case provided for by this article, an embargo shall immediately be laid upon the ship and her cargo, as a security for the mulcts which the captain or master, the mate, owner, or shipper may have incurred, and for which they will have to answer in solidum.

Art. 18. Every Custom-house Officer who in the case specified in the first clause of the 10th Article, gives in a false report, shall lose his office, become

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disqualified for every other, and pay a mulct of 400 milreis.

- S. 1. The chief authority at the Custom-house, who employed the officer by whom the false report was given in, shall likewise pay a mulet of 600,000 reis, if there should have been any negligence on his own part; which mulet shall be trebled, with forfeiture of office, and disqualification for all other, should there be proof of his having been guilty of connivance.
- Art. 19. The Governors, or principal authorities acting for them, in any part of the Portuguese dominions, where it may be proved, that owing to their remissness or negligence any exportation or importation of slaves, other than that permitted by the third Article of this decree, has taken place, shall forfeit their respective offices, and be rendered, during five years, incapable of exercising any others. Should there, however, be proof of connivance on their part too, they shall moreover be condemned to five years' transportation to some of the settlements in the interior of Africa, besides a mulct of 2,000 milreis each.

S. 1. The captains, or masters, and mates of slaving vessels, as well as the persons charged with the purchase or sale of the slaves, or their conveyance on board such vessels, shall be confined in the galleys during a period of from two to five years, and pay a mulet of from 500 to 2,000 milreis each, and in solidum.

S. 2. All other individuals found on board vessels employed in the said traffic, not comprized in the foregoing clause, shall be condemned to serve from two to four years on board national ships of war, without pay, and in the rating awarded to them by their sentence according to the importance of the circumstances.

Art. 20. All contravention of the provisions of this Decree is hereby declared to be a public crime; and its prosecution becomes a special duty of the Procuradores Regios (Crown Attorneys) and their dele-

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gates, on pain of suspension. Any person, however, shall be competent to give information of such contravention.

Art. 21. With regard to the transgressions against this decree, no prescriptions shall prevent the taking

cognizance of, or imposing penalties for them.

Art. 22. The magistrates of the several districts are the competent persons to take cognizance of offences against this decree, but their decisions may always be appealed from to the supreme tribunal of commerce.

S. 1. The magistrates, as well as the said tribunal, shall apportion the penalties, as may be just, and

within the limits prescribed by this decree.

Art. 23. The Consuls and Vice Consuls of Portugal at any ports frequented by Portuguese vessels, are charged with the execution of the present decree; and may, on learning any transgression of it, require of the competent authorities of the country, the detention of the vessel, and the arrest of the criminal parties, whereupon they shall send the ship, her cargo, and the prisoners, to the Ministry of Marine, in order that cognizance may be taken of the case by the competent authority.

S. I. Any Consul or Vice Consul convicted of remissness in the execution of this Article, shall be punished with the forfeiture of his office, and disqua-

lification for any other.

S. 2. In case of connivance, he shall, in addition to incurring the penalties mentioned in the preceding clause, pay a mulct of from 2,000 to 5,000 milries.

Art. 24. Of the sums arising from all the penalties imposed, and bonds unredcemed, one half shall go to the Treasury, and the other half to a fund from which the wants of the freedmen, who by virtue of this decree are to obtain their manumission, shall be supplied.

S. I. The municipal chamber of each district shall administer this fund, and render an account of its ad-

ministration to the competent authority.

S. 2. In case of information being given, the

amount of the penalty shall be divided into three portions, one to go to the Treasury, another to the freedmen's fund, and the third to the informer.

S. 3. In case of apprehension effected on land, or in port, the sum which legally belongs to the apprehenders shall be set apart, before the division stated in the preceding clause is proceeded to.

S. 4. In cases of capture at sea, the dispositions of the anterior laws and regulations, shall be followed

in the division of the prize.

Art. 25. The present Decree shall be published in the usual form by the governors of the ultra-marine dominions as soon as received by them; and they shall, moreover, give a copy of it to each of the municipal chambers, to the respective Custom-houses, and to the juizes de direito (magistrates.)

S. 1. Copies of this decree shall be sent from the Forcign Office to the Portuguese Legations and Con-

sulates in every foreign country.

The Sccretaries of State of the several departments shall so understand it, and cause it to be carried into effect.

Palace of Necessidades 10th Dec. 1836.

(Signed) by the QUEEN, and Countersigned by all Her Majesty's Ministers.

List of articles which, being found on board of any vessel, must be considered as indications of her being intended for the Slave Trade, and to subject her to the provisions of the Decree of the 10th of December 1836, of which this list constitutes a part.

1. Hatchways with open gratings, instead of being closed according to the practice of Merchant vessels.

2. A flush deck, or a greater number of compartments than is usual or necessary on board fair traders.

3. Planks ready fitted to form a second deek, as used by Slavers.

4. Collars, manacles, thumb-screws, or chains.

5. A greater quantity of water in casks or tanks than is necessary for the crew of a merchant vessel.

6. An extraordinary number of pipes or casks to contain liquids, should the captain not be able to present a certificate from the Custom-house from which he cleared out, showing that the owners of the vessel gave bond for them, and that they are intended to receive palm or fish oil, or for any other purpose of licit commerce.

7. A greater number of buckets, tubs, or mess-trays than necessary for the crew of a merchant vessel.

8. A boiler of larger dimensions than usual, and than would be required for the use of the crew: or several boilers in greater number than would be

necessary for that purpose.

9. An extraordinary quantity of rice, beans, salt meat and fish, Mandioca maize, wheaten or any other flour, beyond that required for the use of the crew, unless such articles should form part of the eargo, and be duly manifested.

(Signed) VISCONDE DE SA BANDEIRA. Foreign-Office, December 10, 1836.

Whitehall, January 16, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Sir James Colquhoun, of Luss, in the shire of Dumbarton, Bart. to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the said shire of Dumbarton, in the room of James Duke of Montrose, deceased.

Whitehall, January 15, 1837.

The King has been pleased to nominate the Reverend Fortescue Todd, LL.B. to the Ministry of Brunswick Chapel, in the parish of St. Mary-le-Bone, in the county of Middlesex and diocese of London, void by the resignation of the Reverend St. Vincent Love Hammick.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 3, 1837.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed the Reverend John Ryle Wood, M.A. Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, in the room of the Reverend John Keysall, deceased.

War-Office, 17th January 1837

CHELSEA HOSPITAL.

General Honourable Sir Edward Paget, G. C. B. to be Governor, vice Sir Samuel Hulse, deceased. Dated 10th January 1837.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 20, 1837.

Whitehall, January 18, 1837.

THE King has been pleased to present the Reverend John M'Millan, Preacher of the Gospel, to the church and parish of Kirkcudbright, in the presbytery and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, vacant by the death of the Reverend George Hamilton.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 24, 1837.

At the Court at Brighton, the 22d day of December 1836,

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of "the

"the Established Church in England and Walcs;
with reference to ecclesiastical duties and re-"venues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one sand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes, and having the full force of 1837. ference to the residence of the clergy on their respec-1837.

law; and that the diocese of York consist of the county of York, except such parts thereof as it was proposed to include in the new diocese of Ripon; and that the diocese of Durham be increased by that part of the county of Northumberland called Hexhamshire, which was then in the diocese of York; and that the diocese of Ripon consist of that part of the county of York which was then in the diocese of Chester, of the deanry of Craven, and of such parts of the deanries of the Ainsty and Pontefract, in the county and diocese of York, as lie to the westward of the following districts, viz. the liberty of the Ainsty, and the wapentakes of Barkston Ash, Osgoldeross, and Staincross; and that all parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they are locally situate; and that such variations be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as might appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstances of particular parishes or districts; and that such alterations be made in the apportionment or exchange of ecclesiastical patronage among the several bishops as should be consistent with the relative magnitude and importance of their dioceses when newly arranged, and as should afford an adequate quantity of patronage to the bishops of the new sees; and that in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishopricks, such fixed annual sums be paid to the Commissioners out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively as should, upon due enquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave, as an average annual income, to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the, Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and to the Bishops of Worcester, and Bath and Wells respectively five thousand pounds; and that out of the fund thus accruing, fixed annual payments be made by the Commissioners, in such instances and to such amounts as should be in like manner determined on, so that the average annual incomes of the other bishops respectively be not less than four thousand pounds, nor more than five thousand pounds; and that if in determining the mode of regulating the episcopal incomes, either in the first instance or on any future revision of them, it should be deemed expedient to make the alteration required in any case by the substraction or addition of any real estates, such real estates be transferred accordingly; and that the bishops who should, on the then existing vacancies, succeed to the sees of Durham and Ely, be relicved from the excess beyond their due proportion payable for first fruits, and that the residue of the sums due be paid by the Commissioners out of the surplus funds arising from those sees; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the patronage of benefices with cure of souls, or the revenues belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the next avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that a fit residence be provided for the Bishop of Ripon:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Cauterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of

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the Commeil, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty, under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knt. should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might upon further enquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing in any such scheme such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction

tion of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, shall be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses, the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted

and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before His Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and which is in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act of Parliament, passed in this present year of your Majcsty's reign,

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intituled "An Act for earrying into effect the "reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Clurch in "England and Wales, with reference to ecclesias" tical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance of the said Act, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Couucil, the following scheme for carrying into effect part of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the archbishopric of York and to the

bishopries of Durham and Ripon.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend Edward Archbishop of York, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that all places within the peculiar jurisdiction of Hexhamshire, now forming part of the diocese of York, but locally situate in the county of Northumberland and diocese of Durham, shall be detached and dissevered from the said diocese of York, and shall be included in, and form part of, the said diocese of Durham and of the archdeaconry of Northumberland, and shall be within the deanry of Newcastle-upon-Tyne; and that all churches and chapels, and the whole clergy and others your Majesty's subjects, within the limits of the said peculiar jurisdiction of Hexhaushire, shall be exempted and released from the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said Edward Archbishop of York, and of his successors archbishops of York, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and controll of the Right Reverend Edward now Bishop of Durham, and of his successors bishops of Durham, for ever, and of the archdeacon of Northumberland for the time being.

And we further recommend and propose, that the deanry of Craven, in the county and diocese of York, and in the archdeaconry of Craven, shall be detached

and dissevered from the said diocese, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to, and included in, and form part of, the diocese of Ripon; and that all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits of the said deanry, and the present and every future rural dean thereof, and the whole clergy and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be exempted and released from all episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said Archbishop, and of every future Archbishop of York, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the Right Reverend Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon, and of his successors

bishops of Ripon, for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, with the like consent of the said Edward Archbishop of York, testified as aforesaid, that the parish of Craike, in the county, diocese, and archdeaconry of Durham, and subject to the peculiar jurisdiction of the dean and chapter of Durham, but insulated in the said county of York, and locally situate in the said diocese of York, shall be detached and dissevered from the said diocese and archdeaconry of Durham, and shall be included in, and form part of, the said diocese of York and of the archdeaconry of Cleveland; and that the church and the clergy, and others your Majesty's subjects within the said parish, shall be exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said Edward Bishop of Durham, and of his successors bishops of Durham, and of the present and every future Archdeacon of Durham, and of the said dean and chapter, and shall be under and subject to the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said Archbishop of York, and of his successors archbishops of York, for ever: and under the archidiaconal jurisdiction of the Archdeacon of Cleveland for the time being.

And we further recommend and propose, with the like consent of the said Edward Archbishop of York,

testified as aforesaid, that such parts of the property, possessions, and revenues of the said Archbishop and of the see of York, as are particularly described in the schedule hereunto annexed (which schedule we recommend and propose shall be considered and taken as part of this scheme), shall, according to the provissions of the said Act, be transferred from the said Edward Archbishop of York, and his successors in the said see of York, to the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon, and his successors bishops of Ripon, in part endowment of the said bishopric of Ripon, to be by him and them held and

enjoyed in right of the sec of Ripon for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that all and every the manors or lordships, or reputed manors or lordships, messnages, farms, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, with all their appurtenances, mines, minerals, royalties, franchises, liberties, privileges, rents, revenues, dnes, and payments whatsoever, and all other the possessions and revenues of the said Edward Bishop of Durham, of which he is seised or possessed, or otherwise entitled to in possession, reversion, remainder, or expectancy in right of his see and bishoprie, situate, lying, and being, issuing or in anywise arising or accruing, or to issue, arise, or acerue in right of his said see and bishopric in Howden and Howdenshire, Northallerton and Allertonshire, Borrowby, Brompton, Romanby, Osmotherly, Sowerby Grange, in the said county of and all the estate, right, title, and interest whatsoever which may now belong to or be vested in the said Edward Bishop of Durham in right of his said see and bishoprie, of, in, or to the same hereditaments and premises, and every part thereof, shall, according to the provisions of the said Aet, be transferred from the said Edward Bishop of Durham, and his successors in the said see of Durham, to the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon, and his successors bishops of Ripon, in further endowment of the said bishopric of Ripon, to be by him and them also held and enjoyed in right of the said see of

Ripon for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon shall be entitled to all the rents, fines, profits, and emoluments which may have been already paid or become due from or in respect of such parts as aforesaid of the property, possessions, and revenues of the said Bishop and see of Durham, or any or either of them, since the day of the decease of William late Bishop of Durham; and that the said Edward Bishop of Durham shall forthwith pay over to the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon all such rents, fines, profits, and emoluments whatsoever which may have been paid to or on account of him the said Edward Bishop of Durham, after deducting therefrom all reasonable and proper expences incurred in the collection or receipt thereof.

And we further recommend and propose, that for the purposes of the said Act, and so as to leave to the Bishop of Durham for the time being, after such transfer as aforesaid, an average annual income of eight thousand pounds, the said Edward Bishop of Durham, and his successors bishops of Durham for the time being, shall pay, or cause to be paid, to our credit, into the Bank of England, to an account intituled "Account with the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," the fixed annual sum of eleven thousand two hundred pounds, by half-yearly payments, on or before the first day of February and the first day of August in every year; and that the first of such payments shall be made on or before the first day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven; and that whenever a vacancy of the see of Durham shall happen on any other day than the first day of February or first day of August, then the next half-yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy,

or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the first day of February or first day of August preceding (as the case may be) to the day of the vacancy inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid by the respective parties accordingly.

And we further recommend and propose, that one third part only of the sum heretofore paid by bishops of Durham respectively, on account of first fruits, shall be paid by the said Edward Bishop of Durham; and that the remaining two third parts thereof shall be paid by us, out of the moneys so to be paid to our

credit and account as aforcsaid.

And we further recommend and propose, that the fees and stipends granted out of the revenues of the said see of Durham, by the last or any preceding bishop of Durham, to any officer of the county palatine of Durham, who held his office by patent at the time of the passing of an Act of Parliament, passed in the sixth year of your Majcsty's reign, intituled "An Act for separating the palatine juris-" diction of the county palatine of Durham from the bishopric of Durham," shall henceforward, notwithstanding the abolition of any such office by the said Act, be paid by us, out of that portion of the revenues of the said see of Durham which shall be so as aforesaid paid to our credit and account; and shall continue to be so paid during such period as the interest of such officer shall endure by virtue of such patent.

And we further recommend and propose, that the average annual income of the Bishop of Ripon for the time being shall be four thousand five hundred pounds; and that to this end the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon, and his successors bishops of Ripon for the time being, shall receive, out of such moneys as shall from time to time be so as aforesaid paid to our credit and account, the fixed annual sum of two thousand two

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hundred pounds, by half-yearly payments, on the thirteenth day of April and the thirteenth day of October in every year, the first of such payments to be made on the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven; and that whenever a vacancy in the said see of Ripon shall happen on any other day than the thirteenth day of April or the thirteenth day of October, the next half-yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy, or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last day of payment to the day of the vacancy inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid to the respective parties accordingly.

And we further recommend and propose, that until an episcopal house of residence shall be provided for the said see of Ripon, the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon, and his successors bishops of Ripon for the time being, shall, out of the same moneys, and in like manner, and by like half-yearly payments, and subject to a like apportionment in case of a vacancy, receive the further fixed annual sum

of five hundred pounds.

And we further recommend and propose, with the like consent of the said Edward Archbishop of York, testified as aforesaid, that the advowson and right of presentation of and to the vicarage of Birstall, in the county of York, now vested in the Archbishop of York for the time being, shall be transferred to the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon, and his successors bishops of Ripon, and shall be vested in him and them in right of the said see of Ripon for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that the advowsons and right of presentation of and to the rectory of Birkby, and the vicarage of Osmotherley respectively, and the advowson and right of presentation and nomination to the vicarage and

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perpetual curacy of Leak with Nether Silton, all in the county of York, and the advowson and right of presentation of and to the rectory of Craike, in the county of Durham, but insulated in the said county of York, all now vested in the Bishop of Durham for the time being, shall also be transferred to the said Charles Thomas Bishop of Ripon, and his successors bishops of Ripon, and shall be vested in him and them in right of the said see of Ripon for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the said archbishopric of York, or to the said bishoprics of Durham and Ripon respectively, in conformity with the provisions of the

said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to

your Majesty in Council.

In witness whercof we have hereunto, and also to the schedule hereto annexed, set our common seal, this twenty-first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

SCHEDULE.

All and every the messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, being parcel of the possessions and revenues of the Lord Archbishop of York, in right of his see, situated within his liberty of Ripon, and his manors of Ripon and Thornton, with Bishop-side respectively hereinafter mentioned, that is to say: all those messuages, cottages, mills, buildings, tolls, lands, and estates formerly comprised in and constituting one lease for lives, commonly called the Ripon Grand Lease, containing one thousand and eighty-eight acres, or thereabouts, and which have been since divided and last renewed in thirty-seven

separate leases for lives granted to Marmaduke Hodgson, John Walker Harrison, John Ward, Elizabeth Sophia Lawrence, William Morton, Joseph Haigh, Richard Delicate, John Robinson, Robert Theakstone, Hugo Malvesyn Chadwick, Esq. Thomas Spetch, William Henry Harrison and others, Robert Gatenby, Messrs. Raggett and Wasse, Sir Thomas Slingsby, Bart. and another, Anthony Lumley, William Kaberry, Francis Horsman, John Coates, Sir Bellingham Reginald Graham, Bart, John Waine Rockliffe, William Strother, William Padgett, Joseph Burrill, John Kirk, William Brown, Henry Kirkby, Thomas Kirkby, Christopher Edniondson, Matthew Jackson, John Humphries, the Reverend William Plues, Messrs. Francis and Richard Champney, Anthony Chennels, Mcssrs. Henry and Thomas Kirkby, the Misses Luptons, and John Horn, their heirs and assigns respectively, at the several yearly reserved rents therein respectively mentioned, amounting in the whole to the sum of eighty-nine pounds four shillings and five pence, or thereabouts, as the same premises are now in the tenure or occupation of the said grantees or lessees, their heirs, assigns, or undertenants respectively; and all those messuages, cottages, farm houses, buildings, and lands commonly called the Ripon Parks, containing by estimation nine hundred and twelve acres, or thereabouts, as the same are now comprised in and constitute one lease for lives granted to George Hartley and Robert Smithson, their heirs and assigns, bearing date on or about the nineteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one, at the reserved yearly rent of twenty-six pounds thirteen shillings and four pence, and are now in the tenure or occupation of the said George Hartley and Robert Smithson, their heirs, assigns, or undertenants; and all that parcel of land, containing by estimation one acre and three roods, more or less, last granted by lease for lives to Gilbert Rogers, his heirs and assigns, bearing date on or about the twenty-sixth day of September one thousand eight hundred and four, at the reserved yearly rent of two shillings and six pence; also all that part of the fishery of the Rivers Ure and Skell last granted by lease for lives to the Right Honourable Lord Grantham, his heirs and assigns, bearing date on or about the twenty sixth day of September one thousand eight hundred and twelve, at the reserved yearly rent of three shillings; also all that other part of the same fishery last granted by lease for lives, bearing date on or about

to Sir Bellingham Reginald Graham, Bart. his heirs and assigns, at the reserved yearly rent of two shillings; also all those lands, sometimes called Middle Ridding, or how otherwise ealled or known, containing by estimation six acres, more or less, last granted by lease for lives to John Dobson and John Howard, their heirs and assigns, bearing date on or about the twenty-eighth day of January one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, at the reserved yearly rent of eighteen shillings; also a piece of land added to the dean's garden, last granted to the Dean and Chapter of Ripon, and their successors, by lease, bearing date on or about the sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, at the yearly reserved rent of one shilling; seven, at the yearly reserved rent of one shilling; also all those certain lands and tenements, containing also all those certain lands and tenements, containing by estimation five acres and three roods, last granted to John Humphries by lease, bearing date on or about the twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, at the yearly rent of five shillings; all which last mentioned premises are now in the tenure or occupation of the said several grantees or lessees, their heirs, assigns, or undertenants respectively; and also all those several other messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, being parcel of the said revenues and possessions hereinafter mentioned, and which are now held by several leases for twenty-one years, that is to say: all that messuage, in Ripon, with the appurtenances, last leased to Richard Shepherd by lease, bearing date on or about the sixteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, at the reserved yearly rent of eight shillings; also a cottage, in Ripon, with the appurtenances, last leased to Mrs. Elizabeth Sophia Lawrence by lease, bearing date on or about the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty, at the reserved yearly rent of thirteen shillings and four pence; also a house and garth, in Ripon, with the appurtenances, last leased to the said Mrs. Elizabeth Sophia Lawsence by lease, bearing date on or about the twentieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty, at the reserved yearly rent of ten shillings; also a messuage, in Ripon, with the appurtenances, last leased to John Tuting by lease, bearing date on or about the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty, at the reserved yearly rent of eight shillings; also all those parcels of land, in Bishopside, with the appurtenances, containing two acres and ten poles, or thereabouts, last leased to George Francis Barlow by lease, bearing date on or about the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, at the reserved yearly rent of eight pence; also a cottage and lands, in Bishopside, with the appurtenances, containing four acres two roods and thirty-eight poles, or thereabouts, last leased to John Coatcs the younger by lease, bearing date on or about the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, at the reserved yearly rent of one shilling and three pence; also all those lands, called Assart Lands, in North Stainley, with the appurtenances, containing twenty-one acres, three roods, and thirteen poles, or thereabouts, last leased to William Collins and Charles

Charles Hopkinson by lease, bearing date on or about the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, at the yearly reserved rent of three pounds; also two eottages, in Ripon, with the appurtenances, leased to John Fisher by lease, bearing date on or about the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, at the reserved yearly rent of twelve shillings; also a cottage, in Ripon, with the appurtenances, late Mat-thew Haygarth's, and leased to Richard Smith, by lease, bearing date on or about the said twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirtyalso a cottage in Ripon, with the appurtenances, leased to Edward Thirlway, by lease, bearing date on or about the said twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, at the reserved yearly rent of six shillings; also a cottage, in Ripon, with the appurtenances, late Richard Shepherd's, and leased to John Walbran, by lease, bearing date on or about the said twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, at the reserved yearly rent of six shillings; also that part or moiety of certain closes, in Ripon, called Bishop's Closes, containing eleven acres and twenty poles, or thereabouts, heretofore in lease to John Britain, and since leased to John Durliam, by lease, bearing date on or about the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, at the reserved yearly rent of one pound five shillings and five pence; the other part or moiety of the said Bishop's Closes, containing ten aeres, one rood, and twenty-one poles, or thereabouts, heretofore in lease to James Britain, and sinee leased to Thomas Hopper, by lease, bearing date on or about the said twenty-fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, at the reserved yearly rent of one pound five shillings and fivepence, or howsoever otherwise the said several messuages, · lands.

lands, tenements, and hereditaments are called, known, distinguished, or occupied, with their and every of their appurtenances.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by His Majesty in Council; now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and His Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the several registrars of the several dioceses of York, Durham, and Ripon.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Brighton, the 22d day of December 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for arrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues. and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue 1837.

two several commissions to ecrtain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst others, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Conncil should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that the diocese of Lichfield consist of the counties of Stafford and Derby; and that the diocese of Woreester consist of the whole counties of Worcester and Warwick; and that all parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they

are locally situate; and that such variations be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as may appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstanees of particular parishes or districts; and that such alterations be made in the apportionment or exchange of ecclesiastical patronage among the several bishops, as shall be consistent with the relative magnitude and importanee of their dioceses when newly arranged; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the patronage of benefices with cure of souls, belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, take effect until the avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that all the archdeaconries of England and Wales be in the gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which they are situate:

It is, amongst other things, enacted, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobbouse

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and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of "the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recom-mendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, shall be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in

every such Order that the same be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops whercof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, so soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London

Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwith-standing:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared, and laid before His Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the twenty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and which is in the words and figures

sollowing, that is to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act of Parliament, passed in this present year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance of the said Act, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for carrying into effect part of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the

the bishopries of Lichfield and Coventry and Worcester.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert James Bishop of Worcester, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that the whole archdeaeonry of Coventry, in the county of Warwick, now forming part of the diocese of Liehfield and Coventry, shall be detached and dissevered from the said diocese, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to the diocese of Worcester.

And we further recommend and propose, that the remaining part of the said diocese of Lichfield and Coventry, and the see thereof, shall be called and known by the name of the Diocese and See of Lichfield; and that the Right Reverend Samuel now Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and his successors in the said see, shall be respectively called and styled Bishop of Lichfield: and that such alteration of name and style shall not prejudice or affect any right, privilege, or power which may now by law be exercised or enjoyed by the said bishop, by the name and style of Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said archdeaeonry of Coventry, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits thereof, and the present and every future archdeaeon thereof, and all rural deans, and the whole clergy and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said Samuel now Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and of every future Eishop of Lichfield, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said Robert James Bishop of Worcester, and his successors bishops of Worcester, for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that the right of appointing the archdeacon of Coventry shall

he vested in the said Bishop of Worcester, and his successors bishops of Worcester, for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that the advowson and right of presentation of and to the rectory of Saint Philip, in the town of Birmingham, in the said county of Warwick, with all rights, endownents, and privileges thereunto by law belonging, and the advowson, right of patronage and nomination, and of licensing the Minister or Perpetual Curate of Christ Church, in the same town and county, which are now respectively vested in the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, shall be transferred to the said Robert James Bishop of Worcester, and his successors bishops of Worcester, and be vested in him and them in right of the see of Worcester, for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the said bishoprics of Lichfield and Worcester respectively, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal this twenty-first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six..

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by His Majesty in Council; now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly pub-

published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and His Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the several registrars of the dioceses of Worcester and Lichfield respectively.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, January 21, 1837.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of an Earl of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable Kenneth Alexander Baron Howard, of Effingham, in the county of Surrey, G. C. B. and General in the Army, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Earl of Effingham.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignities of a Baron and Earl of the said United Kingdom unto the Right Honourable Thomas Baron Ducie, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the names, stiles, and titles of Baron Moreton, of Tortworth, in the county of Gloucester, and Earl of Ducie.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignities of a Baron and Earl of the said United Kingdom unto Charles Baron Yarborough, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the names, stiles, and titles of Baron Worsley, of Apuldurcombe, in the isle of Wight, and Earl of Yarborough.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting

the dignity of a Baron of the said United Kingdom unto the following Gentlemen, and the respective heirs male of their bodies lawfully begotten, viz.

Edward Berkeley Portman, Esq. by the name, stile, and title of Baron Portman, of Orchard Portman, in the county of Somerset.

Thomas Alexander Fraser, of Lovat, in the county of Inverness, Esq. by the name, stile, and title of Baron Lovat, of Lovat, in the said county of Inverness.

William Hanbury, of Kelmarsh, in the county of Northampton, and of Shobdon, in the county of Hereford, Esq. by the name, stile, and title of Baron Bateman, of Shobdon, in the said county of Hereford.

Whitehall, January 23, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable George Baron Abercromby to be Lieutenant and Sheriff-Principal of the shire of Stirling, in the room of James Duke of Montrose, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 31, 1837.

By the KING. A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the sixth year of Our reign, intituled "An Act to provide " for the regulation of municipal corporations in " England and Wales," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders of any town or borough in England and Wales shall petition Us to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for Us, by any such charter (if we shall think fit, by advice of Our Privy Council, to grant the same) to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough within the district to be set forth in such charter, the powers and provisions in the said Act contained: provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please Us to order that the same be taken into consideration by Our Privy Council, shall be published by Royal Proclamation in the London Gazette one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas, the inhabitant householders of the town and parish of Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, have presented a petition to Us, setting forth therein, amongst other things, that the town and parish of Ramsgate, wherein there are three acting justices of the

the peace, who are appointed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, one of whom only constantly resides there, is a limb of the town and port of Sandwich, one of the Cinque Ports, and within the liberties thereof, which latter place contains only about three thousand souls:

And further, that the town of Ramsgate is at present governed by two local Acts, made and passed in the twenty-fifth and thirty-sixth years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, the one intituled " An Act for the better paving, cleansing, " repairing, lighting, cleaning, and watching the "highway, streets and lanes of and in the vill of " Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, and for re-" moving and preventing annoyances therein, and " for erecting a market-house and holding a public " market in the said vill;" and the other intituled "An Act to enlarge the powers of the last-mentioned " Act;" which said two several Acts, from the lapse of time, the greatly increased population, and extent of the town (which, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, was, by an Act of Parliament, separated from the parish of Saint Lawrence, and made a distinct parish), and its altered circumstances, are wholly insufficient for the purpose intended and therein set forth:

And further, that the undersigned, most dutiful and loyal subjects, the inhabitant householders of the town and parish of Ramsgate, are desirous of being incorporated by charter, agreeably to the provisions of the first recited Act, inasmuch as the population of the town and parish of Ramsgate amounts, at present, to about nine thousand souls, and during a great part of the year, very many strangers resort thereto:

And further, that the said town of Ramsgate has an extensive harbour for the accommodation and protection of English and Foreign ships, and their crews, who frequently take shelter there, in great

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numbers, to the amount, sometimes, of between

three and four hundred sail of vessels:

And further, that the population of the town and parish of Ramsgate, being oftentimes greatly increased, from the several causes above related, the petitioners most humbly beg to show the necessity for a strong and vigilant government, such as the powers conferred by the Municipal Corporation Act would furnish them with; thereby enabling them to regulate and maintain the peace and quiet of their town, and to afford protection and security to the lives and property of all:

And further, that the petitioners, being also desirous of having a commission of the peace assigned to their town, for the convenient and speedy administration of justice, humbly beg to show that to subject them to the anthority of justices of the peace to be assigned to a town (Sandwich) in the one case, seven miles distant, and in the other (Dover), twenty-one miles distant, would be a great grievance and inconvenience, putting them to much expence

and trouble:

The petitioners, therefore, most humbly pray, that under the circumstances above stated, and from the increasing population and prosperity of the town of Ramsgate, We would be graciously pleased, by the advice of Our Privy Council, to grant them a charter of incorporation under the powers and provisions of the said recited Act:

Now, therefore, We, having taken the said petition into consideration, do hereby give notice, that Our Privy Council will take the same into consideration on the twenty-eighth day of February next ensuing

the date hereof.

Given at our Court at Brighton, this twentyeighth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the sixth year of Our reign, intituled "An Act to provide " for the regulation of municipal corporations in " England and Wales," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders of any town or borough in England and Wales shall petition Us to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for Us, by any such charter (if We shall think fit by advice of Our Privy Council to grant the same) to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough within the district to be set forth in such charter the powers and provisions in the said Act contained; provided, neverthcless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please Us to order the same to be taken into consideration by Our Privy Council, shall be published, by Royal Proclamation in the London Gazette, one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the town of Devonport, and parish of Stoke Damerel, in the county of Devon, have presented a petition to Us, setting forth therein, amongst other things, that the town of Devonport, and parish of Stoke Damerel, is not a town corporate; but the petitioners submit, that it is expedient that the said town of Devonport, and parish of Stoke Damerel, should be incorporated; the petitioners, therefore, most humbly pray, that We will be pleased, under the provisions of the said recited Act, to grant to the inhabitants of the said town of Devonport, and parish of Stoke Damerel, a separate charter of incorporation; and that We will also be pleased, by such charter, to extend

tend to the said inhabitants within such district, as shall or may be set forth in Our Royal Charter, the several powers and provisions in the said Act contained:

Now, therefore, We, having taken the said petition into consideration, do hereby give notice, that Our Privy Council will take the same into consideration on the twenty-eighth day of February next ensuing the date hereof.

Given at Our Court, at Brighton, this twentyeighth day of January one thousad eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING. A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the sixth year of Our reign, intituled "An Aet to provide "for the regulation of municipal corporations in "England and Wales" it is, amongst other things, enaeted, that if the inhabitant householders of any town or borough in England and Wales shall petition Us to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for Us by any such eharter (if we shall think fit by advice of Our Privy Council to grant the same) to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough within the distriet to be set forth in such charter, the powers and provisions in the said Act contained: provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please Us to order that the same be taken into consideration by Our Privy Council, shall be published, by Royal Proclamation in the London Gazette, one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the borough of Llanelly, in the county of Carnarvon, have presented a petition to Us, setting forth therein, amongst other things, that the borough of Llanelly contains a population of four thousand and upwards, and that it is rapidly increasing in population, commerce, and wealth, and that it will in a short period be one of the most important commercial towns in the principality: and further, that the said borough of Llanelly is a borough by prescription, with a portreeve and an unlimited number of burgesses: and further, that the said portreeve and burgesess have never been invested with any corporate powers, any further than the management of the property belonging to the said burgesses; the petitioners, therefore, pray that We would be graciously pleased to grant unto them a charter of incorporation, that they may be thereby enabled to participate in all the powers and provisions of the said recited Act:

Now, therefore, We, having taken the said petition into consideration, do hereby give notice, that Our Privy Council will take the same into consideration on the twenty-eighth day of February next ensuing the date hereof.

Given at Our Court at Brighton, this twentyeighth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle and " determine the divisions of counties, and the limits " of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, " in so far as respects the elections of Members " to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, held at Bodmin,

in and for the county of Cornwall, on the third day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the eastern division of the county of Cornwall, is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Callington may be a polling place for the said eastern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, the town of Callington, shall be a polling place for the eastern division of the county of Cornwall: and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said castern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on 1837.

petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quar er sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the elections of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace within the southern division of the county of Derby, in quarter sessions assembled the fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of the county of Derby, is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Heanor, and the village and chapelry of Swadlincote, may be polling places for the said southern division of the

said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, Inving taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Priny Council declare, order,

and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, the town of Heanor and the village and chapelry of Swadlincote, shall be polling places for the southern division of the said county of Derby; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

. WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh vear of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division, is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or arc situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling 12

place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle "and determine the divisions of counties, and the "limits of cities and boroughs, in England and "Wales, in so far as respects the elections of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Devon, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, held at the Castle of Exeter, in and for the said county, on the third day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the northern division of the county of Devon is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the towns of Tiverton, Chulmleigh, Ilfracombe, Bideford, and Hatherleigh, may be polling places for the said northern division of the

said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Tiverton, Chulmleigh, Ilfracombe, Bideford, and Hatherleigh, shall be polling places for the northern division of the said county; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the

said northern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to " settle and determine the divisions of counties, and " the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and "Wales, in so far as respects the elections of Mem-" bers to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably

to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, ciding, parts or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling

place:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Flint, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, held at Mold, in and for the said county, on the fifth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the said county of Flint is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Mold may

be a polling place for the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, Mold, shall be a polling place for the county of Flint: and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, in tituled " An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England and Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare, that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to " settle and determine the divisions of counties, and " the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and "Wales, in so far as respects the elections of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to cach polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county palatine of Lancaster, assembled in general

quarter

quarter sessions of the peace, held by adjournment at Salford, in the said county, the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of the county of Lancaster is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the several towns of Ashton-under-Lyne, Great Bolton, Bury, and Oldham, may be polling places for the said southern division of the

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Ashton under-Lyne, Great Bolton, Bury, and Oldham, shall be polling places for the southern division of the said county of Lancaster; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said southern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, this 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the "taking of the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace of such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled. as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and "Wales, in so far as respects the election of Mem-" bers to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or divisions into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Stafford, assembled at the general quarter sessions 1837.

of the peace held in and for the said county, on the fourth day of January eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the several towns or places of Westbromwich, Wednesbury, Rugeley, Tamworth, Brewood, Handsworth, Bilston, Sedgeley, and Tipton, may be polling places for the said southern division

of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition in eonsideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said towns or places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Westbromwich, Wednesbury, Rugeley, Tamworth, Brewood, Handsworth, Bilston, Sedgeley, and Tipton, shall be polling places for the southern division of the said county of Stafford; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle and de-" termine the divisions of counties, and the limits of " cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so " far as respects the election of Members to serve in " Parliament," shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace assembled at the general quarter session of the peace, holden at Lewes, in and for the eastern division of the county

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of Sussex, on the second day of January eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the eastern division of the county of Sussex is insufficient, and therefore praying that the borough of Brighton, the town and port of Hastings, the ancient town of Rye, and the town of Cuckfield, may be polling places for the said eastern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, the borough of Brighton, the town and port of Hastings, the ancient town of Rye, and the town of Cuckfield, shall be polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Sussex; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said eastern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January. 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh, year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or divisions into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace acting in and for the west riding of the county of York, at

the general Christmas quarter sessions of the peace, assembled at Witherby, in the said riding, on the third of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, at Wakefield, in the same riding, on the fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and at Doncaster, in the same riding, on the eleventh of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their three several petitions to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the west riding of the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that Ripon, New Delph, in the township of Quick, and Pontefract may be polling places for the said

west riding:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petitions into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reiga, by and with the advice of His Privy Council declare, order, and direct that the said several places montioned in the said petitions, namely, Ripon, New Delph, and Pontefract, shall be polling places for the said west riding; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said west riding, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said west riding into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Hm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Conncil.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled. as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties. " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, holden

at Petworth, in and for the western division of the county of Sussex, on the fifth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the western division of the said county of Sussex are insufficient, and therefore praying that the town of Worthing may be a polling place for the said western division

of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, Worthing, shall be a polling place for the western division of the said county of Sussex; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said western division of the said county, into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place :

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Warwick, assembled at the quarter sessions 1837.

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for the said county, on Tuesday the third day of January out thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented three several petitions to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that Sutton Coldfield, Solihull, Atherstone, and Polesworth may be polling places for the northern division of the said

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petitions into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petitions, namely, Sutton Coldfield, Solihull, Atherstone, and Polesworth, shall be polling places for the northern division of the said county of Warwick; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said northern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the " taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and withthe advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division, in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division, is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions assembled, as mentioucd in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle and determine the division, " of counties, and the limits of cities and boroughs, " in England and Wales, in so far as respects the " election of members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act divide such county, riding, parts, or division, into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place :

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Worcester, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace for the said county,

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holden on the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the eastern division of the said county, are, in the opinion of the petitioners, insufficient, and therefore praying that the borough of Droitwieh, the towns of Pershore, Shipston, and Stourbridge; the boroughs of Evesham, Dudley, and Halesowen, the town of Bromsgrove, and the village of Kingsmorton, may be declared polling places for the said eastern division of the said county of Worcester:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Droitwich, Pershore, Shipston, Stourbridge, Evesham, Dudley, Halesowen, Bromsgrove, and the village of Kingsmorton, shall be polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Worcester; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said eastern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh vear of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking" the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An" Act to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the Pcace acting in and for the parts of Lindsey, in the county of Lin-

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coln, assembled at a general quarter sessions of the peace, held at Spilsby, in and for the said parts, on the tenth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the parts of Lindsey, in the said county, is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Wragby may be a polling place for the said parts of

Lindsey:
Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that Wragby, in the said petition mentioned, shall be a polling place for the said parts of Lindsey, in the said county of Lincoln; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said parts of Lindsey, in the said county of Lincoln, into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, in-tituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as incutioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament", shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Somerset, in quarter sessions assembled,

on the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Somerset is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Frome Clutton, Congresbury, and Wedmore may be polling places for the eastern di-

vision of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Frome Clutton, Congresbury, and Wedmore, shall be polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Somerset; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said castern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Conneil.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the tak-"ing the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or divisions in England or Walcs, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places, for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England "and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or divisions into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Somerset, in quarter sessions assembled, 1837. M

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the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the western division of the said county of Somerset, are insufficient, and therefore praying, that Ilminster, Langport, Wiveliscombe, and Dunster, may be polling places for the said western

division of the said county. Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Ilminster, Langport, Wiveliscombe, and Dunster, shall be polling places for the western division of the said county of Somerset; and further, that the justices of the peace, for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said western division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to cach polling place.

Wm. L. Batharst.

At the Court at Brighton, the 28th day of January 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

SHERIFFS appointed by His Majesty in Council, for the Year 1837.

Bedfordshire, William Henry Whitbread, of Southill, Esq.

Berkshire, James Wheble, of Woodley-Lodge, Esq.

Bucking hamshire, John Nembhard Hibbert, of Chalfont St. Peter, Esq.

Camb' & Hunt'. John Dobede, of Soham, Esq. Cheshire, Charles Peter Shakerley, of So-

merford, Esq.

Cornwall, John Basset, of Tehidy-Park, Esq.

Cumberland, Sir Francis Fletcher Vane, of Armathwaite, Bart.

Derbyshire, George Moore, of Appleby-Hall, Esq.

Devonshire, William Roope Ilbert, of Hors-well, Esq.

Dorsetshire, James Chamness Fyler, of Heffleton-Lodge, Esq.

Durham, Anthony Wilkinson, of Coxhoeliail, Esq.

Essex, Jonathan Bullock, of Faulk-bourn-Hall, Esq.

Gloucestershire, Henry Norwood Trye, of Leck-hampton-Court, Esq.

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Herefordshire,	Thomas Monnington, of Sarnesfield, Esq.
Hertfordshire,	George Proctor, of Bennington, Esq.
Kent,	Francis Bradley, of Gore-Court, Esq.
Leicestershire,	Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg, of Noseley-Hall, Bart.
Lincolnshire,	Sir Thomas Whichcote, of Aswarby, Bart.
Monmouthshire,	Philip Jones, of Lanarth-Court, Esq.
Norfolk,	Jack Petre, of Westwick-Hall, Esq.
Northamptonshire,	William Willes, of Astrop- House, Esq.
Northumberland,	William John Charlton, of Hesleyside, Esq.
Nottinghamshire,	Robert Ramsden, of Carlton in Lindrick, Esq.
Oxfordshire,	Philip Thomas Herbert Wyke- ham, of Tythrop-House, Esq.
Rutlandshire,	John Stokes of Caldecot, Esq.
Shropshire,	Thomas Henry Hope, of Net- ley-Hall, Esq.
Somersetshire,	Alexander Adair, of Heatherton- Park, Esq.
Staffordshire,	George Thomas Whitgreave, of Moseley-Court, Esq.
County of South- }	The Hon. William Henry Ashe A'Court Holines, of Westover.
Suffolk,	Sir Hyde Parker, of Long Melford, Bart.
	Sir

Surrey, Thomas Alcock, of Kingswood-Warren Esq.

Sussex, George Palmer, of Tunbridge Wells, Esq.

Warwickshire, Henry Cadwallader Adams, of Ansty, Esq.

Wiltshire, Sir Frederick Hutcheson Hervey
Bathurst, of Clarendon-Park,
Bart.

Worcestershire, Wilson Aylesbury Roberts, of Bewdley, Esq.

Yorkshire, Mark Milbank, of Thorpe Perrow, Esq.

NORTH WALES.

Anglesey, Hugh Beaver, of Glyn Garth, Esq.

Carnarvonshire, The Honourable Thomas Pryse Lloyd, of Plashen.

Denbighshire, John Heaton, of Plas Heaton, Esq.

Flintshire, Sir Edward Mostyn, of Talacre, Bart.

Merionethshire, Sir Robert Williames Vaughan, of Nannan, Bart.

Montgomeryshire, Robert Phillips, of Hiros, Esq.

SOUTH WALES.

Breconshire, Crawshay Bailey, of Beaufort, Esq.

Carmarthenshire, William Henry Wilson, of Penycoed, Esq.

Cardiganshire, John Hughes, of Alltlwyd Esq.

Gla.

Glamorganshire, Pembrokeshire, Howel Gwyn, of Alltwen, Esq. John Adams, of Holyland, Esq.

Radnorshire,

Hans Busk, of Nantmel, Esq.

Whitehall, January 28, 1837.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Scal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting at d appointing the Right Honourable Michael O'Loghlin, Keeper or Master of the Rolls and Records of the Court of Chancery, in that part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, in the room of Sir William M'Mahon, Bart. deceased.

Foreign-Office, January 30, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint George Lloyd Hodges, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul in Scrvia.

Crown-Office, January 31, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Malton.

The Honourable William Thomas Spencer Wentworth Fitzwilliam (commonly called Viscount Milton), in the room of John Charles Ramsden, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 3, 1837.

The Speech of the Lords Commissioners to both Houses of Parliament, on Tuesday, January 31, 1837.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

WE are commanded by His Majesty to acquaint you, that His Majesty continues to receive from all Foreign Powers the strongest assurances of their friendly disposition; and His Majesty trusts that the experience of the blessings which peace confers upon nations will tend to confirm and secure the

present tranquillity.

His Majesty laments that the civil contest which has agitated the Spanish Monarchy has not yet been brought to a close; but His Majesty has continued to afford to the Queen of Spain that aid which, by the Treaty of Quadruple Alliance of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, His Majesty engaged to give, if it should become necessary; and His Majesty rejoices that His co-operating force has rendered useful assistance to the troops of Her Catholic Majesty.

Events have happened in Portugal, which for a time threatened to disturb the internal peace of that country. His Majesty ordered, in consequence, a temporary augmentation of His naval force in the Tagus, for the more effectual protection of the persons and property of His subjects resident in Lisbon; and the Admiral commanding His Majesty's squadron was authorised, in case of need, to afford protection

to the person of the Queen of Portugal, without, however, interfering in those constitutional questions

which divided the conflicting parties.

His Majesty has directed the reports of the Commissioners appointed to enquire into the state of the province of Lower Canada to be laid before you, and has ordered us to call your attention to that important subject.

We have also in charge to recommend for your serious deliberation those provisions which will be submitted to you for the improvement of the law and of the administration of justice; assuring you that His Majesty's anxiety for the accomplishment

of these objects remains undiminished.

We are enjoined to convey to you His Majesty's desire that you should consult upon such further measures as may give increased stability to the Established Church, and promote concord and goodwill.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

The estimates of the year have been prepared with every desire to meet the exigencies of the public service in the spirit of a wise economy. His Majesty has directed them to be laid before you without delay. The increase of the revenue has hitherto more than justified the expectations created

by the receipts of former years.

His Majesty recommends an early renewal of your inquiries into the operation of the Act permitting the establishment of Joint Stock Banks. The best security against the mismanagement of banking affairs must ever be found in the capacity and integrity of those who are entrusted with the administration of them, and in the caution and the prudence of the public; but no legislative regulation should be omitted which can increase and ensure the stability of establishments upon which commercial credit so much depends. My

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

His Majesty has more especially commanded us to bring under notice the state of Ireland, and the wisdom of adopting all such measures as may improve the condition of that part of the United Kingdom. His Majesty recommends to your early consideration the present constitution of the municipal corporations of that country, the laws which regulate the collection of tithes, and the difficult but pressing question of establishing some legal provision for the poor, guarded by prudent regulations, and by such precautions against abuse as your experience and knowledge of the subject enable you to suggest.

His Majesty commits these great interests into your hands, in the confidence that you will be able to frame laws in accordance with the wishes of His Majesty and the expectations of His people. His Majesty is persuaded, that should this hope be fulfilled, you will not only contribute to the welfare of Ireland, but strengthen the law and constitution of these realms, by securing their benefits to all classes

of His Majesty's subjects.

Whitehall, February 2, 1837.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto the Right Honourable Francis William Earl of Charlemont, K. P. and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Charlemont, of Charlemont, in the county of Armagh; with remainder, in default of such issue male, to the Honourable Henry Caulfeild, of Hackly, in the said 1837.

county of Armagh (brother of the said Francis William Earl of Charlemont), and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall, January 30, 1837.

The King taking into His royal consideration that, upon the decease of Thomas Baron Kingsale, of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, the title and dignity of Baron Kingsale devolved upon his nephew John-Stapleton, now Baron Kingsale, as eldest son of Michael de Courcy, Esq. (commonly called the Honourable Michael de Courcy), Captain in the Royal Navy, deceased, who was heir presumptive to the said barony; but that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the brother and sister of the said John-Stapleton Baron Kingsale cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their father, Michael de Courcy, had survived his brother, Thomas Baron Kingsale, and succeeded to the said title and dignity; His Majesty has been graciously pleased to or, ain and declare, that William Almericus de Courcy, of Salcombe, in the county of Devon, Esq. and Catharine Savery de Lisle, wife of Francis Bernard Beamish, of the city of Cork, Esq. the brother and sister of John-Stapleton, now Baron Kingsale, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence as if their late father, Michael de Courcy, had succeeded to the title and dignity of Baron Kingsale:

And His Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said croyal order and declaration

be registered in His College of Arms.

Crown-Office, February 3, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Renfrew.

Feorge Houstoun the younger, of Johnstone, Esq. in the room of Sir Michael Shaw Stewart, Bart. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 7, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, February 6, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 1st of March next, at two o'clock, and on every succeeding Wednesday till further orders.

The 1st of March being a Collar-day, the Knights of the several Orders, who attend His Majesty's Levee, are to wear their Collars.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE KING'S LEVEES, AT ST. JAMES'S-PALACE.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen who propose to attend His Majesty's Levees at St. James's-Palace, are requested to bring with them two cards with N 2

their names thereon written, one to be left with the King's Page in attendance in the Presence-Chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, who will announce the name to His Majesty. And those Gentlemen who are to be presented are hereby informed, it is absolutely necessary that their names, with the name of the Gentleman who is to present them (not the Lord in Waiting), should be sent to the Lord Chamberlain's-Office, before twelve o'clock on the Monday previous to the Levee on the 1st of March, and on the Monday previous to each succeeding Levee, in order that they may be submitted for the King's approbation; it being His Majesty's command, that no presentation shall hereafter be made at the Levees, but in conformity with the above regulations; and further, that no person shall be admitted, on any pretence whatever, who has not been so presented.

It is particularly requested, that Gentlemer who are to be presented at the Levees will have their names distinctly written upon the card to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, in order that there may be no mistake in announcing them

to the King.

The state apartments will not be open for the reception of company coming to Court, until half past one c'clock.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, February 7, 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that it is the Queen's intention to hold Drawing-Rooms on the following days, viz.

Thursday, April 13.

Thursday, April 27, being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birthday.

Thursday, May 18.

Monday, May 29, being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birthday.

Thursday, June 15.

Thursday, June 22.

Downing-Street, February 6, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Macdougall Brisbane, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order, in the room of General the Earl of Rosslyn, deceased.

His Majesty has further been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir John Wilson, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Commander of the said Order, in the room of Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas M. Brisbane.

Duchy of Lancaster, Feb y 4, 1837.

The King has been this da Shaw-hill, Esq. pleased to appoint Thomas Bright Crosse, oine of Lancaster to be Sheriff of the county pa for the year ensuing.

The Master of the Horse's 7. February 4, !

ly pleased to appoint The King has been gracio owell to be a Page Master James Charles Mura Iis Majesty, vice the of Honour in Ordinary to promoted. Honourable A. E. P. Grav

Office of the Master the Horse to the Queen, Queen's-Mews, "Mon, January 20, 1837.

The Queen has hen graciously pleased to appoint J. G. T. Sinclair, Fsq. to be one of Her Majesty's Pages of Honour vice the Honourable H. Forester.

Crown. Office, February 7, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present EARLIAMENT.

Boroa igh of Evesham.

George Rushont Bow les, Esq. in the room of Sir Charles Coekerell Bor t. deceased. Charles Coekerell, Bar

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 10, 1837.

Foreign-Office, February 8, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dated the 21st of January last, has been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from William Smith, Esq. His Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, transmitting a notice from the Department of Marine, of which the following is a translation:

(Translation).

Office of Marine and Ultramarine Affairs.

THE Queen orders it to be communicated to the President of the Tribunal of Commerce, that, at the Tower of St. Lourenço, commonly called the Bugio, situated at the entrance of the Tagus, in latitude 38° 39′ 20″ north, and longitude, from the citadel of Lisbon, 0° 9′ 57″, a light-house, with a revolving light, eclipsed every three minutes, has been established.

Pulace of Necessidades, 15th December 1836.

(Signed)

Antonio Manoel Lopes Vieira de Castro.

Whitehall, February 10, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to ordain and deelare, that William John-Pym Gore, Esq. a Captain in the 71st Regiment of Foot, Annesley Henry Gore, Clerk, Reetor of Ringrove, in the county of Cork, Robert Gore, a Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, and Charles-Alexander Gore, Esq. Private Secretary to Lord John Russell, brothers of the Right Honourable Philip-Yorke Earl of Arran, of that part of the United Kingdom ealled Ireland, and Mary-Catharine, the wife of George-Hayward Lindsay, of Balcarras, Esq. Elizabeth-Anne Gore, and Emily-Jane Gore, sisters of the said Earl, may henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence which would have been due to them respectively if their late father, Colonel the Honourable William-John Gore, had survived his elder brother, the Right Honourable Arthur-Saunders, late Earl of Arran, and had thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Earl of Arran:

And His Majesty has also been pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration

be registered in His College of Arms.

Whitehall, February 8, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to ordain and deelare, that Maria-Catharine, the wife of George-Francis Barlow, of Bryanston-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. Dame Charlotte Goodrieke, widow and relict of Sir Henry Goodrieke, late of Ribston, in the county of York, Bart. and Emily-Grace, the wife of Charles Grantham, of Ketton, in the county of Rutland, Esq. sisters of the Right Honourable William-Charles, late Viscount

and Baron Clermont, of that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, may henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence which would have been due to them respectively if their late father, the Right Honourable James Fortescue, had survived his elder brother, William-Henry Earl of Clermont, Viscount and Baron Clermont, and had thereby succeeded to the titles and dignities of Viscount and Baron Clermont, under the special limitations in the letters patent conferring the said last-mentioned honours:

And His Majesty has also been pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration

be registered in His College of Arms.

Whitehall, February 9, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland to John Cuninghame, Esq. in the room of David Robertson Williamson Ewart, Esq. deceased.

The King has also been pleased to grant the office of Solicitor-General for Scotland to Andrew Rutherfurd, Esq. Advocate, in the room of John Cuninghame, Esq. appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland.

War-Office, 10th February 1837.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.

Major-General Sir George Scovell, K. C. B. to be Governor, vice General the Honourable Sir Edward Paget, G. C. B. appointed to Chelsea Hospital. Dated 3d February 1837.

Colonel Thomas William Taylor, upon half-pay of the late Riding Establishment, to be Lieutenant-Governor, vice Sir George Scovell. Dated 3d February 1837.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 14, 1837.

Foreign-Office, February 10, 1837.

THE King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint James Kennedy, Esq. Barrister at Law, in the room of William Sharp MacLeay, Esq. retired, to be His Majesty's Judge in the Mixed British and Spanish Court of Justice, established at the Havana, under the Treaty concluded on the 28th of June 1835, between Great Britain and Spain for the abolition of the slave trade, and in pursuance of the Act of Parliament for carrying the said treaty into effect.

Crown-Office, February 10, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Morpeth.

Granville George Leveson Gower (commonly called Lord Leveson), in the room of the Honourable Edward George Granville Howard, who has accepted the office of Steward of the Manor of East Hendred.

Whitehall, February 11, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Macalister, Preacher of the Gospel to the church and parish of Nigg, in the presbytery of Tain and county of Ross, vacant by the death of Mr. Lewis Rose.

The King has also been pleased to present the Reverend Henry Beatson, Preacher of the Gospel to the church at Steinscholl, in the parish of Kilmuir, in the presbytery and isle of Skye, vacant by the death of Mr. John Nicolson.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 17, 1837.

Downing-Street, February 17, 1837.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Commodore Lord John Hay to be a Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

Whitehall, February 15, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Robert Ferguson, of Raith, in the county of Fife, Esq. to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the said county of Fife, in the room of James Earl of Rosslyn, deceased.

Martis, 14º die Februarii 1837.

Whereas at the last election for the county of Longford, Luke White, Esq. was returned a Member to serve in Parliament for the said county;

And whereas two petitions severally complaining of an undue election and return for the said county have been presented to the House of Commons, and which said petitions were appointed to be taken into consideration by the said House upon Tuesday the 28th day of February instant, at three of the clock in the afternoon; And

And whereas also the said Luke White, Esq. hath this day informed the said House, by a declararation in writing, subscribed by him, and delivered in at the table of the said House, that it is not his intention to defend his said election or return; and, in consequence thereof, the consideration of the said petitions hath been deferred until Tuesday the 11th day of April next, at three of the clock in the afternoon;

I do, therefore, give this notice thereof, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the trial of controverted elections" or returns of Members to serve in Parliament."

Given under my hand this 14th day of February 1837.

J. ABERCROMBY, Speaker.

Crown-Office, February 17, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of Cashell.

Stephen Woulfe, Esq.

Crown-Office, February 17, 1837.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Lent Assizes, 1837, viz.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal, Knt. Lord Chief Justice.

The Right Honourable Sir John Vaughan, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas.

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, March I, at Hertford. Essex, Monday, March 6, at Chelmsford. Kent, Monday, March 13, at Maidstone. Sussex, Monday, March 20, at Lewes. Surrey, Monday, March 27, at Kingston-upon-Thames.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

'The Right Honourable James Lord Abinger, Lord Chief Baron.

Mr. Justice Littledale.

Northamptonshire, Monday, February 27, at Northampton.

Rutlandshire, Friday, March 3, at Oakham.

Lincolnshire, Saturday, March 4, at the Castle of Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Nottinghamshire, Friday, March 10, at Notting-

Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Derbyshire, Tuesday, March 14, at Derby.

Leicestershire, Saturday, March 18, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

City

City of Coventry, Wednesday, March 22, at the City of Coventry.

Warwickshire, Thursday, March 23, at Warwick.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir James Parke, one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer. Mr. Baron Bolland.

Berkshire, Thursday, February 27, at Reading.
Oxfordshire, Monday, February 27, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Saturday, March 4, at Worcester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.

Staffordshire, Friday, March 10, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Saturday, March 18, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, 'Thursday, March 23, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Monday, March 27, at Monmouth.

Gloucestershire, Thursday, March 30, at Gloucester.

City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron Alderson. Mr. Justice Patteson.

Westmorland, Saturday, February 18, at Appleby. Cumberland, Tuesday, February 21, at Carlisle. Northumberland, Friday, February 24, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

upon-Tyne.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Durham, Tuesday, February 28, at Durham.

Yorkshire, Saturday, March 4, at the Castle of York.

City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of York.

North

North Lancashire, Tuesday, March 21, at Lancaster.

South Lancashire, Saturday, March 25, at Liverpool.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron Gurney. Mr. Justice Williams.

Southampton, Saturday, February 25, at the Castle of Winchester.

Wiltshire, Saturday, March 4, at New Sarum. Dorsetshire, Friday, March 10, at Dorchester.

Devonshire, Thursday, March 16, at the Castle of Exeter.

City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Exeter.

Cornwall, Friday, March 24, at Launceston.

Somersetshire, Saturday, April 1, at the Castle of Taunton.

NORTH WALES and CHESTER CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir John Bernard Bosanquet, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas.

Mr. Justice Coleridge.

Montgomeryshire, Tuesday, March 7, at Welch-

Merionethshire, Saturday, March 11, at Bala. Carnarvonshire, Wednesday, March 15, at Carnarvon.

Anglesey, Saturday, March 18, at Beaumaris. Denbighshire, Wednesday, March 22, at Ruthin. Flintshire, Saturday, March 25, at Mold. Cheshire, Wednesday, March 29, at Chester.

SOUTH WALES CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir John Bernard Bosanquet, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas.

Mr. Justice Coleridge.

Glamorganshire, Saturday, February 25, at Swansea. Pembrokeshire, Saturday, March 4, at Haverfordwest.

Town of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.

Cardiganshire, Thursday, March 9, at Cardigan Carmarthenshire, Wednesday, March 15, at Carmarthen.

Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.

Brecknockshire, Wednesday, March 22, at Brecon. Radnorshire, Saturday, March 25, at Presteign.

War-Office, 17th February 1837.

GARRISON.

Major-General Charles Murray Lord Greenock to be Governor of Edinburgh Castle, vice Lieutenant-General the Honourable Patrick Stuart. Dated 17th February 1837.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 21, 1837.

Crown-Office, February 21, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Buckingham.

George Simon Harcourt, of Ankerwycke, Esq. in the room of James Backwell Praed, Esq. deceased.

Borough of Dungarvan.

John Power, Esq. in the room of the Right Honourable Michael O'Loghlin, who has accepted the office of one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland.

Crown-Office, February 21, 1837.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Lent Assizes upon the Norfolk Circuit, 1837, before

Mr. Justice Park.

Buckinghamshire, Saturday, March 4, at Aylesbury. Bedfordshire, Thursday, March 9, at Bedford. Huntingdonshire, Tuesday, March 14, at Huntingdon.

Cambridgeshire, Saturday, March 18, at Cambridge. Suffolk, Saturday, March 25, at Bury St. Edmund's. Norfolk, Saturday, April 1, at the Castle of Norwich.

City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Norwich.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 24, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, February 24, 1837.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 26th instant, for His late Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Schwerin, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning on Thursday the 2d of March next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

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The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Sunday the 5th of March next, the Court to go out of mourning.

Whitehall, February 15, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Spanish Brigadier-General John Kinloch His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Order of Saint Ferdinand, of the first class, which the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of her approbation of his services, especially at the battle of Arlaban, on the 16th and 17th of January 1836, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise, the assumption of any stile, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said concession and declaration, together with the relative documents, be recorded in His Majesty's College of Arms.

Crown-Office, February 24, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Carlow.

Nicholas Aylward Vigors, Esq. D. C. L. of Old Leighlin, in the said county of Carlow, in the room of Thomas Kavanagh, Esq. deceased.

Borough of Stafford.

Robert Farrand, of Hale hall, in the county of Norfolk, Esq. in the room of Sir Francis Holyoake Goodricke, Bart. who has accepted the Chiltern. Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 28, 1837.

Westminster, February 24, 1837.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither,

the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to suspend, for a limited time, the operation of two Acts, passed in the last session of Parliament, for registering births, deaths, and marriages in England, and for marriages in England.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the seventh year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and amending the laws relating to the presentment of

public money by grand juries in Ireland.

Downing-Street, February 24, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Admiral Sir Lawrence William Halsted, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order, in the room of Lord De Saumarez, deceased.

Downing-Street, February 28, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Vice-Admiral Ross Donnelly to be a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, in the room of Admiral Sir Lawrence William Halsted.

His Majesty has further been pleased to appoint Rear-Admiral Francis William Austen, and Rear-Admiral George Mundy, Companions of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be Knights Commanders of the said Order.

Crown-Office, February 28, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Anglesey.

William Owen Stanley, of Pcurhos, in the said county of Anglesey, Esq. in the room of Sir Richard Bulkeley Williams Bulkeley, Bart. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Whitehall, February 21, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Lieutenant Charles Shaw, His Royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Spanish Order of Saint Ferdinand, of the third class. and the insignia of a Knight Commander of the Portuguese Order of the Tower and Sword, which their Majesties the Queen Regent of Spain and the Queen of Portugal have been respectively pleased to confer upon that Officer, in approbation of his conduct in the action of Ayeta, on the 5th of May 1836, while in Her Catholic Majesty's actual service; and also for his conduct in many actions, and especially that of the 25th of July 1833, while in Her Most Faithful Majesty's actual service, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth hot authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto as Knight Bachelor of these realms.

And also to command that the said Royal concession and declaration, together with the relative documents, be recorded in His Majesty's College of Arms.

PROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 3, : 1837.

By the KING. A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the sixth year of Our reign, intituled "An Act to provide of for the regulation of municipal corporations in "England and Wales" it is, among other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders in any town or borough in England and Wales shall petition Us to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for Us by any such charter (if we shall think fit by advice of Our Privy Council to grant the same) to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough within the district to be set forth in such charter, the powers and provisions in the said Act contained: provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the 'time when it shall please Us to order that the same be taken into consideration by Our Privy Council, shall be published, by Royal Proclamation in the London Gazette, one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the town of Margate, in the parish of St. John, in the isle of Thanet, have presented to Us a petition, setting forth, amongst other things, that the population of the said town and parish now exceeds eleven thousand, and praying that We would, by and with the advice of our Privy Council, take the said petition into Our gracious and early consideration, and fulfil the desire of the petitioners, by granting unto them a charter of incorporation:

Now, therefore, We, having considered the said petition, do hereby give notice, that Our Privy Council will take the same into consideration on Monday the third day of April next ensuing the date

hereof.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this first day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at St. James's, the 1st day of March 1837,

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Lucius Viscount Falkland was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

This day the Count de Ludolf, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies; and the Baron 1837. de Cetto, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, had audiences of His Majesty to deliver letters from their respective

Sovereigns:

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General Robert Barton, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General Thomas Hawker, late of the 13th Light Dragoons, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Edward Chetham, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Thomas Mansell, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, and Knight of the Royal Swedish Military Order of the Sword.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Woodbine Parish, Esq. Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, and late His Majesty's Consul General Plenipotentiary and Chargé d'Affaires at Buenos Avres.

Whitehall, February 28, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Robert Inglis to the church and parish of Lochlee, in the presbytery of Brechin and county of Forfar, vacant by the death of Mr. David Inglis.

The King has also been pleased to present the Reverend Adam White, M. A. to the church and parish of North Ronaldshay, in the presbytery of North Isles and county of Orkney, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Patrick Fairbairn to a church in Glasgow.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 7, 1837.

At the Court at St. James's, the 1st day of March 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An "Act to settle and determine the division of counties, and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to

each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Hertford, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace for the said county, holden on the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the county of Hertford, is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the towns of Watford Berkhampstead, St. Peter Hitchin, and St. Albans may be polling places for the said

county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said places mentioned in the said petition, namely, the towns of Watford, Berkhampstead, St. Peter Hitchin, and St. Albans shall be polling places for the said county of Hertford; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 1st day of March 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the " taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division, in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division, is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act to settle and determine the divisions " of counties, and the limits of cities and boroughs, " in England and Wales, in so far as respects the " election of members to serve in Parliament." shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act. divide such county, riding, parts, or division, into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place :

And whereas the justices of the peace assembled

at the general quarter sessions of the peace for the city of Carlisle, holden at the city of Car-lisle, in and for the county of Cumberland, on the third day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Cumberland, is insufficient, and therefore praying that Kerkoswald, Dalston, Hesket in the Forest, and Longtown may be polling places for the said eastern division of the said county:

eastern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Kirkoswald, Dalston, Hesket in the Forest, and Longtown shall be polling places for the said eastern division of the said county of Cumberland; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said eastern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bothurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 1st day of March 1837.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the divisions of counties. " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the

county

county of Surrey, in general quarter sessions of the peace assembled, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Surrey, is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Wandsworth, Kennington-common, in the parish of Saint Mary, Lambeth, and Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, may be polling places for the said eastern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Wandsworth, Kennington-common, in the parish of Saint Mary, Lambeth, and Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, shall be polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Surrey; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said eastern division of the said county of Surrey into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

St. James's Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Thomas Coltman, Esq. one of the Justices of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Adam Drummond, Esq. Vice-Admiral of the Blue, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General Augustus De Butts, of the Royal Engineers, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Whitehall, March 4, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Colonel De Lacy Evans, Lieutenant-General in the service of Her Catholic Majesty, and one of the Representatives in Parliament for the city of Westminster, His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the grand cross, together with the crosses of the third and fifth classes, of the Spanish Order of St. Ferdinand, which the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of Her Majesty's approbation of his

services at the battle of Arlaban, on the 16th and 17th of January 1836, and before St. Sebastian, on the 5th of May following; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, March 4, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Captain Charles Kinnaird Johnstone, of the East India Company's maritime service, His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Royal Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, of the second class, which the Shah of Persia has been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of his approbation of the valuable services rendered by that Officer while in the actual employ of the Shah; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 10, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, March 8, 1837.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General Alexander Halkett, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, March 8, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-Colonel Henry George MacLeod, Lieutenant-Governor of the island of St. Christopher.

Whitehall, March 10, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that George-Henry Cavendish, Esq. Knight of the Shire for the northern division of the county of Derby; Richard Cavendish, Esq.; and Fanny Cavendish, the younger sons and the only daughter of the late William Cavendish, Esq. (who was, in his lifetime and at the time of his death, the eldest son and heir apparent of George-Augustus-Henry late Earl of Burlington), and brothers and sister of William now Earl of Burlington, shall hence-

henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their father had survived his father, the said George-Augustus-Henry Earl of Burlington, and had succeeded to the said title and dignity of Earl of Burlington:

And to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in His Majesty's College

of Arms.

Downing-Street, March 10, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint the under-mentioned Officers,

Lieutenant-General Sir John Doveton, and Major-General Sir John W. Adams,

of the East India Company's Service, Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be Knights Grand Crosses of the said Order.

His Majesty has further been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned Officers.

Major-General James Lillyman Caldwell,

Major-General Alexander Caldwell,

Major-General David Leighton,

Major-General Charles Deacon,

Major-General James Russell,

Major-General Sir Joseph O'Halloran, Knt.

Major-General Robert Houstoun,

Major-General Robert Stevenson,

Major-General William Casement,

Major-General James Law Lushington.

of the East India Company's Service, Companions of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be Knights Commanders of the said Order.

Foreign-Office, March 10, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Henry Robert Plaw, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Dantzig, and for the ports and places in the dominions of His Majesty the King of Prussia.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint Joseph Egan, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at the Cape Verde Islands, to reside at St. Jago.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 14, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 13, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Friday next the 17th of March being a Collar-day, the Knights of the several Orders, who attend the Chapter of the Garter and other ceremonies at St. James's-Palace on that day, are to wear their Collars.

At the Court at St. James's, the 1st day of March 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the tak-"ing the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or divisions in England or Walcs, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act "to settle and determine the divisions of counties " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England "and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to scree in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county

county of Salop, assembled in general quarter sessions of the peace at the town of Shrewsbury, in the said county, on the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the several towns of Ellesmere, Newport, Market Drayton, and Wem, may be additional polling places for the said northern

division of the said county: Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Ellesmere, Newport, Market Drayton, and Wem, shall be additional polling places for the northern division of the said county of Salop; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said northern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 1st day of March 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament", shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the 1837.

county of Salop, assembled in general quarter sessions of the peace at the town of Shrewsbury, in the said county, on the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of Shropshire is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the market town of Cleobury Mortimer and the village of Pontesbury may be polling places for the southern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, the market town of Cleobury Mortimer and the village of Pontesbury, shall be polling places for the southern division of the said county; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Kensington-Palace, March 13, 1837.

The Duke of Sussex has been pleased to appoint Harrison Gordon Codd, Esq. one of His Majesty's Deputy Lieutenants for Middlesex, and in the Commission of the Peace for that county, to be one of the Equerries to His Royal Highness.

Foreign-Office, March 14, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint John Rice Crowe, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul for the province of Finmarken in Norway, to reside at Hamerfest.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint Henry Sarell Ongley, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul in the island of Candia.

Whitehall, March 13, 1837.

The King has been pleased to order a congéd'clire to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Salisbury, empowering them to elect a Bishop of that See, now void by the death of Doctor Thomas Burgess, late Bishop thereof; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter, the Reverend Edward Denison, Clerk, M. A. to be by them elected Bishop of the said See.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, March 11, 1837.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed John Milner, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said John Milner was sworn in on the 11th instant, before Lord Denman, His Majesty's Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 21, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 20, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will not hold a Levee next week.

His Majesty's Levee will take place on Wednesday the 5th of April next, at two o'clock, and the future Levees on the succeeding Wednesdays until further orders.

At the Court at St. James's, March 17, 1837.

A CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Companions, in their mantles and collars, assembled in the Entrée-room, viz.: the Marquess Camden, the Duke of Rutland, the Duke of Wellington, the Dukè of Dorset, the Marquess of Exeter, the Duke of Richmond, Earl Grey, the Duke of Norfolk, the Duke of Grafton, the Duke of Buccleuch, and the Marquess of Lansdowne, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, viz. the Lord Bishop of Winchester, Prelate of the Order; the Lord Bishop of Oxford, Chancellor of the Order: the Honourable and Reverend the Dean of Windsor, Register of the Order; Sir William Woods, Knt. (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy to Sir Ralph Bigland, Knt. Garter Principal King of Arms; and Sir Augustus-William-James Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

At two o'clock, the Knights Companions were called over by Deputy Garter, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign, in the Royal Closet; the Chancellor of the Order going no further than the door,

his Lordship not having been sworn.

The Sovereign, being seated in the chair of state the Knights Companions, by His Majesty's command, took their respective seats at the table, the Prelate standing on the right hand of His Majesty, the Register, Deputy Garter, and Black Rod

at the bottom of the table.

The Register then announced to the Sovereign, that the Honourable and Right Reverend Dr. Richard Bagot, Lord Bishop of Oxford, attended at the door, and humbly prayed to be admitted to take the oath of office as Chancellor of this Most Noble Order. By his Majesty's command, the Chancellor,

in his mantle over his episcopal habit, was then introduced between Deputy Garter and Black Red (Deputy Garter carrying, on a crimson velvet cushion, the purse, gold chain, and badge): the Lord Bishop knceling on the left hand of the Sovereign, the oath was administered to him by the Register. His Lordship was then invested by the Sovereign with the gold chain and badge, and, having received from His Majesty the purse, had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and withdrew to his place on the left hand of His Majesty.

The Chancellor then signified to the Chapter, the Sovereign's royal will and pleasure, that the vacant stall in the Royal Chapel of St. George at Windsor be filled; and as by the statutes none but a Knight can be elected, the Earl of Carlisle was introduced by Deputy Garter and Black Rod, and knighted by His Majesty with the sword of state, after which his Lordship, having kissed the Sovereign's

hand, retired.

The Knights Companions then proceeded to the election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Chancellor, were by his Lordship presented to the Sovereign, who was pleased to command him to declare, and he accordingly declared, that the Right Honourable George Earl of Carlisle had been duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

Then, by the Sovereign's command, the Earl of Carlisle was received at the door of the Chapter-from by the Duke of Buccleuch and the Marquess of Lansdowne, the two junior Knights Companions present, and conducted between them to His Majesty, preceded by Deputy Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson velvet cushion) and by Black Rod. The Earl of Carlisle, kneeling near the right hand of the Sovereign, and Deputy Garter presenting on his knee the Garter, His Majesty, assisted by the Marquess Camden and the Duke of

Rut-

Rutland, the two senior Knights Companions present, buckled it on his Lordship's left leg, the Chancellor

pronouncing the usual admonition.

Deputy Garter next presented, in like manner, the ribband with the George, and His Majesty, with the assistance of the aforesaid two Knights Companions, put the same over the Earl of Carlisle's left shoulder, the Chancellor pronouncing the admonition; after which the Earl had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions.

The Chapter being ended, the Knights Companions were, by command of the Sovereign, again called over by Deputy Garter, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the royal presence, with

the usual reverences.

At the Court at St. James's, March 17, 1837.

The King, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, hath been pleased, by letters patent under His royal sign manual and the great seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation, and to grant unto the Right Honourable George Earl of Carlisle, Knight elect of the said Most Noble Order of the Garter, and duly invested with the ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the said Most Noble Order of the Garter, as if his Lordship had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

At the Court at St. James's-Palace, March 17, 1837.

CEREMONIAL of the Investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled at St. James's-Palace, viz. his Grace the Duke of Wellington, the Lord Viscount Strangford, Lord Viscount Beresford, Lord Hill, Lord Cowley, the Honourable Sir Edward Paget, Lord William Henry Cavendish-Bentinck, the Right Honourable Sir George Murray, Sir William Henry Clinton, the Honourable Sir Charles Colville, the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt, Sir George-Townsend Walker, Bart., the Right Honourable Sir George Cockburn, the Right Honourable Sir Charles Bagot, Sir George Martin, Sir Harry Neale, Bart., the Right Honourable Sir Robert Gordon, Sir James Hawkins-Whitshed, Bart., Sir William Houstoun, Bart., Sir Edward Barnes, Lord Strafford, the Right Honourable Sir Robert Adair, the Honourable Sir William Lumley, Sir James-Willoughby Gordon, Bart., Sir Thomas-Masterman Hardy, Bart. Sir Pulteney Malcolm, Sir George Anson, Sir Thomas Dallas, Lord Viscount Canter-bury, Sir Herbert Taylor, the Earl of Minto, Sir John Wells, Sir William-Henry Pringle, and Sir Graham Moore, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; Captain Michael Seymour, R.N. Register and Secretary; and George Frederick Beltz, Esq. (Lancaster Herald), Gentleman Usher of the Order.

At three o'clock, the Knights Grand Crosses were called over by Bath King of Arms, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence

sence of the Sovereign in the Throne-room, with the usual reverences.

Then, by His Majcsty's command, Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable Lord Aylıncı was introduced into the Royal presence, between the two junior Knights Grand Crosses present, preceded by Bath King of Arms, bearing the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross upon a crimson velvet cushion, and

by the Gentleman Usher of the Order.

The Duke of Wellington, having thereupon received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented them to the Sovereign, and Lord Aylmer, kneeling, His Majesty was graciously pleased to put the same over the Lieutenant General's right shoulder; His Lordship, rising, had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and, having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Grand Cross, retired.

Admiral Sir Lawrence-William Halsted was then introduced, and invested by His Majesty, with the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross, with the like

ceremonies.

The Knights Grand Crosses having been thus invested, Rear Admiral Sir James-Alexander Gordon, and Major-Generals Sir Charles Broke-Vere, Sir Alexander Dickson, Sir George Scovell (who was knighted by His Majesty with the Sword of State), and Sir William Maynard Gomm, Knights Commanders of the Order, were, by command of the Sovereign, severally introduced into the Royal presence, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion the star appropriated to the second class of the Order, and were respectively invested by His Majesty with the same.

Then, by command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir William Thornton was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by 1837.

the Officer of Arms, bearing, upon a erimson velvet cushion, the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order; and the sword of state having been delivered to the Sovereign by His Grace the Duke of Wellington (the senior Knight Grand Cross present), the Major-General, kneeling, was knighted therewith; after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand. The Officer of Arms, on his knee, then presented to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, with which the King was graciously pleased to invest Sir William Thornton. The Major-General, having received from the Sovereign the star of a Knight Commander, had again the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand, and with the usual reverences retired.

The following Officers were then severally introduced, in a similar manner, by the Officer of Arms, and were knighted and invested by the Sovereign with the same ceremonies, viz.

Vice-Admiral Sir Ross Donnelly.
Rear-Admiral Sir Francis-William Austen.
Rear-Admiral Sir George Mundy.
Major-General Sir Alexander Caldwell.
Major-General Sir Charles Deacon.

Major-General Sir Joseph O'Halloran (who was not knighted on this occasion, having previously had that honour conferred upon him by His Majesty), and Major-General Sir James Law Lushington.

The Knights Grand Crosses were then, by His Majesty's command, again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the accustomed reverences.

Westminster, March 18, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, aequainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Aets, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for transferring to the Commissioners of the Admiralty all contracts, bonds, and other securities entered into with the Postmaster-General in relation to the packet service.

An Act to continue, until the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, the powers of the Commissioners for enquiring concern-

ing charities in England and Wales.

An Act for amending an Act of His late Majesty, for restricting the punishment of leasing, making

sedition and blasphemy in Scotland.

An Act to enable the Corporation of Leicester to apply the proceeds of their real estates in payment of money borrowed for the purchase and enlargement of the gaol and house of correction for the borough of Leicester.

An Act for maintaining the causeway and turnpike road from Grigg's-quay, in the parish of Uny Lelant, over Hayle River and Sands, and through

T 2 Hayle

Hayle Foundery, in the county of Cornwall; and for extending the said turnpike road from the western end of the said eauseway towards Penzance.

And seven private Acts.

Sabbati, 18° die Martii 1837.

Whereas at the last election for the county of Carlow, Nicholas Aylward Vigors, Esq. was returned a Member to serve in Parliament for the said

county;

And whereas two petitions, severally complaining of an unduc election and return for the said county, have been presented to the House of Commons, and which said petitions were appointed to be taken into consideration by the said House upon Tuesday the 18th day of April next, at three of the clock in the

afternoon;

And whereas the said Nieholas Aylward Vigors, Esq. hath this day informed the said House by a declaration in writing subscribed by him, and delivered in at the table of the said House, that it is not his intention to defend his said election or return; and in consequence thereof, the consideration of the said petitions hath been deferred until Tuesday the 25th day of April next, at three of the eloek in the afternoon;

Now I do hereby give this notice thereof, in pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the 9th Geo. IV. intituled "An Act to consolidate and "amend the laws relating to the trial of contro-" verted elections or returns of Members to serve

" in Parliament."

Given under my hand this 18th day of March 1837, J. ABERCROMBY, Speaker. Downing-Street, March 19, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir John Harvey, K.C.H. to be Lieutcnant-Governor of New Brunswick and its dependencies.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Charles Augustus FitzRoy, Esq. to be Lieutenant-Governor of Prince Edward Island, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, March 11, 1837.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Thomas Sudworth, of Blacon Point, in the county of Chester, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said Thomas Sudworth was sworn in on the 11th instant, before Lord Denman, His Majesty's Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, according to the provisions of the said Act.

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 24, 1837.

Westminster, March 24, 1837.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read: and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to apply the sum of two millions to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and

thirty-seven.

An Act to amend and enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the first and second years of His present Majesty, for erecting a county hall and courts of justice, and also for providing accommodation for His Majesty's Justices of Assize, in and for the county of Worcester.

An

An Act for lighting with gas the town of Runcorn, otherwise called Higher Runcorn, and Lower Runcorn, and also the township or chapelry of Halton, both in the parish of Runcorn, in the county of Chester.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road along the south side of the River Dee, in the

county of Kincardine.

An Act for repairing, maintaining, and improving the road from the town of Rochdale to near Handbridge, near the town of Burnley, and other roads communicating therewith, and for making and maintaining other roads also to communicate therewith, all in the county palatine of Lancaster.

And two private Acts.

Whitehall, March 23, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Adam Cairns to the charge and office of First Minister of the church and parish of Cupar, in the presbytery of Cupar and shire of Fife, vacant by the death of the Reverend Doctor Lawrance Adamson.

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 22, 1837.

Foreign-Office, March 28, 1837.

THE King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint the Honourable George Edgeumbe, now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Florence, to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the Confederated States of the Swiss Cantons.

The King has also been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Charles Foley Wilmot, Esq now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the Confederated States of the Swiss Cantons, to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Florence.

Downing-Street, March 27, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Doherty to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of the Colony of Sierra Leone and its dependencies.

Whitehall, March 27, 1837.

The King has been pleased to graint unto the Reverend Thomas Musgrave, M. A. the place and dignity of Dean of the Cathedral Church of Bristol, void by the death of the Reverend Doctor Henry Beeke.

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 31, 1837.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, March 31, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold Drawing-Rooms on the following days:

Thursday, April 13.

Thursday, April 27, being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birthday.

Thursday, May 18.

Monday, May 29, being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birthday.

Thursday, June 15.

Thursday, June 22.

Her Majestv will hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, April 13th.

It is absolutely necessary, that all Ladies intending to be presented should send their names, with that of the Ladies presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or before Tuesday, April 11th, in order that they may be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three cards; one to 1837.

be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself

attends the Drawing-Room.

It is the particular desire of the Queen, that Her Majesty's Court, and all Ladies attending the Drawing-Rooms, should appear in dresses of British manufacture.

Downing-Street, March 28, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Colonel Francis Cockburn to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bahama Islands.

Downing-Street, March 29, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint James Alexander Stewart Mackenzie, Esq. to be Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Ceylon.

Crown-Office, March 31, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Warwick.

William Collins, Esq. in the room of the Honourable Charles John Canning, now Viscount Canning.

Whitehall, March 29, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto John Hay, Esq. (commonly called Lord John Hay), Captain in the Royal Navv and Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, the Commander of the British naval forces on the north coast of Spain, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the grand cross of the royal and distinguished order of Charles the Third, which the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon that officer, in testimony of Her Catholic Majesty's royal approbation of the important services rendered by his Lordship at the siege of Bilboa, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed:

And also to command that the said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Ma-

jesty's College of Arms.

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 4, 1837.

Foreign-Office, April 3, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dated the 17th of March 1837, has been received by the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Henry Canning, Esq. His Majesty's Consul-General and Chargé d'Affaires at Hamburgh, transmitting a law made at Bremen, for the prohibition of the slave-trade, of which the following is a translation:

(Translation.)

ALTHOUGH the slave trade is a traffic which has always been foreign to the trade and navigation of Bremen, yet the wish that our laws should accord in regard to it with those of the great Sea Powers, in order to our becoming a party to their Treaties for the total abolition of the traffic in slaves, has occasioned us to take the subject into-careful consideration, and has caused the following penal law to be agreed upon at a meeting of the Bürger Convent, in Bremen, on the 4th of November last year:

Penal Law against the Traffic in Slaves.

Art. 1. The traffic known under the name of slave trade, which has for object to provide North and South America, or the West Indies, with negro-

negro slaves from the African coast, together with all trades in connection with it, is hereby prohibited in the free State of Bremen and its dependencies, and shall be deemed criminal.

- Art. 2. Whosoever, either as owner, freighter, captain, mate, or supercargo, fits out or sails a vessel for the purpose of the slave trade mentioned in article 1, or who carries on the slave trade, or allows the fitting out or carrying on through any other person, or takes part therein, or assists in the offence as money-lender or treasurer, shall, according to circumstances, whether the vessel be stopped before her departure from the port of outfit, or after her departure, and even before commencing any slave seizures or slave trade; or lastly, after any actual perpetration of slave seizing or slave trading, be condemned to imprisonment in the house of correction from one to fifteen years, and to pay a fine of from two hundred to five thousand rix dollars, and to the loss of his citizenship and all other municipal rights appertaining to him, and of his right to carry the Bremen flag. And further, according to circumstances, the confiscation of the vessel, her furniture, and cargo also may be made.
- Art. 3. Foreigners who in the territory of Bremen, or on board of Bremen vessels, are guilty of the offences described in the foregoing articles, or who make use of the Bremen flag, or who fit out, or cause to be fitted out, on Bremen territory, vessels under foreign flags to carry on the slave trade, shall be punished according to the present law.
- Art. 4. All other acts tending to violate the prohibition contained in article 1, which may not have been named in articles 2 and 3, are equally subject to fine and imprisonment, according to circumstances, and may equally take away the right to carry the Bremen flag.

The

The Senate in promulgating the foregoing law for the observance of every body, places confidence in the inhabitants of Bremen, that they will abstain in future, as they have done hitherto, from any the most distant participation in the dishonourable oftence described in the aforesaid law.

Done at Bremen, in the Assembly of the Senate, on the 15th, and promulgated on the 20th, February 1837.

Windsor-Castle, March 31, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-Colonel William M. G. Colebrooke, of the Royal Artillery, Military Knight Companion of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Governor and Commanderin-Chief of the Leeward Islands.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed the Reverend James Stewart Murray Anderson, Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, in the room of the Reverend John Bathurst Schomberg, deceased.

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 7, 1837.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, April 7, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 13th of April, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlboroughhouse, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the entrée, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other per-

sons having the entrée may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the entrée will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between

the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

At the Court at St. James's, the 5th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Ex Rllent Majesty in Council.

This day the Right Honourable James Alexander Stewart Mackenzie was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

St. James's-Palace, April 5, 1837.

This day M. Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Greece, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter

from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, April 5, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon James Duke, Esq. Sheriff of London and Middlesex.

St. James's-Palace, April 5, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Francis Forbes, Esq. Chief Justice of New South Wales.

Whitehall, April 1, 1837.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Major-General Sir James Douglas, K. C. B. to be Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Guernsey, in the room of Major-General John Ross.

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 11, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 11, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's Levee, intended to be held to-morrow at St. James's-Palace, is postponed till further orders.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, April 11, 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that the Queen's Drawing-Room, intended to be held on Thursday next, is postponed till further orders.

St. James's-Palace, April 11, 1837.

The Chapter of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, appointed to be holden at St. James's. Palace on the 12th instant, and the Investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, appointed to be holden at the Royal Castle at Windsor on Saturday the 15th instant, are postponed till further orders.

Foreign-Office, April 11, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Thomas Wathen Waller, Esq. (now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation in Greece) to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Brussels.

Whitehall, April 8, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend William Norval to the church and parish of Brechin, in the presbytery of Brechin and shire of Angus, vacant by the death of the Reverend James Burns.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 14, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 13, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday next the 19th instant, at two o'clock, and on every succeeding Wednesday till further orders.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, April 14, 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, April the 20th.

It is absolutely necessary, that all Ladies intending to be presented should send their names, with that of the Ladies presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or before Tuesday, April 18th, in order that they may be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three cards; one to be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce

the name to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself

attends the Drawing-Room.

It is the particular desire of the Queen, that Her Majesty's Court, and all Ladies attending the Drawing-Rooms, should appear in dresses of British manufacture.

St. James's-Palace, April 14, 1837.

The King has been pleased to command, that an investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath shall take place, at the Royal Castle of Windsor, on Saturday the 22d instant, at six o'clock in the afternoon, when the Knights Grand Crosses are to attend in their mantles and collars of the Order.

Office of the Master of the Horse to the Queen, Queen's-Mews, London, April 5, 1837.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint J. G. C. Disbrowe, Esq. to be one of Her Majesty's Pages of Honour, vice Charles De Salis, Esq.

Whitehall, April 12, 1837.

The King has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint Macvey Napier, Esq. Writer to the Signet, to be one of the Ordinary Clerks of Session in Scotland, in the room of Adam Rolland, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 18, 1837.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, April 14, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 20th of April, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlboroughhouse, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square.

square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the entrée, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of Gate may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Embassadors and Forcign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons having the entrée may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the entrée by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the entrée will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palac'c, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

A'RGYLL, Lord Steward.

St. James's Palace, April 17, 1837.

The King has been pleased to command, that the Investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, appointed to take place on the 22d instant, shall be postponed to Saturday the 6th day of May next, when the Knights Grand Crosses are required to attend at the Royal Castle of Windsor, at six o'clock in the afternoon, in their mantles and collars of the Order.

Admiralty, April 18, 1837.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to appoint Captain Sir Andrew Pellet Green, Knt. and K. C. H. to be an Extra Naval Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty, vice Captain Sir W. H. Mulcaster, deceased.

Whitehall, April 17, 1837.

The King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to pass the Great Seal of 'the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Norwich' to elect a Bishop of that See, the same being void by the death of Doctor Henry Bathurst, late Bishop thereof; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter, the Reverend Edward Stanley, Master of Arts, to be by them elected Bishop of that See.

Whitehall, April 17, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Captain William Ellis, of the 45th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry, and late a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Spanish service, His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the cross of the second class of the Military Order St. Ferdinand, which the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to conf r upon him, in testimony of Her Catholic Majesty's approbation of his conduct in the action of Ayeta, on the 5th of May 1836; and that he may er joy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in

His Majesty's College of Arms.

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 21, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 20, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that no card can be received at this Office for a presentation to take place at His Majesty's Levee, unless the naval or military rank, or other designation, of the Gentleman to be presented is correctly stated on it, as well as his name, and also of the Gentleman who is to present him.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 20, 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room to be held at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday next the 27th instant, being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day, the Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, April 21, 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, April the 27th.

The Drawing-Room being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day no presentation can take place; but those Ladies who were presented to 1837.

Her Royal Highness the Princess Augusta, on Thursday last, may attend on the 27th as if they

had been presented to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring with them three cards; one to be lett in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

It is the Queen's particular desire, that Her Majesty's Court, and all Ladies attending the Drawing-Rooms, should appear in dresses of

British manufacture.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, April 21, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 27th of April, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlboroughhouse, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the entrée, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages

riages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons having the entrée may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and noperson can be allowed the privilege of the entrée by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the entrée will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL. Lord Steward.

At the Court at St. James's, April 19, 1837.

A CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Companions, in their mantles and collars, assembled in the Entrée-room, viz.: His-Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, the Marquess Camden, the Duke of Rutland, the Duke of Wellington, the Marquess of Anglesey, the Duke of Devonshire, the Duke of Richmond, Earl Grey, the Duke of Norfolk, the Marquess of Lansdowne, and the Earl of Carlisle, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, Y 2 chains, chains, and badges, viz. the Lord Bishop of Winchester, Prelate of the Order; the Honourable and Reverend the Dean of Windsor, Registrar of the Order; Sir William Woods, Kut. (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy to Sir Ralph Bigland, Knt. Garter Principal King of Arms; and Sir Augustus-William-James Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

At two o'clock, the Knights Companions were called over by Deputy Garter, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence

of the Sovereign, in the Royal Closet.

The Sovereign, being scated in the chair of state, the Knights Companions, by His Majesty's command, took their respective seats at the table, the Prelate standing on the right hand of the Sovereign, the Registrar, Deputy Garter, and Black

Rod at the bottom of the table.

The Prelate then signified to the Chapter, the Sovereign's royal will and pleasure, that the vacant stall in the Royal Chapel of St. George at Windsor be filled; and, as by the statutes none but a Knight can be elected, his Grace Edward-Adolphus Duke of Somerset, was introduced by Deputy Garter and Black Rod, and knighted by His Majesty with the sword of state, and his Grace, having kissed the Sovereign's hand, retired.

The Knights Companions then proceeded to the election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Prelate, were by him presented to the Sovereign, who was pleased to command him to declare, and he accordingly declared, that the Most Noble Edward-Adolphus Duke of Somerset had been elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the

Garter.

Then, by the Sovereign's command, the Duke of Somerset was received at the door of the Chapter-room by the Marquess of Lansdowne, and the Earl of

of Carlisle, the two junior Knights Companions present, and was conducted between them to His Majesty, preceded by Deputy Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order on a crimson velvet cushion) and by Black Rod. His Grace, kneeling near the Sovereign, and Deputy Garter presenting on his knee the Garter, His Majesty, assisted by His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, and the Marquess Camden, the two senior Knights Companions present, buckled it on his Grace's left leg, the Prelate pronouncing the usual admonition.

Deputy Garter next presented, in like manner, the ribband with the Gcorge, and His Majesty, with the assistance of the said two scnior Knights Companions, put the same over his Grace's left shoulder, the Prelate pronouncing the admonition; the Duke having again kissed the Sovereign's hand, and received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions, withdrew.

The Chapter being ended, Deputy Garter again called over the Knights Companions, who, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign with the accustomed reverences.

At the Court at St. James's, April 19, 1837.

The King, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, has been pleased, by letters patent under His royal sign manual and the great seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes usually observed in regard to installation, and to give and grant unto the Most Noble Edward-Adolphus Duke of Somerset, Knight elect of the said Most Noble Order of the Garter, and duly invested with the ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belong-

ing

ing to a Knight Companion of the said Most Noble Order of the Garter, as if his Grace had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

At the Court at St. James's, April 19, 1837.

CEREMONIAL of the Investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

This day, by command of His Majesty, Captain Sir Edward Tucker, R. N. Colonel Sir John May, Colonel Sir James Archibald Hope, Colonel Sir Hew-Dalrymple Ross, Colonel Sir Edmund Keynton Williams (who was knighted by His Majesty on this occasion), and Colonel Sir Frederick Stovin, Knights Commanders of the Order, were severally introduced into the presence of the Sovereign, preceded by Sir William Woods (Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion the star appropriated to the second class of the Order, and were respectively invested by His Majesty with the star of a Knight Commander, after which they had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and retired.

Then, by command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir James Russell was conducted, with the usual reverences. to His Majesty, preceded by the Officer of Arms of the Order, bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion the star. ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order. The Major-General, kneeling, His Majesty was graciously pleased to confer upon him the honour of Knighthood, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand. The Officer of Arms, on his knee, then presented to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, with which His Majesty

was graciously pleased to invest Sir James Russell. The Major-General having received from the Sovereign the star of a Knight Commander, had again the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand, and, with the usual reverences, retired.

Whitehall, April 19, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Roger Aytoun, Esq. Writer to the Signet, the offices of Director and Clerk of His Majesty's Chancery in Scotland, vacant by the dcath of James Earl of Rosslyn.

Whitehall, April 20, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Bernard Moone, B. A. to the Rectory of Delamere, in the county and diocese of Chester, void by the death of the Reverend Joseph Brocklebank.

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 25, 1837.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint Henry Earl of Ilchester to be Lord Lieutenant of the county of Somerset, his Lordship this day took the Oath appointed to be taken thereon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

Westminster, April 21, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by wirtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named

named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to amend several Acts relating to the

Royal Mint.

An Act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

An Act for the regulation of His Majesty's Royal

Marine Forces while on shore.

An Act to alter, amend, and continue for a certain period, an Act for repealing certain Acts relating to the removal of poor persons born in Scotland and Ireland, and chargeable to parishes in England, and to make other provisions in lieu thereof.

An Act to extend the powers and provisions of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts, within the borough of Leicester, to several other towns, parishes, and places, in the county of Leicester.

An Act for more easy and speedy recovering small debts, within the parish of Hinckley, and other places therein mentioned, in the counties of Leicester

and Warwick.

An Act for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts, within the town of Loughborough, and other places therein mentioned, in the counties of Leicester and Nottingham.

An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, and improving the town of Whitby, in

the north riding of the county of York.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Bridgewater and Taunton Canal Navigation to continue the line of the canal below the town of Bridgewater, and for varying the powers of the several Acts relating to the said canal.

An Act to enable the Licenced Victuallers and General Fire and Life Assurance Company to sue and be sued in the name of the Chairman, Deputy

1837. Z Chair-

Chairman, or of any one of the Directors, of the said

Company, and for other purposes.

An Act for forming and regulating a company, to be called the Patent Dry Gas Meter Company, and to enable the said Company to purchase certain letters patent.

An Act for making and maintaining certain roads

within the county of Aberdeen.

An Act to enable the Duke of Buccleuch and Queensberry to make and maintain a pier at Granton, in the parish of Cramond, and a road therefrom to join the road leading from Leith to Queensferry, in the county of Edinburgh.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from the turnpike-road between Gateshead and Hexham, near Lobley-hill, in the county of Durham, to Burtryford, in the parish of Stanhope, in the same county, together with several branches therefrom.

An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the roads from Seven Oaks common to Woodsgate, Tunbridge-wells, and Kipping's. cross, and from Tunbridge-wells to Woodsgate, in the county of Kent.

And four private Acts.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 1, 1837.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed Thomas Verner, of Church-hill, county Armagh, Ireland, Esq. one of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Chamber in Ordinary.

Whitehall, April 24, 1837.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven to be His Majesty's High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

Crown-Office, April 25, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Combined Counties of Ross and Cromarty.

Thomas Mackenzie, of Applecross, in the county of Ross, Esq. in the room of James Alexander Stewart Mackenzie, Esq. who has accepted the office of Governor of Ceylon.

Borough of Rochdale.

John Fenton, of Crimble, in the county of Lancaster, Esq. in the room of John Entwisle, Esq. deceased.

> Tithe Commission-Office, London, April 21, 1837.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Charles Howard, of Melbourne, in the county of York, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said Charles Howard was sworn in on the 21st instant, before Sir N. C. Tindal, Knt. His Majesty's Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, according to the provisions of the said Act.

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 28, 1837.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh vear of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An

"Act to settle and determine the division of counties, "and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to

each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Brecknock, in quarter sessions assembled, at the Shire-hall, in the town of Brecknock, in the said county, on Tuesday the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the county of Brecon are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Brecknock, the village of Devynnock, the town of Hay, the town of Talgarth, the town of Crickhowell, and the town of Builth, in the said county of Brecon,

may be polling places for the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said places mentioned in the said petition namely, the town of Brecknock, the village of Devynnock, the town of Hay, the town of Talgarth, the town of Crickhowell, and the town of Builth, in the said county of Brecon, shall be polling places for the said county of Brecon; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Walcs, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace, assembled at

the

the general quarter sessions of the peace held at Truro, in and for the county of Cornwall, on the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the castern division of the county of Cornwall is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Saint Columb Major, within the eastern division of the hundred of Pyder, in the said county, may be a

polling place for the said division: Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, the town of Saint Columb Major, within the said eastern division of the said county of Cornwall, shall be a polling place for the eastern division of the said county; and further, that the said justices of the peace of the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said eastern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Mcmbers to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the

county

at the Town-hall, in Chesterfield, on the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Ilkeston, within the said southern division, may be a polling place for the said southern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, the town of Ilkeston, within the said southern division, shall be a polling place for the said southern division of the said county of Derby; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

-At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, confermably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace, assembled at

the general quarter sessions of the peace held at Mold, in and for the county of Flint, on Thursday the sixth day of April onc thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Holywell shall be a polling place

for the said county of Flint:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, the town of Holywell, in the said county, shall be a polling place for the said county of Flint; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, inquarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An. " Aet to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England, " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the county of Hereford, ford, assembled in quarter sessions, on Monday the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the village of Peterchurch, in the hundred of Webtree, in the said county, shall be a polling place

for the said county of Hereford:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said pctition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, the village of Peterchurch, in the hundred of Webtree, in the said county, shall be a polling place for the said county of Hereford; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intitule 1 "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace acting in

and for the county of Kent, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, holden at Maidstone, in and for the western division of the said county, on Tuesday the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the western division of the said county of Kent is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the city of Rochester, and the towns of Sevenoaks and Tenterden, may be polling places for

the western division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, the city of Rochester, and the towns of Sevenoaks and Tenterden, shall be polling places for the said western division of the said county; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said western division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wale's, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England "and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the

county

county of Leicester, assembled at the quarter sessions of the said county, on Monday the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Castle Donington, situate within the said northern division, may be a polling place for the said northern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, the town of Castle Donington, situate within the said northern division, in the said county of Leicester, shall be a polling place for the said northern division o the said county of Leicester; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said northern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament", shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace of the

county

county of Leicester, assembled at the quarter sessions for the said county, on Monday the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said southern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Market Bosworth and Lutterworth, situate within the said southern division, may be made additional polling places for the said division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Market Bosworth and Lutterworth, situate within the said southern division, shall be polling places for the said southern division of the said county of Leicester; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act for rendering more easy the taking " the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last mentioned A t. divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace, as-

sembled

sembled in quarter sessions, at New Sleaford, in the parts of Kesteven, in the county of Lincoln, on the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places within the parts of Kesteven aforesaid are insufficient, and therefore praying, that certain houses, called the Half-way Houses, situate in the parish of Swinderby, or any place within half a mile thereof, within the said parts of Kesteven, may be polling places for the divisions of Kesteven and Holland, in the said county of Lincoln:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, the said houses, called the Half-way Houses, situate in the parish of Swinderby, or any place within half a mile thereof, within the said parts of Kesteven shall be a polling place for the divisions of Kesteven and Holland, in the said county of Lincoln; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majestv's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said divisions of Kesteven and Holland, in the said county, into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the " taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place of places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act to settle and determine the divisions " of counties, and the limits of cities and boroughs, " in England and Wales, in so far as respects the " election of Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place :

And whereas the justices of the peace for the

county

county of Stafford, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, held in and for the said county, on Wednesday the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majcsty, representing, that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county of Stafford is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the several towns or places of Eccleshall and Stone may be polling places for the northern division of

the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several towns or places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Eccleshall and Stone, shall be polling places for the northern division of the said county; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said northern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Walcs, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the divisions of counties. " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place :

And whereas the justices of the peace of the

county

county of Warwick, assembled at the quarter sessions for the said county, on Tuesday the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Long Compton, situate within the said division, may be made a polling place for the said southern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the said place mentioned in the said petition, namely, Long Compton, situate within the said division, shall be a polling place for the said southern division of the said county of Warwick; and further, that the said justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His present Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

St. James's-Palace, April 26, 1837.

CEREMONIAL of the Investiture of Major-Generals Sir David Leighton and Sir Robert Houstoun, with the Ensigns of Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

By command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir David Leighton was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing, upon a crimson velvet cushion, the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty, the Major-General, kneeling, was knighted therewith; after which he had the honour

to kiss His Majesty's hand.

Then the Officer of Arms, on his knee, presenting to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, the King was pleased to invest Sir David Leighton with the same.

The Major-General having again had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander,

retired.

Major-General Sir Robert Houstoun was then introduced into the Royal presence, and knighted and invested by the Sovereign with the like ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, April 26, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Charles Gordon, of Drimnin, Esq. Secretary to the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland.

Crown-Office, April 28, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Lewes.

The Honourable Henry FitzRoy, of Whittlebury, in the county of Northampton, in the room of Thomas Read Kemp, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Whitehall, April 27, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Thomas Brown to the church and parish of Kinneff, in the presbytery of Fordoun and county of Kincardinc, the same being vacant by the death of Mr. Allan Stewart, late Minister there.

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 2, 1837.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, May 2, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Queen will

hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, May 18th.

It is absolutely necessary, that all Ladies intending to be presented should send their names, with those of the Ladies presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or before Tuesday, 18th of May, in order that they may be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three cards, one to be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will

announce the names to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself

attends the Drawing-Room.

It is the particular desire of the Queen, that Her Majesty's Court, and all Ladies attending the Drawing-Rooms, should appear in dresses of British manufacture; and the Queen is also graciously pleased to command, that all Ladies attending the Drawing-Rooms do appear in Court trains, according to the regulations established by Her Majesty.

At the Court at St. James's, the 26th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh vear of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An-" Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the county of Chester,

assembled at the court of general quarter sessions of the peace, at the Castle of Chester, on Monday the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Malpas might be a polling place for the said

southern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the said town of Malpas shall be a polling place for the southern division of the said county of Chester; and further that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 26th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled. as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county

county of Denbigh, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace at Denbigh, on the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirtyseven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Abergelle may be declared a

polling place for the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the said town of Abergelle shall be a polling place for the said county of Denbigh; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to repeal the " several laws relating to the peformance of quaran-" tine, and to make other provisions in lieu thereof." it is, amongst other things, cnacted, that from and after the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, all vessels, as well His Majesty's ships of war as others, coming from, or having touched at, any place from whence His Majesty, His heirs or sucessors, by and with the advice of His or Their Privy Council, should have adjudged and declared it probable that the plague, or other infectious disease or distemper, highly dangerous to the health of His Majesty's subjects, might be brought, and all vessels and boats receiving any person, goods, wares, and merchandise, packets, packages, baggage, wearing apparel, books, letters, or any other articles whatsoever, from or out of any vessel so coming from, or having touched at, such infected place as aforesaid, whether such persons, goods, wares, and merchandise, packets, packages, baggage, wearing apparel, books, letters, or other articles, should have come or been brought in such vessels, or such persons should have gone, or articles should have been put, on board the same, either before or after the arrival of such ships or vessels at any port or place in the United Kingdom, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, and whether such vessels were or were not bound to any port or place in the United Kingdom, or the islands aforesaid, and all persons goods, wares, and merchandise, 1837. Dd pack-

packets, packages, baggage, wearing apparel, books, letters, or any other articles whatsoever, on board any vessels so coming from, or having touched at, such infected place as aforesaid, or on board of any such receiving vessels or boats as aforesaid, should be, and be considered to be, liable to quarantine within the meaning of the said Act, and of any Order or Orders which should be made by His Majesty, His heirs or successors, by and with the advice of His or Their Privy Council, concerning quarantine and the prevention of infection, from the time of the departure of such vessels from such infected place as aforesaid, or from the time when such persons, goods, wares, merchandise, packets, baggage, wearing apparel, books, letters, or other articles, should have been received on board respectively; and that such vessels and boats as aforesaid, and all persons (as well pilots as others), goods, wares, and merchandises, and other articles as aforesaid, whether coming or brought in such vessels or boats from such infected place as aforesaid, or going or being put on board the same, either before or after the arrival of such vessels or boats at any port or place in the United Kingdom, or the islands aforesaid, and all persons, goods, wares, and merchandises, and other articles as aforesaid, on board such receiving vessel or boat as aforesaid, should, from their arrival at any such port or place, be obliged to perform quarantine in such place or places, for such time, and in such manner, as should, from time to time, be directed by His Majesty, His heirs or successors, by His or Their Order or Orders in Conucil, notified by Proclamation or published in the London Gazette:

And whereas, by an Order in Council, dated the nineteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, and duly published in the London Gazette, after reciting the said Act, His Majesty was pleased to adjudge and declare it probable, that the plague, or some other infectious disease or distemper,

highly

highly dangerous to the health of His Majesty's subjects, may be brought into the United Kingdom, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, by vessels coming from the Mediterranean, or from the West Barbary, or the Atlantic Ocean, with or without clean bills of health; and, by the same Order, His Majesty was pleased to order, that all vessels, as well His Majesty's ships of war as all others (not having the plague or such other infectious disease or distempter as aforesaid actually on board) coming from the Mediterranean, or from the West Barbary, or the Atlantic Ocean, with clean bills of health, and all vessels and boats receiving any person or persons, goods, wares, or merchandise, packets, packages, baggage, wearing apparel, hooks, letters, or any other articles whatever, from or out of any such vessel, before such vessel should have performed, and should be duly discharged from, quarantine, whether such person or persons, goods, wares, or merchandisc, or other articles as aforesaid, should have come or been brought in such vessel, or such person or persons should have gone, or such articles have been put, on board the same, either before or after the arrival of such vessel, and whether such vessel was or was not bound to any port or place in the United Kingdom, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, with all persons (as well pilots as others), goods, wares, and merchandise, and other articles as aforesaid on board thereof, perform such quarntine, for such time, in such manner, and at such places, as are thereinafter directed, that is to say, it is thereby ordered, that all such vessels as should be bound to any port in Ireland should perform quarantine, at the several places in the said Order mentioned in that behalf respsctively:

And whereas, by another Order in Council, dated the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, duly published in the

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London Gazette, His Majesty was pleased to revokeso much of the said former Order in Council as related to the places for performing quarantine by ships: arriving at any port in Ireland; and His Majestv was pleased, by the said Order of the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and twentysix, that all such ships or vessels, liable to quarantiue, as were or should be bound to any port in Ireland, with clean bills of health, and not having on board any of the articles enumerated in the thirty-first section of the said Order in Council of the nineteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and twentyfive, should perform quarantine at one of the following stations, that is to say, Poolbeg in the harbour of Dublin, Warren Point in the harbour of Newry, near Gramovle in the harbour of Belfast, Tarbut in the River Shannon, in the harbour of Limerick, Baltimore Passage, River Suir in the harbour of Waterford, White Gate, Cove of Cork, Green Castle, Lough, Foyle, and Black Rock, Galway Bay:

Now it is hereby ordered by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, that so much of the said last mentioned Order as appoints Poolbeg, in the harbour of Dublin, one of the places at which quarantine may be performed by vessels arriving at any port in Ireland, shall be, and the same is hereby, revoked; and it is further ordered by His Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, that all ships and vessels which, if this Order had not been made, might have performed quarantine at Poolbeg aforesaid, may henceforth perform quarantine at Kingstown, in the bay of Dublin, from and after the fifth

day of July next:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

St. James's-Palace, April 27, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General James Macdonell, commanding the northern district of Ireland, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, First Equerry to Her Majesty, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Whitehall, May 1, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Chichester, a Brigadier in the service of the Queen of Spain, His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the crosses of the first and third classes of the Military Order of St. Ferdinand, which the Queen Regent. of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of Her Majesty's royal approbation of hisconduct in the actions of Arlaban, on the 16th and 17th of January 1836, and of Aveta, on the 5th of May in the same year; and that he may enjoy all: the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majcsty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His royal favour beregistered, together with the relative documents, in:

His Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, May 1, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Christopher Johnson, His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the seeond class of the Royal Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, which the Shah of Persia has been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of his approbation of his services while employed with the Persian army; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in

His Majesty's College of Arms,

Whitehall, May 1, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Lieutenant Thomas Baldock, of the Royal Navy, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the cross of a Knight of the Royal Portuguese Order of the Tower and Sword, which the Queen of Portngal has been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in consideration of the services rendered by him and the great skill he displayed whilst conveying Her Most Faithful Majesty's August Consort, His Royal Highness the Prince Ferdinand of Portugal, to Lisbon, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto belonging; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of

any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto as Knight Bachelor of these realms.

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 2, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, May 3, 1837.

THE King has been pleased to command, that the Investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, appointed to take place on Saturday next the 6th instant, and the Banquet intended to have been given on that occasion, shall be postponed until further orders.

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 5, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, April 26, 1837.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Hopkinson, of the East India Company's Service on the Madras Establishment, and Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

St. James's-Palace, May 3, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Wentworth Loring, Esq. Rear-Admiral of the White, and Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

Cambridge-House, April 27, 1837.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir W. Gomm, K. C. B. to be one of His Royal Highness's Equerries.

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 5, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, May 8, 1837.

DISPATCHES were received at Windsor-Castle, last night, announcing the déath of Her Serene Highness the Duchess Dowager of Saxe Meinengen, Mother of Her Majesty the Queen.

The melancholy event occurred on Sunday the

30th of April.

The Court will go into mourning on Thursday next.

St. James's-Palace, May 8, 1837.

The King has been pleased to command, that the Banquet intended to have been given to the Knights of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, on the 13th instant; the Investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and the Banquet, on the 16th instant; and also the Banquet to the Knights of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, and the Most Illustrious Order of Saint Patrick, on the 20th instant, shall be postponed until further notice.

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LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 9, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 8, 1837.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Wednesday next the 10th instant, for Her late Serene Highness the Duchess Dowager of Saxe Meinengen, Mother of Her Majesty the Queen, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, plain muslin or long lawn, crape or love hoods, black silk shoes, black glazed gloves, and black paper fans.

The Gentlemen to wear black cloth, without buttons on the sleeves or pockets, plain muslin or long lawn cravats and weepers, black swords and buckles.

St. James's-Palace, April 26, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Colonel Ephraim Stannus, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

Westminster, May 5, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to apply the sum of eight millions out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from the town of Lancaster to the town of Preston, in the

county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for making a railway from Sheffield, in the west riding of the county of York, to Manchester,

in the county of Lancaster.

An Act to enable the North Midland Railway Company to alter the line of 'the said railway, and also to make two branches to communicate with the same.

An Act for enabling the Manchester and Leeds Railway Company to vary the line of such railway, and for amending and enlarging the powers and provisions of the Act relating thereto.

An Act for enabling the Liverpool and Manchester Railway Company to raise more money, and for E e 2

amending and enlarging the powers and provisions of the several Acts relating to the said railway.

An Act to enlarge and amend the powers and provisions of an Act relating to the Whitby and Pickering Railway, in the north riding of the county of York.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for making a railway from Birmingham to Gloucester to extend the line of the said railway, and to make branches therefrom to the city of Worcester, and the town of Tewkesbury.

An Act to alter the line of the Preston and Wyre Railway, and to amend the Act relating thereto.

An Act for making and maintaining a dock or docks at Wyre, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for continuing, altering, and amending certain Acts for regulating the police of the city of Edinburgh and the adjoining districts, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for better lighting with gas the town of

Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan.

An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting, and otherwise improving the town of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan.

An Act for better supplying with water the town and borough of Stamford, and places adjacent thereto,

in the counties of Northampton and Lincoln.

An Act for building a bridge over the river Thames from Streatley, in the county of Berks, to the opposite shore, in the parish of Goring, in the county of Oxford, and for making convenient approaches thereto.

An Act for establishing a Company for the purpose of laying out and maintaining an ornamental park, within the townships of Rusholme, Chorlton-upon-Medlock, and Moss-side, in the county of Lancaster.

An Act for improving and maintaining the road from Dryclough, through Shaw, New Hey, and Miln-

Milnrow, to Rochdale, and other roads, in the county of Lancaster.

An Act for more effectually repairing, improving, and maintaining certain roads leading to and from the town of Llanrwst, in the county of Denbigh.

An Act for widening and improving the road from Halifax to Sheffield, in the west riding of the county of York, so far as relates to the third district of the said road, and for diverting the said district of road, and making a new line of road therefrom.

And four private Acts.

Whitehall, May 8, 1837.

The King has been pleased to give and grant unto General the Marquess of Londonderry, G. C. B. His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the medal instituted by the Emperor of Russia, in commemoration of the capture of Paris in the year 1814, which His Imperial Majesty has been pleased to confer upon that Officer.

Whitehall, May 8, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Robert Watson to the church and parish of Carmylie, in the presbytery of Arbroath and county of Forfar, vacant by the death of the Reverend William Robertson.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SUMMER CIRCUITS, 1837.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Tuesday, June 20.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Thursday, June 22.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Saturday,
June 24.

Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Tuesday, June 27.

Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Friday, June 30.

Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Monday, July 3.

Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Tuesday, July 4.

Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Thursday, July 6.

Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen and Borough, Friday, July 7.

Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest and Town, Mon-

day, July 10.
Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Wednesday, July 12.
Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Friday, July 14.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Saturday, July 15.
At the City of Bristol, Tuesday, July 18.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Friday, July 21.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Saturday, July 22.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Tuesday, July 25.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Friday, July 28.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Monday, July 31.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Wednesday, August 2.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Friday, August 4.
At the Town of Southampton, Saturday, August 5.
Hampshire, at Winchester, Monday, August 7.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Tuesday, June 20. Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Wednesday, June 21. Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Friday, June 23. At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Friday, June 30. Yorkshire, at York and City, Monday, July 3. Yorkshire, at Richmond, Thursday, July 6. Durham, at Durham, Friday, July 7. Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Monday, July 10. Cumberland, at Carlisle, Thursday, July 13. Westmorland, at Appleby, Friday, July 14. Westmorland, at Kendal, Saturday, July 15. Lancashire, at Lancaster, Monday, July 17. Lancashire, at Preston, Monday, July 24. Lancashire, at Liverpool, Tuesday, July 25. Cheshire, at Chester and City, Friday, July 28. Flintshire, at Mold, Monday, July 31. Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Tuesday, August 1, Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Thursday, August 3. Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Saturday, August 5. Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Monday, August 7. Montgomeryshire, at Welch Pool, Wednesday,

HOME CIRCUIT.

August 9.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Kent, at Dover, Wednesday, July 12. At the City of Canterbury, Thursday, July 13. Kent, at Maidstone, Friday, July 14. Sussex, at Horsham, Friday, July 28. Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Friday, August 4.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Wednesday, July 19. Essex, at Colchester, Thursday, July 20. Suffolk, at Ipswich, Friday, July 21. Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Monday, July 24. Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Tuesday, July 25. Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, same day. Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Wednesday, July 26. Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Thursday, July 27. Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Saturday, July 29. Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Monday, July 31. Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Wednesday, August 2. Norfolk, at Lynn, Thursday, August 3. Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Saturday, August 5. Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Monday, August 7. Derbyshire, at Derby, Wednesday, August 9. Leicestershire, at Leicester, Friday, August 11. At the City of Lichfield, Saturday, August 12. Staffordshire, at Stafford, Monday, August 14. Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Wednesday, August 16. Shropshire, at Oldbury, Friday, August 18. Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Saturday, August 19. Warwickshire, at Warwick, Monday, August 21. At the City of Coventry, Wednesday, August 23. Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Thursday, August 24.

Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Saturday, August 26.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 12, 1837.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, May 12, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 18th of May, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlboroughhouse, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the entrée, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other per-1837.

sons having the entrée may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Stèward.

At the Court at St. James's, the 10th day, of May 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to indemnify all "persons concerned in advising, issuing, or acting under a certain Order in Council, for regulating the tonnage duties on certain forcign vessels, and to amend an Act of the preceding session of Parliament, for authorising His Majesty, under certain circumstances, to regulate the duties and drawbacks on goods imported or exported in any foreign vessels," His Majesty is authorised, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, or by His

Majesty's Order or Orders in Council, to be published from time to time in the London Gazette (whenever it shall be deemed expedient), to levy and charge any additional or countervailing duty or duties of tonnage upon or in respect of any vessels which shall enter any of the ports in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any of His Majesty's dominions, and which shall belong to any foreign country in which any duties of tonnage shall have been, or shall be, levied upon or in respect of British vessels entering the ports of such country, higher or greater than are levied or granted upon or in respect of the vessels of such country; provided always, that such additional or countervailing tonnage duties, so to be levied and charged as aforesaid, shall not be of greater amount than may be deemed fairly to countervail the difference of duty paid in such foreign country upon or in respect of the tonnage of British vessels, more than the duty there charged or granted upon or in respect of the vessels of such country:

And whereas British vessels, entering the ports of Portugal from the ports of the United Kingdom, are, by a decree of the twenty-fourth November one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, charged with a tonnage duty from one half of which all Portuguese vessels are exempt, such surcharge varying from five pence farthing to one shilling one penny and one eighth per ton, His. Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in him by the said Act, and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered accordingly, that from and after the date of this Order, there shall be charged on all Portuguese vessels which shall enter any of the ports of the United Kingdom, a duty of nine pence per ton, such duty to be levied, collected, recovered, and applied in such and the like manner as any duties or customs are now by law levied, collected, and applied:

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And

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 10th day of May 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, made and passed in the Parliament holden in the third and fourth years of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act for granting duties of Customs," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, by His Order in Council, from time to time, to order and direct, that there shall be levied and collected any additional duty, not exceeding one fifth of the amount of any existing duty, upon all or any goods, wares, or merchandize, the growth, produce, or manufacture of any country, which shall levy higher or other duties upon any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of any of His Majesty's dominions, than upon the like article the growth, produce, or manufacture of any other foreign country; and, in like manner, to impose such additional duties upon all or any goods when imported in the ships of any country which shall levy higher or other duties upon any goods when imported in British ships than when imported in the national ships of such country:

And whereas by a decree of Her Majesty the Queen of Portugal, dated the tenth day of January last, higher duties are levied in the ports of Portugal on goods, when imported in British ships, than

when

when imported in Portuguese ships, His Majesty doth, therefore, under the authority of the above recited Act, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, order, and it is hereby ordered accordingly, that upon all goods imported into the United Kingdom in Portuguese ships, from and after the date of this Order, there shall be levied and collected, in addition to the existing duties otherwise payable upon the importation of such goods, a further duty, amounting to one fifth part of such existing duties:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 10th day of May 1837,

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such

place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall he a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of citics and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to cach polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Southampton, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace holden in and for the said county, on the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the towns of Havant and Gosport may be polling places for the southern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, the towns of Havant and Gosport shall be polling places for the said southern division of the said county; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said

said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

St. James's-Palace, May 10, 1837.

CEREMONIAL of the Investiture of Major-General Sir James-Lillyman Caldwell with the Ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

By command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir James-Lillyman Caldwell was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion, the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty, the Major-General, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour

to kiss His Majesty's hand.

Then the Officer of Arms, on his knee, presenting to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, the King was pleased to invest

Sir James-Lillyman Caldwell with the same.

The Major-General having again had the honour to kiss the Sovercign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander, retired.

St. James's-Palace, May 10, 1837.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon General John Gustavus Crosbie, Military Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, April 7, 1837.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Thomas George Walsh, Esq. one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Blackmore.

War-Office, 5th May 1837.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 3d Regiment of Dragoon Guards to bear on its standards and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices heretofore granted, the word

" Albuhera,"

in commemoration of the bravery displayed by the Regiment at the battle of Albuhera on the 16th of May 1811.

Crown-Office, May 11, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Huddersfield.

Edward Ellice the younger, of No. 18, Arlingtonstreet, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. in the room of John Blackburne, Esq. deccased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 16, 1837.

Whitehall, May 16, 1837.

THE King has been pleased to ordain and declare, that John-Johnstone Douglas, of Lockerby, in the county of Dumfries, Esq.; William-Robert-Keith Douglas, of Grange Muir, in the county of Fife, Esq.; Mary, widow of the late Major-General Sir Thomas-Sydney Beckwith, K.C.B.; and Christian and Catharine Heron Douglas, spinsters, the only surviving younger children of the late Sir William Douglas, of Kelhead, Bart; deceased, by Grace his wife, eldest daughter and coheir of William Johnstone, of Lockerby aforesaid, Esq. also deceased, and younger brothers and sisters of Charles now Marquess of Queensberry, Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, may have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their late father, the said Sir William Douglas, had survived William late Duke and Marquess of Queensberry, of that part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, and had thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Marquess of Queensberry:

And to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in His Majesty's College

of Arms.

Crown-Office, May 16, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of Westminster.
Sir Francis Burdett, Bart.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 19, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 18, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's next Levce will take place on Saturday the 27th instant, instead of Wednesday the 24th; and in future the Levces will be held on Wednesdays as usual until further orders.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 18, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room to be held at St. James's-Palace, on Monday the 29th instant, being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birth-day, the Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, May 19, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room on Monday, May 29th, when it being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birth-day, all Ladies attending will appear out of

mourning.

It is absolutely necessary, that all Ladies intending to be presented should send their names, with those of the Ladies presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or before Saturday, May 27th, in order that they may

be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three eards, one to be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce the names to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself

attends the Drawing-Room.

It is the particular desire of the Queen, that Her Majesty's Court, and all Ladies attending the Drawing-Rooms, should appear in dresses of British manufacture.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, May 19, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the occasion of the Drawing-Room on Monday the 29th instant, for the celebration of His Majesty's Birthday, the King is pleased to allow that presentations may take place.

St. James's-Palace, May 17, 1837.

This day had audience of His Majesty, General Count Sebastiani, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French, on returning to his Embassy at this Court:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

At the Court at St. James's-Palace, May 17, 1837.

CEREMONIAL of the Investiture of Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Makdougall Brisbane, Bart. with the Ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath; and of Major-General the Right Honourable Lord Downes and Colonel Sir Robert Gardiner, with the Star of the second Class of the said Most Honourable Military Order.

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled at St. James's-Palace, viz. his Grace the Duke of Wellington, Lord Viscount Strangford, Lord Viscount Beresford, Lord Hill, Lord Cowley, Lord William Henry Cavendish Bentinck, the Honourable Sir Galbraith Lowry Cole, the Right Honourable Sir George Murray, the Honourable Sir Charles Colville, the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt, Sir George Townsend Walker, Bart., the Earl of Effingham, the Right Honourable Sir Charles Bagot, Sir George Martin, Sir Harry Neale, Bart, the Right Honourable Sir Stratford Canning, the Right Honourable Sir Robert Gordon, Sir Thomas Byam Martin, Sir James Hawkins Whitshed, Bart., Sir William HousHoustoun, Bart., Sir Edward Barnes, Lord Strafford, the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, the Right Honourable Sir Robert Adair, Sir Thomas Williams, the Honourable Sir William Lumley, Sir James-Willoughby Gordon, Bart., Sir Thomas-Masterman Hardy, Bart. Lord Viscount Palmerston, Sir Davidge Gould, Sir Pulteney Malcolm, Sir George Anson, Sir Thomas Dallas, Lord Viscount Canterbury, Sir Herbert Taylor, the Earl of Minto, Sir William Henry Pringle, Lord Aylmer, and Sir Lawrence William Halsted, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; Captain Michael Seymour, R. N. Register and Secretary; and George Frederick Beltz, Esq. Gentleman Usher of the Order.

At two o'clock, the Knights Grand Crosses were called over by Bath King of Arms, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign in the Throne-room, with the

usual reverences.

Then, by His Majcsty's command, Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Makdougall-Brisbane, Bart. was introduced into the royal presence, preceded by the Gentleman Usher and by Bath King of Arms, and was conducted to the right hand of the Sovereign.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to the Sovereign by his Grace the Duke of Wellington (the senior Knight Grand Cross present), the Lieutenant-General, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's

hand, and retired.

By the Sovcreign's command, Sir Thomas Makdougall-Brisbane was then received at the entrance of the Throne-room by Lord Aylmer and Sir Lawrence William Halsted, and conducted between them to His Majesty, preceded by Bath King of Arms (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson

relvet cushion), and by the Gentleman Usher of the Order.

His Grace the Duke of Wellington having received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented them to the Sovereign, and Sir Thomas Makdougall-Brisbane, kneeling, His Majesty was graciously pleased to put the same over the Lieutchant-General's right shoulder; Sir Thomas Makdougall-Brisbane, rising, had again the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand, and, having received from the Sovercign the star of a Knight Grand Cross, retired.

Then, by command of the Sovereign, Major-General the Right Honourable Lord Downes was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion the star of a Knight Commander of the Order; the sword of state being thereupon delivered to the Sovercign by his Grace the Duke of Wellington, the Major-General, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand.

The Officer of Arms, on his knee, then presented to the Sovercign the star of the second class of the Order, and His Majcsty was graciously pleased to invest his Lordship therewith, after which the Major-General had again the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and retired.

Colonel Sir Robert Gardiner was introduced, with the like ceremonies, and invested by His Majesty with the star of the second class of the

Order.

The Knights Grand Crosses were then, by His Majesty's command, again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the accustomed reverences.

- Crown-Office, May 19, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Town and Port of Hythe.

William Hugh Elliott, commonly called Viscount Melgund, in the room of Stewart Marjoribanks, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Borough of Bridgwater.

Henry Broadwood, Esq. in the room of John Temple Leader, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

> Tithe Commission Office, London, May 18, 1837.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Thomas James Tatham, of Bedford-place, Russell-square, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said Thomas James Tatham was sworn in on the 18th instant, before Sir J. T. Coleridge, Knt. one of His Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FRO

LONDON GAZ f MAY 23,

Soard of Green 337.

that all carriages coming NOTICE is her Room at St. James's-to Her Majesty's h of May, are to fall Palace, on Mondat. James's-street, come into the line at the the street, round the down the left har ter at the iron gate corner of Pall-madown at the Arcade, nearest to the Perest to Marlborough-return by the iron mall into St. James's-house, and pass this arc to come down square. In taking anner, pass through St. James's-street hrough Pall-mall.

square. In tantisanner, pass through St, James's-street hrough Pall-mall. the same gates, at he permitted to come No hackney that set down at the within the in gan tugh Pall-mall. outside thereof, and a stitution-hill will the gate at the ersons having the

The gate at the ersons having the be open only for the c to proceed down privilege of the entrit Stable-yard-gate, the Park, and enterrit, set down at the turn into the Anveland-row. The car-Arcade, and go crs and Great Officers riages of the Cabi; the King's-court, of State may afterwazign Ministers in those of the Ambassauf all other perthe Ambassadors'-court,

sons having the entrée may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand.

side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the entrée by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for earriages belonging to persons having the entrée will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Friday next, between

the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 20, 1837.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed George Payne Rainsford James, Esq. Historiographer in Ordinary to the King, in the room of the Reverend James Stanier Clark, D. D. deceased.

Whitehall, May 22, 1837.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Scal, for granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to Sir Francis Bond Head, Kut. and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

H h

Ford Se o.

1837.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 26, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 26, 1837.

ORDERS for the Court's change of mourning on Wednesday the 7th day of June next, for Her late Serene Highness the Duchess Dowager of Saxe Meinengen, Mother of Her Majesty the Queen, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning further on Wednesday the 14th day of June next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Wednesday the 21st day of June next, the Court to go out of mourning.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 25, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's Levee, intended to be held on Saturday next, at St. James's-Palace, is postponed to Thursday the 1st of June next.

Foreign-Office, May 26, 1837.

A DISPATCH has been received by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Alexander Turnbull, Esq. His Majesty's Consul at Marseilles, dated 8th May 1837, containing a notice relative to the erection of a new light-house near Antibes, of which the following is a translation:

(Translation.)

Administration of Bridges, Roads, Light-houses, and Lights.

Notice to Mariners.

Light-house of La Garouppe or of Antibes (Department of the Var).

MARINERS are informed, that from and after the 1st July next, a fixed light will be exhibited, during the whole night, from the tower which has just been constructed on the peninsula of La Garouppe, one mile and a half to the south of Antibes, near the chapel of Notre Dame de la Garde (by 43° 33′ 51″ lat. and 4° 47′ 44″ east longitude).*

The light apparatus will be placed at twenty-five metres above the ground, and will be one hundred

and three metres above the level of the sea.

* Meridian of Paris.

H h 2 This

This light-house will be visible in clear weather

at the distance of seven marine leagues.

Mariners, steering for Antibes from the eastward, will see at the same time, as they approach Villefranche, the fixed light of the tower at that port (situated by 43° 40′ 30″ lat. and 4° 59′ 26″ east longitude), the intermitting light at the entry of the port of Antibes (situated by 43° 35′ 10″ lat. and 4° 47′ 31″ east longitude), and the fixed light of the Garouppe; but this last-named light house alone will be seen by mariners approaching by the south and south west, until they have doubled the peninsula.

Foreign-Office, May 26, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint John Henry David Fraser, Esq. (now First Attaché to His Majesty's Embassy at Vienna) to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Buenos Ayres.

The King has also been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Philip Griffith, Esq. to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at the Court of Greece.

Whitehall, May 25, 1837.

An Address to the King, from the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, acknowledging, with the deepest gratitude, His Majesty's munificent donation of two thousand pounds, together with an additional sum of six thousand pounds, for propagating the Christian religion in the highlands and islands of Scotland, having been transmitted by the Right Honourable Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven, His Majesty's Commissioner, to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to the King; which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously:

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 30, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 30, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's Levee, intended to be held on Thursday next, at St. James's-Palace, is postponed to Wednesday the 14th of June next.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Com-" missioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, " with reference to ecclesiastical duties and re-" venues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, " revenues, and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twentytwenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of pre-paring and laying before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes, and having the full force of law; and that the diocese of Ely should be increased by the counties of Huntingdon and Bedford, then in the diocese of Lincoln, by the deanries of Lynn and Fincham, in the county of Norfolk and diocese of Norwich, and by the archdeconry of Sudbury, in the county of Suffolk and diocese of Norwich, with the exception of the deanries of Sudbury, Stow, and Hartismere, and by that part of the county of Cambridge which was then in the diocese of Norwich; and that the diocese of Norwich should consist of the counties of Norfolk and Suffolk, except those parts which it was proposed to transfer to the diocese of Ely; and that all parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, should be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they are locally situate; and that such variations should be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as might appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstances of particular parishes or districts; and that in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishopricks, such fixed annual sums be paid to the Commissioners out of the reve. nues of the larger sees respectively as should, upon . due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave, as an average annual income; to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds,

to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and to the Bishops of Worcester, and Bath and Wells respectively five thousand pounds; and that the bishops who should, on the then existing vacancies, succeed to the sees of Durham and Ely, should be relieved from the excess beyond their due proportion payable for first fruits, and that the residue of the sums due should be paid by the Commissioners out of the surplus funds arising from those sees; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the patronage of benefices with cure of souls, or the revenues belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the next avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that the limits of the other existing deanries and archdeaconries should be newly arranged, so that every parish and extra parochial place be within a rural deanry, and every deanry within an archdeaconry, and that no archdeaconry extend beyond the limits of one diocese; and that all the archdeaconries of England and Wales should be in the gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which they are situate:

It is enacted, amongst other things that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer

chequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty, under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knt. should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commis. sioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing in any such scheme such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, shall be only subject to the 1837. Ιi jurisjurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are

locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses, the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted

and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further cnacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were include in the said Act, any law, statute, canou, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before His Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirtyseven, and which is in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports "of the Commissioners appointed to con-"sider "sider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for carrying into effect part of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the bishoprics of Lincoln, Norwich, and Ely.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend John Bishop of Lincoln, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that the whole archdeaconry and county of Bedford, and so much of the archdeaconry of Huntingdon as is included in, and co-extensive with, the county of Huntingdon, now forming part of the diocese of Lincoln, shall be detached and dissevered from the said diocese, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to, and included in, and form part of, the diocese of Ely; and that the said archdeaconry of Bedford, and such part as aforesaid of the said archdeaconry of Huntingdon, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits thercof, respectively, and the present and every future Archdeacon of Bedford, and the present and every future Archdeacon of Huntingdon, as to such part as aforesaid of his said archdeaconry; and all rural deans, and the whole clergy and others your Majesty's subjects within the said archdeaconry of Bedford, and within such parts as aforesaid of the said archdeaconry of Huntingdon, shall be exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the present and every future bishop of Lincoln, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the Right Reverend Joseph, now. Bishop of Ely, and of his successors, bishops of Ely, for ever.

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And we further recommend and propose, that the parish of Rickinghall Inferior, in the deanry of Blackburne, but united with the parish of Rickinghall Superior, in the deanry of Hartismere, both in the archdeaconry of Sudbury, and in the diocese of Norwich, the see whereof is now vacant, shall be detached from the said deanry of Blackburne, and included in the said deanry of Hartismere; and that the said last mentioned deanry, and the deanry of Stow, also in the said archdeaconry of Sudbury, shall be detached and dissevered from the said deanry of Sudbury, and shall be included in, and form part of, the archdeaconry of Suffolk, in the same diocese; and that the rural deans of the said two last mentioned deanries, and the whole clergy thereof, and of the said parish of Rickinghall Inferior, shall be exempted and released from the jurisdiction of the present and every future archdeacon of Sudbury, and be under and subject to the jurisdiction of the archdeacon of Suffolk for the time being; and that the archdeaconry of Sudbury, with the exceptions aforesaid, shall be detached and dissevered from the said diocese of Norwich, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to, and included in, and form part of, the said diocese of Ely; and that the said archdeaconry of Sudbury, with the exceptions aforesaid, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits thereof, and the present and every future Archdeacon of Sudbury, and all rural deans, and the whole clergy and others your Majesty's subjects within the same archdeaconry, shall be exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said see of Norwich, and every bishop thereof, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the said Joseph, now Bishop of Ely, and of his successors, bishops of Ely, for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that

nothing herein contained shall in any manner affect any personal union heretofore granted by any bishop of Norwich, according to the usage of the see of Norwich, for enabling any spiritual person to hold together two livings, as it regards any livings, either both or one only of which will, according to this scheme, be transferred to the said diocese of Elv.

And we further recommend and propose, that, the deanry of Camps, in the said diocese of Ely, and in the archdeaconry of Ely, shall be detached and dissevered from the said archdeaconry of Ely, and shall be included in, and form part of, the said archdeaconry of Sudbury; and that the rural dean, and the whole clergy of the said deanry, shall be exempted and released from the jurisdiction of the present and every future Archdeacon of Ely, and be under and subject to the jurisdiction of the archdeacon of Sudbury for the time being.

And we further recommend and propose, that the right of appointing the archdeacons of Bedford, Huntingdon, and Sudbury shall be vested in the said Bishop of Ely, and his successors, bishops of Ely,

for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that, for the purposes of the said Act, and so as to leave to the Bishop of Ely, for the time being, an average annual income of five thousand five hundred pounds, the said Joseph, now Bishop of Ely, and his successors, bishops of Ely, for the time being, shall pay, or cause to be paid, to our credit, into the Bank of England to an account, intituled "Account with the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," by half yearly payments, on or before the fifth day of April, and the fifth day of October, in every year, the fixed annual sum of two thousand five hundred pounds; and that the first of such payments shall become due on the fifth

day of October now next ensuing, and that whenever a vacancy of the see of Ely shall happen on any other day than the fifth day of April, or fifth day of October, the then next half yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy, or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time that shall have elapsed from the fifth day of April or fifth day of October preceding (as the case may be), to the day of the vacancy, inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid by the respective parties accordingly.

And we further recommend and propose, that two third parts only of the sum herctofore paid by bishops of Ely respectively, on account of first fruits, shall be paid by the said Joseph Bishop of Ely, and that the remaining one third part thereof shall be paid by us, out of the moneys so to be paid,

to our credit and account as aforesaid.

And we further recommend and propose, that the fees and stipends granted out of the revenues of the said see of Ely, by the last or any preceding Bishop of Ely, to any secular officer of the isle of Ely, who held his office by patent for life at the time of the passing of an Act of the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for extinguishing the "secular jurisdiction of the Archbishop of York and the Bishop of Ely, in certain liberties in the counties of York, Nottingham, and Cambridge," shall henceforward during the life of such officer, whether his said office shall have been abolished by the said Act or not, be paid by us out of that portion of the revenues of the said see of Ely which shall be so as aforesaid paid to our credit and account.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the said bishopricks of Lincoln, Norwich,

and Ely respectively, in conformity to the pro-

All which we humbly recommend and propose to

your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this twelfth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by His Majesty in Council; now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and His Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the several registrars of the several dioceses of Lincoln, Norwich, and Ely.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Windsor, the 27th day of May 1837,

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS an Order was made by His Majesty in Council on the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, whereby, after reciting, that by an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to prevent the" enlisting or engagement of His Majesty's subjects

" to serve in foreign service, and the fitting out or equipping in His Majesty's dominions vessels for warlike purposes, without His Majesty's licence, it was enacted and declared, that if any natural born subject of His Majesty, His heirs and successors, without the leave or licence of His Majesty, His heirs or successors, for that purpose first had and obtained under the sign manual of His Majesty, His heirs or successors, or signified by Order in Council or by Proclamation of His Majesty, His heirs or successors, should take or accept, or agree to take or accept, any military commission, or should otherwise enter into the military service as a commissioned or non commissioned officer, or should enlist, or enter himself to enlist, or should agree to enlist or to enter himself to serve as a soldier, or to be employed or should serve in any warlike or military operation in the service of, or for or under, or in aid of any Forcigh Prince, State, or Potentate, or of any person exercising, or assuming to exercise, the powers of Government in or over any foreign country, either as an officer or soldier, or in any other military capacity, or should, without such leave or licence as aforesaid, accept, or agree to take or accept, any commission, warrant, or appointment as an officer, or should enlist or enter himself, or should agree to enlist or enter himself, to serve as a sailor or marine, or to be employed or engaged, or should serve in and on board any ship or vessel of war, or in and on board any ship or vessel used or fitted out, or equipped, or intended to be used, for any warlike purpose, in the service of, or for, or under, or in aid of any Foreign Power, Prince, State, or Potentate, or of any person exercising, or assuming to exercise, the powers of Government in or over any foreign country, or should, without such leave and licence as aforesaid, engage, contract, or agree to go, or should go, to any foreign state or country, or to any place beyoud the seas, with an intent or in order to enlist or

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enter himself to serve, or with intent to serve, in any warlike or military operation whatever, whether by land or by sea, in the service of, or for, or under, or in aid of any Foreign Prince, State, or Potentate, or any person exercising, or assuming to exercise, the powers of Government in or over any foreign country, either as an officer or soldier, or in any other military capacity, or as an officer or sailor or marine in any such ship or vessel as aforesaid, although no enlisting money or pay or reward should have been, or should be in any of the cases aforesaid, actually paid to or received by him, or by any person to or for his use or benefit, in any or either of such cases every person so offending should be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and should be punishable by fine and imprisonment, as in the said Act is mentioned:

And that His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, being desirous of enabling all persons to engage in the military and naval service of Her Majesty Isabella the second, Queen of Spain, His Majesty was pleased to order, and it was thereby ordered, that from and after the said tenth day of June, it should be lawful for every person whomsoever to enter into the military or naval service of Her said Majesty as a commissioned or non-commissioned officer, or as a private soldier, sailor, or marine, and to serve Her said Majesty in any military, warlike, or other operations either by land or by sca, and for that purpose to go to any place or places beyond the seas, and to accept any commission, warrant, or other appointment from or under Her said Majesty, and to enlist and enter himself in such service, and to accept

any money, pay, or reward for the sauce:

Provided always, that the licence and permission thereby given should be in force only for the term of two years from the said tenth day of June, unless by Order in Council, made in manner aforesaid, such period should be further extended.

And His Majesty, by and with the advice of His 1837. Kk Privy Privy Council, being desirous of extending such period for one year from the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said term of two years shall be further extended for one year from the said tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 26th day of April 1837,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by letters patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, His Majesty was graciously pleased to grant unto Charles Terry and William Parker, therein described, their executors, administrators, and assigns, an especial licence, full power, sole privilege, and authority, from time to time and at all times thereafter, during the term of fourteen years therein expressed, to make, use, exercise, and vend their invention of certain improvements in making and in refining sugar, as well within that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, as also in all His Majesty's colonies and plantations abroad:

And whereas a specification of the said invention, and of the manner in which the same is to be performed, was duly enrolled, pursuant to the proviso for that purpose in the said letters patent

contained:

And whereas the said Charles Terry hath, by a

petition, addressed to His Majesty in Council, humbly represented, that the said invention will be productive of great benefit and advantage to all such of His Majesty's subjects as arc engaged or interested in the making or refining of sugar, and more particularly beneficial and important to all His Majesty's colonies and plantations abroad, which depend in a great measure upon the cultivation of the sugar cane, and the manufacture of sugar therefrom; that the said William Parker is now, and has been for several months, in the island of Jamaica, and is occupied in arranging measures for bringing the said invention into general use in that island; that the petitioner and the said William Parker have incurred considerable expence in bringing the said invention into use, as well within the United Kingdom as in some of His Majesty's dominions in the West Indies; and although the said letters patent extend to all His Majesty's colonies and plantations abroad, it is convenient, and, as regards some colonies, conformable to usage, for the more effectual maintenance of the right thereby granted, that the said letters patent, or certified copies thereof, should be respectively enrolled in the proper Offices of Registry in His Majesty's several colonies and plantations abroad; and therefore, praying that His Majesty will be graciously pleased, by an Order in Council, to order and direct, that the said letters patent and the specification of the said invention, or certified copies of the said letters patent and specification respectively, may be inrolled in the Office of the Colonial Secretary, or in the proper Office or Offices for the Registration of Deeds within His Majesty's colonies of British Guiana and Trinidad respectively:

His Majesty is, therefore, pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, as it is hereby ordered, that if the said Charles Terry and William Parker shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, in the Office of the Colonial Secretary, or

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in the Office for the Registration of Deeds within the colonies of British Guiana and Trinidad respectively, true and perfect copies of the said letters patent and specification; and if to such copies so deposited there shall be annexed the affidavit or affidavits of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to be sworn before the Colonial Secretary or Registrar of Deeds with whom the same may be deposited, to the effect of such witness or witnesses having diligently compared such copies with the original letters patent and specification, and found the same to be true, perfect, and exact copies thereof, in every respect (which oath such Colonial Secretary or Registrar of Deeds is hereby authorised to administer), then and in that ease each and every copy of the said letters patent and specification respectively, with the said affidavit or affidavits annexed, shall, within the colony in which the same shall be so deposited, be and be deemed, taken, and reputed to be, to all intents and purposes, as valid and effectual as the original of the said letters patent or specification, if there exhibited and produced, could or might be:

And it is hereby further ordered, that in all eourts, and before all judges, justices, and others whom it may concern, in His Majesty's colonies of British Guiana and Trinidad, whenever and so often as it may be necessary to make proof of the said letters patent or specification, it shall be competent for the said Charles Terry and William Parker, and their assigns, to produce and give in evidence such copies thereof, so to be deposited as aforesaid in the Office of the Colonial Secretary or Registrar of Deeds of

the said respective colonies:

And the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Foreign-Office, May 27, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dated the 26th of April 1837, has been received from His Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople, stating that, in consequence of a representation from his Excellency to the Turkish Government, upon the subject of an attempt which had been made by the Egyptian Authorities to prohibit the sale of foreign coffee in Egypt, a firman had been addressed by the Porte to the Pasha of Egypt, declaring the pleasure of the Sultan, that the sale of foreign coffee, which is permitted in other parts of the Ottoman dominions, shall not be prohibited in Egypt.

Downing-Street, May 30, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable Sir Richard Hussey Vivian, Bart. Knight Commender of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order, in the room of Sir Alexander Hope, deceased.

Crown-Office, May 30, 1837.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of Glasgow.

John Dennistoun, Esq. in the room of James Oswald, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 30, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, June 1, 1837.

THE King has been pleased to command, that the Investiture of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, appointed to take place on Saturday next the 3d instant, and the Banquet intended to have been given on that occasion, shall be postponed until further notice.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 2, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 2, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will hold his next Levee, at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 14th instant, and on every succeeding Wednesday till further orders.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, June 1, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold Drawing-Rooms on

Thursday, June 15th, and Thursday, June 22d.

Foreign-Office, June 2, 1837.

A DISPATCH has been received at this Office from Francis Coleman Macgregor, Esq. His Majesty's Consul at Elsinore, reporting an alteration to be made in Hammer Light-house, island of Bornholm, of which the following is a copy:

SIR, Elsinore, May 10, 1837.

I HAVE the honour of reporting to you, for the information of Viscount Palmerston, that, according to a notice given by the General Board of Customs and Trade at Copenhagen, the coal-fire of Hammer Light-house, on the north point of the island of Bornholm, is going to be converted into a fixed lamplight; and that, in consequence, the necessary alterations in the lantern will be commenced in the month of June next, during the progress of which operation lamps will be lighted every night on the north point of the said island, for the guidance of the shipping passing that way.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) FRANCIS C. MACGREGOR.

The Hon. W. Fox Strangways, &c. &c. &c.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 20, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Robert Keate, Esq. Surgeon to His Majesty's Person, to be also one of His Majesty's Principal Sergeant-Surgeons in Ordinary.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 1, 1837.

The King has been pleased to appoint Dr. William Frederic Chambers one of His Majesty's Physicians in Ordinary.

St. James's-Palace.

The King has been pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Charles Augustus FitzRoy, Esq. Lieutenant-Governor of Prince Edward Island, in the Gulf of St. Laurence.

.War-Office, 2d June 1837. Memorandum.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 48th Regiment to inscribe on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices heretofore granted, the word

" Douro,"

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the late 2d Battalion of the Regiment at the passage of the Douro, on the 12th May 1809.

GARRISON.

CHELSEA HOSPITAL.

Lieutenant-General Sir George Townshend Walker, Bart, and G. C. B. to be Lieutenant-Governor, vice General Honourable Sir Alexander Hope, deceased. Dated 24th May 1837.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 6, 1837.

Downing-Street, June 2, 1837.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Major-General William Johnston to be a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, in the room of Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable Sir Richard Hussey Vivian, Bart.

Whitehall, June 5, 1837.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, conferring the honour of Knighthood upon Simon Heward, Esq. Chief of the Medical Staff during the whole of the Burmese war.

Whitehall, June 3, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Edgar Garston, Gent. His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the silver cross of the Order of the Redeemer, which His Majesty Otho King of Greece has been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of His royal approbation of his 1837.

conduct while serving in the Greek army during the war of independence; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any stile, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that His Majesty's said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 9, 1837.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, June 9, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 15th of June, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlboroughhouse, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within

within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the entrée, which are to proceed down the l'ark, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons having the entrée may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palacc, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

Westminster, June 8, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, dodesire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of eleven millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the service of the year one

thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

An Act to indemnify such persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for offices and employments, and for extending the time limited for those purposes respectively until the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight; and for the relief of clerks to attorneys and solicitors in certain.

An Act to amend the Acts for regulating the

General Penitentiary at Millbank.

An Act to discharge His Majesty's manor and demesne lands at Newark, in the county of Nottingham, from any costs of rebuilding or repairing Trent and Markham bridges, and to charge the same on the other hereditary revenues of the Crown.

An Act to explain and amend two Acts relating

to trial by jury in Scotland.

An Act to continue, for a limited term of years, the Acts relating to the police of the city of Glasgow, to vest the management of the statute labour conversion money of the said city in the Board of Police thereof, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

An Act to continue, for a limited term of years, the police Act for the barony of Gorbals, in the county of Lanark; and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for making a railway from London to Greenwich."

An Act for constructing a harbour, dock or docks, piers, and other works at Trinity, in the parish of North Leith and county of Edinburgh.

An Act for better supplying with water the town and borough of Swansea, in the county of Gla-

morgan.

An Act for making a canal from Stourbridge Navigation, near Brockmoor, in the parish of Kingswinford, in the county of Stafford, to the Oak Farm Colliery, with a branch to the Slandhills, both in the said parish of Kingswinford and county of Stafford.

An Act for making and maintaining certain reservoirs in the several townships of Holme, Cartworth, Austonley, Upperthong, Wooldale, and Hepworth, in the several parishes of Kirkburton and Almondbury, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for better supplying with water the town of Wakefield and the neighbourhood thereof, in the

west riding of the county of York.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for making and maintaining a pier, wharf and other works, at

Green-

Greenwich, in the county of Kent, and to extend the

powers of the said Act."

An Act for more effectually draining of certain fen lands and low grounds in the honor manor and parish of Wormegay, in the county of Norfolk, and other lands and grounds which are now drained by means of or through a certain drain, called Polver Drain, in the said county.

An Act for removing the markets held in the city of Worcester, in the county of Worcester, for the sale of cattle, horses, sheep, and pigs, and for providing another market-place in lieu thereof, and for providing for the better and more effectual draining

the said city.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty, for opening certain streets, in the burgh of Dundee, and for other-

wise improving the said burgh.

An Act for building a bridge over the river Tweed, at or near to Mertown mill, in the county of Berwick, and for making avenues and approaches thereto.

An Act for the uniform valuation of lands and tenements in the county of Waterford, in Ireland, for the purpose of levying the county rates therein.

An Act for the recovery of small debts within the southern division of the hundred of Roborough, and within the hundred of Plympton, in the county of Devon, and within the southern division of the hundred of East, in the county of Cornwall.

An Act to enable the Managers of the Sun Life Assurance Society to appropriate any part of the profits thereof, for the benefit of any persons who have already effected, or may hereafter effect, po-

licies of assurance with the said society.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the road leading from Elland-bridge, in the parish of Halifax; into the Dewsbury and Elland turnpike road, near-

the

the Obelisk, in the parish of Dewsbury, all in the

west riding of the county of York.

An Act for amending two several Acts of the seventh and tenth years of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for repairing the road from Ashborne, in the county of Derby, to Leek, in the county of Stafford, and from Ryecroft-gate, upon Rushton-common, to Congleton, in the county of Chester.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpikeroad from Butterhouse-green, in the county of Chester, to Thorneley-lane-end, in the county of Lancaster.

An Act for more effectually amending the roads from Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, through Oldham to Austerlands, in the county of York, and from Oldham to Ashton-under-Lyne, and from Oldham to Rochdale, and other roads, and for making and maintaining new lines to communicate therewith, all in the said county of Lancaster.

An Act for repairing, maintaining, and improving the line of the road from Leeds to Otley, in the

west riding of the county of York.

An Act for maintaining, repairing, and amending a turnpike road from Belfast to Lisburne, by Malone and by the Falls, and two turnpike roads leading from the Falls-road, by Dundrod and Castlerobin respectively, to Crumlin, in the county of Antrim.

An Act for maintaining, repairing, and amending turnpike roads from the town of Antrim, in the county of Antrim, towards Coleraine, in the county

of Londonderry.

An Act for making and maintaining a road from the road leading from Glasgow to Carntyne, called Duke-street, to the east end of Blaekfriars-street or Regent-street, in the said city of Glasgow.

An Act for more effectually improving the several roads from Newcastle-under-Lyme to Darlistonbridge, Butt-lane, and Linley-lane, and through

Trent

Trent Vale and Stoke upon-Trent to Shelton-wharf,

all in the county of Stafford.

An Act for better maintaining the road from Gillow Hollow, in the parish of Biddulph, in the county of Stafford, to the Congleton and Leek turnpike road at Park-lane, in the township of Congleton, in the county of Chester, with the road therefrom at Lick-lane, in the said parish of Biddulph.

An Act for further and more effectually repairing, amending, and maintaining certain roads in the county of Roxburgh, and other roads connected therewith, leading into the counties of Berwick,

Northumberland, and Durham. And five private Acts.

Martis, 6° die Junii 1837.

Now

Whereas at the last election for the borough of Bridgwater, Henry Broadwood, Esq. was returned a Member to serve in Parliament for the said

borough;

And whereas a petition, complaining of an undue election and return for the said borough hath been presented to the House of Commons, and which said petition was appointed to be taken into consideration by the said House upon Tuesday the 13th day of June instant, at three of the clock in the afternoon,

And whereas the said Henry Broadwood, Esq. hath this day informed the said House, by a declaration in writing, subscribed by him, and delivered in at the table of the said House, that it is not his intention to defend his said election or return; and, in consequence thereof, the consideration of the said petition hath been deferred until Tnesday the 11th day of July next, at three of the clock in the afternoon;

Now I do hereby give this notice thereof, in pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the ninth George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to con-" solidate and amend the laws relating to the trial " of controverted elections or returns of Members " to serve in Parliament."

Given under my hand this 6th day of June 1837, J. ABERCROMBY, Speaker.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 13, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 10, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's Levees are postponed till further orders.

Westminster, June 10, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, 1837.

the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for carrying to the Consolidated Fund certain monies paid into the Exchequer, and usually applied as part of the annual aids and supplies; and for cancelling stock transferred to the Commissioners for the reduction of the national debt, on account of the redemption of land tax.

And seven private Acts.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, June 10, 1837.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed James Drage Merest, of Bury St. Edmunds, in the county of Suffolk, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said James Drage Merest was sworn in on the 10th instant, before Sir J. Williams, Knt. one of His Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 13, 1837.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, June 14, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Drawing-Room, intended to be held to-morrow, is postponed till further notice.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 16, 1837.

At the Council-Chamber, Whitehall, the 16th day of June 1837,

PRESENT,

The Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lord President acquainted the Board, that it was the pleasure of His Majesty that their Lordships should consider of the steps proper to be taken for causing a Form of Prayer to be put up to Almighty God, for the recovery of His Majesty from the severe indisposition under which His Majesty is labouring.

It is ordered by their Lordships, that letters be written to the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Archbishop of York, informing them of His

Majesty's pleasure to that effect.

Foreign-Office, June 16, 1837.

DISPATCHES, dated the 3d of April 1837, have been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Richard Pakenham, Esq. His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at Mexico, of which the following are an extract and a copy:

(Extract.)

IN the new tariff of duties, lately promulgated, by the Mexican Government, provision is made for the fulfilment of the stipulations contained in the 5th article of the treaty with Great Britain, by placing foreign vessels upon the same footing as Mexican vessels in respect to the payment of tonnage duties.

By the 2d article of this tariff it is provided, that "every foreign vessel arriving in the ports of the Republic shall pay twelve ryals for each ton, to which duty even national vessels shall remain subject, without any abatement whatever, when they come directly from a foreign port. The anchorage duty continues abolished for one and the other."

I have to add that, by a law, passed on the 8th of last month, it is declared, that the abatement of duty now granted on goods imported in national vessels shall cease within four months, counted from the date of the law: provision being thus made for the fulfilment of the stipulations contained in the 6th article of the treaty, which will come into effect on the 19th July next, and by which it is agreed that the same duties shall be paid on the importation into the territories of Mexico of any article, the growth, produce, or manufacture of His Majesty's dominions, whether such importation shall be in Mexican or British vessels.

(Copy.)

My Lord,

Mexico, April 3, 1837.

BY a decree published in Mexico, on the 7th of last month, it is cnacted that the ports which shall henceforth continue open for foreign trade, are the following:

In the Gulph of Mexico - Vera Cruz, Santa de Tamaulipas (Tampico), Matamoros, Campeache, Sisal, and Tabasco.

In the Pacifick—Acapulco and San Blas. In the Gulph of California—Guaymas. In the Sea of Upper California—Monterey.

The following ports, hitherto open for foreign trade, are by the same decree declared to be closed except for the coasting trade:

Bacalar, Goatzacoalcos, Alvarado, Matagorda, Galveston, Huatulco, Manzanillo, Natividad, Mazatlan, La Paz, Loreto, San Diego, and Francisco.

But the measure is not to take effect until after six months, counted from the date of the publication of the decree.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) R. PAKENHAM.

The Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B.

&c. &c. &c.

Whitehall, June 14, 1837.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint Henry Cockburn, Esq. to be one of the Lords of Justiciary in Scotland, in the room of Adam Gillies, Esq. resigned.

The King has also been pleased to nominate and appoint Adam Gillies, Esq. one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, to discharge and perform the duties and powers of the last remaining Baron of the Exchequer in Scotland, now deceased.

Whitehall, June 14, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Andrew Kessen to the united parishes of Kinloch and Lethendie, in the presbytery of Dunkeld and shire of Perth, vacant by the death of Mr. Laurence Butter.

Whitehall, June 16, 1837.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Stevens Henslow, M. A. to the rectory of Hitcham, in county of Suffolk and diocese of Ely, the same being void by the death of the Reverend John Staverton Mathews.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAO RDINARY of JUNE 20, 1837.

Whitehall, June 20, 1,837.

A BULLETIN, of which the following is a copy, has been received by Lord John Ru and ell, one of His late Majesty's Principal Secretaries State.

Windsor-Castle, Tuesday, Junge 20, 1837.

IT has pleased Almighty God to release from His sufferings our Most Excellent ancal Gracious Sovereign King William the Fourth.

His Majesty expired at twelve minutes c past two o'clock A.M. this day.

MATTHEW JOHN TIERNEY. WILLIAM FREDERICK CHAMBERS. DAVID DAVIES.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 20, 1837.

Foreign-Office, June 17, 1837.

A DISPATCH has been received at this Office from Sir Robert Ker Porter, Knt. His Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Caraeas, dated the 3d of April 1837, transmitting a decree of the Government of Venezuela, respecting the establishment of commercial intercourse between that Republic and Spain, of which the following is a translation:

(Translation.)

Commerce with Spain.

The Senate and Chamber of Representatives of the Republic of Venezuela united in Congress.

DECREE.

- Art. 1. The Republic of Venezuela admits into its ports the merchant vessels of the Spanish nation, and offers to the subjects of Spain the same protection and guarantees as are enjoyed by other nations.
- Art. 2. The decree of the 29th of April 1832, upon commerce with Spain, is abrogated.

Dated in Caracas, March 28, 1837.

(Signed) IGNACIO FERNANDO PENA, President of the Senate.

(Signed) Francisco Aranda, Prcsident of the Chamber of Representatives.

1837. N n sanc-

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Sanctioned,

(Signed)

CARLOS SOUBLETTE, Vice-President of the Republic, charged with the Executive Power.

(Signed)

RAMON YEPES, Acting Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

Caracas, March 30, 1837.

Foreign-Office, June 17, 1837.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Henry Bonar, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Philadelphia.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 20, 1837.

Whitehall, June 20, 1837.

ON Tuesday morning, the twentieth of June instant, at twelve minutes past two o'clock, our late Most Gracious Sovereign King William the Fourth, expired at His Castle of Windsor, in the seventy-second year of His age, and the seventh year of His reign. This event has caused one universal feeling of regret and sorrow to His late Majesty's faithful and attached subjects, to whom He was endeared by the deep interest in their welfare which he invariably manifested, as well as by the many manly virtues, which marked and adorned His character.

Upon the intimation of this distressing event, the Lords of the Privy Council assembled this day, at Kensington-palace, and gave orders for proclaiming Her present Majesty, who made a most gracious declaration to them, and caused all the Lords and others of the late King's Privy Council, who were then present, to be sworn of Her Majesty's Privy Council.

WHEREAS it has pleased Almighty God to call to His Mercy Our late Sovereign Lord King William the Fourth, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decease the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the High and Mighty Princess Alexandrina Victoria, saving the rights of any issue of His late Majesty King William the Fourth which may be borne of His late Majesty's Consort: We, therefore, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, being here assisted with these of His late Majesty's Privy Council, with numbers of others principal Gentlemen of Quality, with the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of London, do now hereby, with one voice and consent of tongue and heart, publish and proclaim that the High and Mighty Princess Alexandrina Victoria is now, by the death of Our late Sovereign, of happy memory, become our only lawful and rightful Liege Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, saving as aforesaid. To whom, saving as aforesaid, we do acknowledge all faith and constant obedience with all hearty and humble affection, beseeching God, by whom Kings and Queens do reign, to bless the Royal Princess Victoria, with long and happy years to reign over us.

Given at the Court at Kensington, this twentieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

GOD save the QUEEN.

ERNEST.
AUGUSTUS FREDERICK.
W. Cantuar.
Cottenham, C.

E. Ebor.

E. Ebor. Lansdowne, P. Duncannon, P. S. Norfolk, E. M. Richmond. Leeds. Wellington. Westmeath. Westminster. Hertford. Camden. Vane Londonderry. Gascoigne Salisbury. Delamere. Brecknock. Clarendon. Wilton. Jersey. Rosebery. Belfast. Lichfield. Grey. Shaftesbury. Tankerville. Albemarle. Ripon. Aberdeen. Haddington. Carlisle. Clare. Amherst. Minto. J. Russell. Francis Egerton. Charles Fitz Roy. G. C. H. Somerset. William Russell.

Melbourne. Lowther.

Strangford. Howick. Canterbury. Combernere.

Morpeth.
Palmerston.

Castlereagh. Brougham.

Denman.

Burghersh.

Lyndhurst.

Hatherton.

Stanley.

Ellenborough.

Heytesbury.

Abinger.

Hill.

Cowley.

Stuart de Rothsay.

Langdale, M. R.

Fitzgerald and Vesei.

Glenelg.

Wallace.

Wynford.

James Abercrombie.

Thomas Frankland Lewis.

J. Parke.

George Murray.

J. W. Croker.

Gore Ouseley.

John Beckett.

J. C. Herries.

J. C. Hobhouse.

W. Sturges Bourne.

Robert Gordon.

Charles Tennyson D'Eyncourt.

H. Parnell.

G. H. Rose.

W. H. Fremantle.

Charles Watkin Williams Wynn.

Robert Peel.

C. Poulett Thomson.

H. Ellis.

Edward Ellice.

S. R. Lushington.

H. Hardinge.

H. Labouchere.

Lancelot Shadwell, V. C.

T. Erskine.

N. C. Tindal.

George Byng.

Stratford Canning.

E. Knatchbull.

H. Corry.

J. B. Bousanquet.

Alexander Johnston.

H. W. Williams Wynn.

J. R. G. Graham.

Thomas Per. Courtenay.

W. Dundas.

George Warrender.

John Vaughan.

C. C. Grevillle.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Fred. Shaw.

Rob. Shaw.

Thomas Green.

Thomas, Kelly, Mayor.

J. M. Wood.

James Duke.

Henry Winchester, Alderman.

David Wm. Wire.

Anthony Brown.

John Mirehouse.

Thomas Hartwell Horne.

Rear Adl. Ross.

J. Campbell.

R. M. Rolfe.

J. Cowan, Alderman. J. Perrie, Alderman. Sir Peter Laurie, Alderman. John Johnson, Sheriff. William St. Julien Arabin. William M. Vizard. James F. Firth. Andrew Spottiswoode. William Venables, Alderman. Henry Marriots James Shaw, hamberlain of London. Francis B Nokey, Compt. of Chamber of Loudon. Robert Westwood, Deputy. H. Haines. Robert Harry Inglis. C. A. Hamilton. Chapman Marshall, Alderman. C. Tyrrell, City Remembrancer. R. F. Newman, City Solicitor. Charles W. Hick. H. Winston Barron, M. P. N. Bate. Frederick Adair Roe. J. B. Lennard. Henry Gaitskell. Harry Chester. Wm. Woods, Clarenceux. Edmund Harrison. H. B. Lennard. Charles Geo. Villiers Bayly. John Lainson. Richd. L. Jones. Edward Cust. Henry Teton. Fred. C. Mundy.

At the Court at Kensington, the 20th day of June 1837.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty being this day present in Council, was pleased to make the following Declaration, viz.

THE severe and afflicting loss which the Nation has sustained by the death of His Majesty, my beloved Uncle, has devolved upon me the duty of administering the Government of this Empire. This awful responsibility is imposed upon me so suddenly, and at so early a period of my life, that I should feel myself utterly opprest by the burthen were I not sustained by the hope that Divine Providence, which has called me to this work, will give me strength for the performance of it, and that I shall find in the purity of my intentions, and in my zeal for the public welfare, that support and those resources which usually belong to a more mature age, and to longer experience.

I place my firm reliance upon the wisdom of Parliament, and upon the loyalty and affection of my People. I esteem it also a peculiar advantage, that I succeed to a Sovereign whose constant regard for the rights and liberties of his Subjects, and whose desire to promote the amelioration of the Laws and Institutions of the Country, have rendered his name the object of general attachment and veneration.

Educated in England, under the tender and enlightened care of a most affectionate Mother, I have learned from my Infancy to respect and love the Constitution of my Native Country.

It will be my unceasing study to maintain the Reformed Religion as by Law established, securing at the same time to all the full enjoyment of Reli-1837. O_0 giòus

gious Liberty; and I shall steadily protect the rights, and promote to the utmost of my power, the happiness and welfare of all classes of my Subjects.

Whereupon the Lords of the Council made it their humble request to Her Majesty, that Her Majesty's most gracious Declaration to their Lordships might be made public, which Her Majesty was pleased to order accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Kensington, the 20th day of June 1837,

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland. His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex. Archbishop of Canterbury. Lord Chancellor. Archbishop of York. Lord President. Lord Privy Seal. The Earl Marshal. Lord Steward. Duke of Leeds. Duke of Wellington. Marquess of Salisbury. Marquess of Hertford. Marquess Camden. Marquess of Londonderry. Marquess of Westminster. Earl of Carlisle. Earl of Shaftesbury. Earl of Albemarle. Earl of Jersey. Earl of Aberdeen. Earl of Rosebery.

Earl of Tankerville.

Earl of Clarendon.

Earl of Clare.

Earl of Wilton.

Earl Grey.

Earl of Minto.

Earl of Lichfield.

Earl of Ripon.

Earl of Belfast.

Viscount Castlereagh.

Lord John Russell.

Lord Francis Egerton.

Viscount Palmerston.

Viscount Melbourne.

Viscount Combermere.

Viscount Canterbury.

Lord Stanley.

Lord Burgherst.

Viscount Morpeth.

Viscount Howick.

Viscount Lowther.

Lord Hill.

Lord Lyndhurst.

Lord Fitzgerald and Vesci.

Lord Cowley.

Lord Stuart de Rothsay.

Lord Heytesbury.

Lord Broughain.

Lord Chief Justice Denman

Lord Chief Baron Abinger.

Lord Glenelg.

Right Hon. the Speaker.

Right Hon. Thomas Peregrine Courtenay.

Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, Bart.

Right Hon. William Sturges Bourne.

Right Hon. Sir John Beckett.

Right Hon. Sir Stratford Canning.

Right Hon. Sir Gore Ouseley, Bart.

Right Hon. Charles W. W. Wynn.

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Right

Right Hon. Sir William Fremantle. Lord Chief Justice Tindal. Right Hon. Sir Robert Gordon. Right Honourable John C. Herries. Right Honourable the Vice-Chancellor. Right Honourable Sir Henry Hardinge. Right Honourable John W. Croker. Right Honourable Sir Robert Adair. Right Honourable Sir James Graham. Right Honourable Charles Poulett Thomson. Right Honourable Sir Henry Parnell, Bart. Right Honourable Thomas Erskine. Right Hon. Sir John Cam Hobhouse, Bart. Right Honourable Henry Ellis. Right Honourable Edward Ellice. Right Honourable Sir Alexander Johnston. Right Hon. Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart. Right Honourable T. L. Corry. Right Honourable Henry Labouchere. Right Honourable Sir Hussey Vivian, Bart. Right Honourable George S. Byng.

HER Majesty, at Her first coming into the Council, was this day pleased to declare, that understanding that the Law requires She should, at Her Accession to the Crown, take and subscribe the Oath relating to the Security of the Church of Scotland, She was now ready to do it this first opportunity, which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to do according to the Forms used by the Law of Scotland, and subscribed two Instruments thereof in the presence of the Lords of the Council, who witnessed the same. And Her Majesty was pleased to order that one of the said Instruments be transmitted to the Court of Session, to be recorded in the Books of Sederunt, and afterwards to be forthwith lodged in the Public Register of Scotland, and that the other of them remain among the Records of the Council, and be entered in the Council Books.

FROM THE

SECOND SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 20, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 20, 1837.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Thursday next, the 22d instant, for His late Most Gracious Majesty King William the Fourth, of blessed memory, viz.

The Ladies to wear black bombazines, plain muslin or long lawn linen, crape hoods, shamoy shoes and gloves, and crape fans.

The Gentlemen to wear black cloth, without buttons on the sleeves and pockets, plain muslin or long lawn cravats and weepers, shamoy shoes and gloves, crape hatbands, and black swords and buckles.

FROM THE

THIRD SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 20, 1837.

Heralds' College, June 21, 1837.

The Earl Marshal's Order for a General Mourning for His late Majesty King William the Fourth.

IN pursuance of an Order of Her Majesty in Council, the 21st day of June 1837, these are to give public notice, that it is expected, that all persons, upon the present occasion of the death of His late Majesty, of blessed and glorious memory, do put themselves into decent mourning; the said mourning to begin upon Saturday next the 24th instant.

NORFOLK, Earl Marshal.

GENERAL ORDER.

Horse-Guards, June 20, 1837.

Orders for Mourning for the Army for His late Majesty King William the Fourth.

Her Majesty does not require that the Officers of the Army should wear any other mourning, with their uniforms, on the present melancholy occasion, than than black crape over the ornamental part of the cap or hat, the sword knot, and on the left arm, with

the following exceptions, viz.

Officers on duty are to wear black gloves, black crape over the ornamental part of the cap or hat, the sword knot, and on the left arm; the sash covered with black crape, and a black crape scarf over the right shoulder.

The drums are to be covered with black crape, and black crape is to be hung from the pike of the colour staff of infantry, and from the standard staff

and trumpets of cavalry.

When Officers appear at Court in their uniforms, they are to wear black crape over the ornamental part of the cap or hat, the sword knot, and on the left arm; a black crape scarf over the right shoulder.

By command of the Right Honourable the General Commanding in Chief, -

JOHN MACDONALD, Adjutant-General.

Admiralty, June 20, 1837.

Her Majesty does not require that the Officers of the Flect should wear any other mourning, on the present melancholy occasion, with their undress uniforms, than black crape on the left arm, hat, and sword knot; nor with their dress uniforms, than black gloves, and black crape on the left arm, hat, and sword knot; nor that the Officers of the Royal Marines should wear any other mourning with their uniforms, than black crape on the left arm, hat, and sword knot; except on duty, when they are to wear also black gloves, and the sash covered with black, and a black crape scarf over the right shoulder; and except at Court, when they are to wear black crape on the left.

left arm, hat, and sword knot, and a black crape scarf over their right shoulder.

The drums of the Royal Marines are to be covered with black, and a black crape is to be hung from the pike of the divisional colour staff.

c. wood.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 23, 1837.

Earl Marshal's-Office, June 21, 1837.

THIS day Her Majesty Queen Victoria was, in pursuance of an Order in Council of the 20th

instant, proclaimed with the usual ceremonies.

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, Her Majesty having arrived from Kensington-palace, the Officers of Arms habited in their tabards; the Serjeants at Arms with their maces and collars; and Deputy Serjeant Trumpeter in his collar; the Trumpeters; Drum Major; and Knight Marshalmen; being assembled at St. James's-palace, the Proclamation was read in the Grand Court by Sir William Woods, Clarenceux King of Arms, Deputy to Sir Ralph Bigland, Garter Principal King of Arms, in the presence of Her Most Excellent Majesty the Queen, His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Earl Marshal of England, Her Majesty's Ministers, with Lords and others of the Privy Council, and several personages of distinction.

tinction. Deputy Garter having read the Proclamation, the guns in St. James's-park and Tower of London were fired, and Her Majesty, attended by the Great Officers of State, retired.

Then the Officers of Arms having mounted on horses of the Life Guards, a procession was formed

in the following order:-

The High Constable of Westminster, on horseback, carrying his staff.

A detachment of the Life Guards.

Constables of Westminster, with their staves.

The High Bailiff of Westminster.

Horse Guards.

Trumpets.

Knight Marshalmen, two and two.

Household Drums.

Kettle Drums.

Trumpets.

The Deputy Serjeant Trumpeter, in his collar, on foot.

Serjeants at Arms, bearing their maces.

Serjeants at Arms, bearing their maces.

Pursuivants.

Rouge Dragon,

Bluemantle. Thos. Wm. King. Geo. H. Rogers-Harrison.

Rouge Croix, Robert Laurie.

Portcullis, James Pulman.

Heralds.

Chester,

Walter Aston Blount, Esq.

York, Somerset, Chas. Geo. Young, Esq. Jas. Cathrow-Disney, Esq. A detachment of Life Guards.

1837.

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The procession, flanked by the Life Guards, moved from St. James's-palace to Charing-cross, where

Somerset Herald read the Proclamation.

From thence it moved to Temple-bar (the gates of which were closed), and Rouge Dragon Pursuivant of Arms advanced between two trumpeters, preceded by two of the Life Guards, to the gates; and after the trumpets had sounded thrice, demanded, in the usual form, admission into the City to proclaim Her Royal Majesty Queen Victoria; and, being admitted, and the gates again closed, Rouge Dragon was condueted by the City Marshal and his Officers to the Lord Mayor, who was in attendance in his state earriage, when Rouge Dragon delivered to his Lordship the Order in Council; which the Lord Mayor, having read, returned, and directed the gates to be opened; and Rouge Dragon being re-conducted to his place in the procession, it then moved on into the City; the Officers of Westminster filing off at Temple-bar.

At the corner of Chaneery-lane, York Herald read the Proclamation, then the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, Chamberlain, Common Serjeant, Town-Clerk, and City Officers fell into the procession, immediately after the Officers of Arms; and moved on to the end of Wood street, where the eross formerly stood in Cheapside; the Proclamation being then read by Chester Herald, the procession advanced to the Royal Exchange, where it was lastly

read by Portcullis Pursuivant of Arms.

A multitude of spectators filled the streets, through which the procession passed, the windows of which were erowded; and the acclamations were loud and general. At the Court at St. James's, the 21st day of June 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the late Act of Uniformity, which establishes the Liturgy, and enacts, that no form or order of common prayers be openly used other than what is prescribed and appointed to be used in and by the said Book, it is, notwithstanding, provided that in all those Prayers, Litanies, and Collects which do anywise relate to the King, Queen, or Royal Progeny, the names be altered and changed, from time to time, and fitted to the present occasion, according to direction of lawful authority: Her Majesty was pleased this day, in Council, to declare Her Royal Will and Pleasure, that in all the Prayers, Liturgies, and Collects for the King, instead of the word "King" the word "Queen," instead of the word "William" the word " Victoria," instead of the words " our Sovereign " Lord" the words " our Sovereign Lady," be inserted; and that in all the Prayers, Liturgies, and Collects, so altered, such change of the pronouns "He," "Him," and "His," be made, as will be by those alterations rendered necessary.

Her Majesty was further pleased to dcclare Her Royal Will and Pleasure, that in all the Prayers, Liturgies, and Collects for the Royal Family, the words " Adelaide, the Queen Dowager," be substituted for the words " our Gracious Queen

" Adelaide."

And Hcr Majesty doth strictly charge and command, that no edition of the Common Prayer be from henceforth printed, but with this amendment; and that in the mean time, till copies of such Edition may be had, all Parsons, Vicars, and Pp 2

Curates, within this Realm, do (for the preventing of mistakes) with the pen, correct and amend all such prayers in their Church Books, according to the aforegoing direction; and for the better notice hereof, that this Order be forthwith printed and published, and sent to the several parishes; and that the Right Reverend the Bishops do take care that obedience be paid to the same accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

NOTE.—In addition to the Privy Councillors gazetted in the Supplement to the London Gazette of the 20th instant, as being present at the Court at Kensington, when Her Majesty took and subscribed the Oath relating to the security of the Church of Scotland, were the following:

Duke of Richmond. Earl of Amherst. Lord G. C. H. Somerset. Viscount Strangford. Lord Ellenborough. Lord Hatherton. Lord Langdale. Right Honourable William Dundas. Right Honourable Sir George H. Rose. Right Honourable Henry Goulbourn. Right Honourable Stephen R. Lushington. Right Honourable Thomas Frankland Lewis. Right Honourable C. Tenyson D'Eyncourt. Right Honourable Mr. Baron Parke. Right Honourable Mr. Justice Bosanquet. Right Honourable Sir Edward Sugden.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Encouragement of Piety and Virtue, and for the preventing and punishing of Vice, Profaneness, and Immorality.

VICTORIA, R.

WE, most seriously and religiously considering that it is an indispensable duty on Us to be careful, above all other things, to preserve and advance the honour and service of Almighty God, and to discourage and suppress all vice, profaneness, debauchery, and immorality, which are so highly displeasing to God, so great a reproach to Our Religion and Government, and (by means of the frequent ill examples of the practices thereof) have so fatal a tendency to the corruption of many of Our loving subjects, otherwise religiously and virtuously disposed, and which (if not timely remedied) may justly draw down the Divine vengeance on Us and Our Kingdom: We also humbly acknowledging that We cannot expect the blessing and goodness of Almighty God (by whom Kings reign and on which We entirely rcly) to make Our reign happy and prosperous to Ourself and Our people, without a religious observance of God's holv laws; to the intent therefore, that religion, piety, and good manners may (according to Our most hearty desire) flourish and increase under Our Administration and Government, We have thought fit, by the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby declare Our Royal purpose and resolution to discountenance and punish all manner of vice, profaneness, and immorality in all persons, of whatsoever degree or quality, within this Our realm, and particularly in such as are employed near Our Royal PerPerson; and that for the encouragement of religion and morality, We will, upon all occasions, distinguish persons of piety and virtue by marks of Our Royal favour; and We do expect and require, that all persons of honour or in place of authority will give good example, by their own virtue and picty, and to their utmost contribute to the discountenancing persons of dissolute and debauched lives, that they, being reduced by that means to shame and contempt for their loose and evil actions and behaviour, may be thereby also enforced the sooner to reform their ill habits and practices, and that the visible disill habits and practices, and that the visible displeasure of good men towards them may (as far as it is possible) supply what the laws (probably) cannot altogether prevent: and We do hereby strictly enjoin and prohibit all Our loving subjects, of what degree or quality soever, from playing on the Lord's Day at dice, cards, or any other game whatsoever, either in public or private houses, or other place or places whatsoever; and We do hereby require and command them, and every of them, decently and reverently to attend the worship of God on every Lord's Day, on pain of Our highest displeasure, and of being proceeded against with the utmost rigour that may be by law: and for the more effectual reforming all such persons who, by reason of their dissolute lives and conversations, are a scandal to Our Kingdom, Our further pleasure is, and We do hereby strictly charge and command all Our Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and all other Our Officers and Ministers, both Eeclesiastical and Civil, and all other Our subjects whom it may concern, to be very vigilant and whom it may concern, to be very vigilant and strict in the discovery and the effectual prosecution and punishment of all persons who shall be guilty of excessive drinking, blaspheny, profane swearing and cursing, lewdness, profanation of the Lord's Day, or other dissolute, immoral, or disorderly practices; and that they take care also cfeffectually to suppress all public gaming-houses and places, and other lewd and disorderly houses, and to put in execution the Statute, made in the twenty ninth year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled "An Act for "the better observation of the Lord's Day, com-"monly called Sunday;" and also so much of an Act of Porliment, made in the pinth trees of the Act of Parliament, made in the ninth year of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled "An Act for the more effectual suppressing of blasphemy and profanences," as is now in force, and all other laws now in force for the punishing and suppressing any of the vices afore-said; and also to suppress and prevent all gaming whatsoever in public or private houses on the Lord's Day; and likewise that they take effectual care to prevent all persons keeping taverns, chocolate-houses, coffee-houses, or other public houses whatsoever, from selling wine, chocolate, coffee, ale, beer, or other liquors, or receiving or permitting guests beer, or other inquors, or receiving or permitting guests to be or remain in such their houses, in the time of Divine Service on the Lord's Day, as they will answer it to Almighty God, and upon pain of Our highest displeasure: And, for the more effectual proceeding herein, We do hereby direct and command all Our Judges of Assize and Justices of the Peace to give strict charges at their respective assizes and sessions for the due prosecution and punishment of sessions for the due prosecution and punishment of all persons that shall presume to offend in any of the kinds aforesaid, and also of all persons that, contrary to their duty, shall be remiss or negligent in putting the said laws in execution, and that they do, at their respective assizes and quarter sessions of the peace, cause this Our Royal Proclamation to be publicly read in open Court, immediately before the charge is given: and We do hereby further charge and command every Minister, in his respective parish church or chapel, to read, or cause to be read, this Our Proclamation, at least four times in every year improclamation, at least four times in every year. Proclamation, at least four times in every year, im-

mediately after Divine Service, and to incite and stir up their respective auditories to the practice of piety and virtue, and the avoiding of all immorality and profaneness: And, to the end that all vice and debauchery may be prevented, and religion and virtue practised by all officers, private soldiers, mariners, and others who are employed in Our service by sea and land, We do hereby strictly charge and command all Our Commanders and Officers whatsoever, that they do take carc to avoid all profaneness, debauchery, and other immoralities, and that, by their own good and virtuous lives and conversations, they do set good examples to all such as are under their care and authority, and likewise take care of and inspect the behaviour of all such as are under them, and punish all those who shall be guilty of any the offences aforesaid, as they will be answerable for the ill consequences of their neglect herein.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this twentyfirst day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring all Persons, being in Office of Authority or Government at the Decease of the late King, to proceed in the Execution of their respective Offices.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS by an Act, made in the sixth year of the reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled "An Act for the security of Her "Majesty's Person and Government, and of the succession to the Crown of Great Britain in the "Protestant Line," it was enacted, that no office, place, or employment, civil or military, within the kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, dominion of Wales, town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, or any of His Majesty's plantations, should become void by reason of the demise of Her said late Majesty, Her heirs or successors, Kings or Queens of this realm, but that every person and persons in any of the offices, places, and employments aforesaid, should continue in their respective offices, places, and employments for the space of six months next after such death or demise, unless sooner removed and discharged by the next successor to whom the Imperial Crown of this realm was limited and appointed to go, remain, and descend, and whereas by an Act, made in the fifty-seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for the continuation of all and " every person or persons in any and every office, "place, or employment, civil or military, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ire"land, dominion of Wales, town of Berwick-1837. Qq

"upon-Tweed, isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, and also in all and every
of His Majesty's foreign possessions, eolonies,
or plantations, which he or she shall hold,
possess, or exercise, during the pleasure of the
Crown, at the time of the death or demise of " His present Majesty, until 1emoved or dis-" eharged therefrom by the succeeding King or "Queen of this realm," it was enacted, that all and every person and persons who, upon the day of the demise of His said late Majesty, should hold any office, eivil or military, under the Crown during pleasure, should, under and by virtue of the said Aet, and without any new or other patent, commission, warrant, or authority, continue and be entitled, in all respects, notwithstanding the demise of His said late Majesty, to hold and enjoy the same; but, nevertheless, the same should be held or enjoyed only during the pleasure of the King or Queen who should succeed to the Crown upon the demise of His said late Majesty, and the right and title to hold and enjoy the same, under the authority of the said Act, should be determinable in such and the like manner by the King or Queen who, upon the demise of His said late Majesty, should succeed to the Crown, as the right or title to any office, place, or employment granted by such succeeding King or Queen during pleasure, would by law be determinable; We, therefore, with the advice of Our Privy Council, declare Our Royal will and pleasure to be, and do hereby direct and eoumand, that all and every person and persons who, at the time of the denise of Our late Royal Uncle, of glorious memory, duly and law-fully held, or were duly and lawfully possessed of or invested in, any office, place or employment, eivil or military, within our United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, dominion of Wales, town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, isles of Jersey,

Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or any of Our foreign possessions, eolonies, or plantations, do, severally, according to their places, offices, or charges, proceed in the performance and execution of all duties belonging to their respective offices, whilst they shall hold the same respectively during Our pleasure; and We do hereby require and command all Our loving subjects to be aiding, helping, and assisting at the commandment of the said Officers and Ministers, in the performance and execution of their respective offices and places, as they and every of them tender Our utmost displeasure, and will answer the contrary at their peril.

Given at Our Court, at St. James's, this twentyfirst day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

Whitehall, June 22, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Charles Girdlestone, Clerk, M. A. to the rectory of Alderley, in the diocese and county of Chester, void by the promotion of Doctor Edward Stanley to the See of Norwich.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 23, 1837.

Earl Marshal's-Office, Craig's-Court, June 24, 1837.

ALL Pecrs, Bishops, eldest sons of Peers, and Privy Councillors, who propose to assist at the Interment of His late Most Sacred Majesty King William the Fourth, of blessed memory, which is appointed to be solemnized in the Royal Chapel of Saint George at Windsor, on Saturday evening the 8th day of July next, are requested to signify their intention by letter, addressed to me, at this office, on or before Friday next the 30th instant, in order that the necessary ticket of admission may be transmitted to them respectively.

NORFOLK, Earl Marshal.

Earl Marshal's-Office, Craig's-Court, June 24, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to command, that the Great Officers of State, Her Majesty's Ministers, and the Officers of the Royal Household, who assist at the Interment of His late Most Sacred Majesty King William the Fourth, of blessed memory, do appear in their state uniforms, black waistcoats, breeches, stockings, and buckles, uniform swords with crape, and black feathers in their hats.

The Bishops are to appear in their rochets; and all Peers, eldest sons of Peers, Privy Councillors, and others, who may not be included in the above regulation, are to appear in full dress black.

The Knights of the several Orders will wear

their respective collars.

NORFOLK, Earl Marshal.

Horse-Guards, June 24, 1837.

MEMORANDUM.

General and Staff Officers who attend His late Majesty's Funeral, are to appear in the mourning prescribed by the General Order of the 20th instant, for "Officers on duty," with full dress coats, sash, boots, spurs, and blue cloth trowsers, laced according to regulation.

By command of the Right Honourable General Lord Hill, Commanding in Chief,

JOHN MACDONALD, Adjutant General.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 27, 1837.

Admiralty, June 26, 1837.

THE Officers of the Fleet and Royal Marines, who attend His late Majesty's Funeral, are to appear in their respective full dress uniforms, blue cloth pantaloons and boots, with the mourning directed to be worn by them at Court, as notified in the Gazette of the 21st instant.

C. WOOD.

Whitehall, June 26, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto Sir John Conroy, of Llanbrynmair, in the county of Montgomery, Knt. and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 30, 1837.

Foreign-Office, June 29, 1837.

Her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at Mexico has received from the Mexican Government, a notification, declaring the intention of that Government to establish an effective Blockade of all the ports, harbours, and roadsteads on the coast of Texas, from longitude 94' 50" to 101' 10" west of London.

Kensington-Palace, June 27, 1837.

This day Her Majesty gave audiences to all the Foreign Ambassadors and Ministers who were accredited to His late Majesty; upon which occasion Count Schastiani, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French; delivered his new credentials to Her Majesty:

They were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Sccretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the

Ceremonies.

Kensington-Palace, June 29, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, General Baudrand, and the Duke of Elchingen, upon a special mission from the King of the French to deliver a letter of congratulation to Her Majesty upon Her accession to the Throne:

At the same time had audience of Her Majesty, Count Sebastiani, Ambassador Extraordinary from

the King of the French: .

To which they were introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, June 27, 1837.

The Queen has been graciously pleased, on the nomination of his Grace the Earl Marshal, to appoint Albert-William Woods, Gent. to be Fitz-Alan Pursuivant of Arms Extraordinary.

Whitehall, June 27, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Thomas Maitland, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the supernumerary cross of the royal and distinguished Order of Charles the Third, which Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of Her approbation of the important services which he rendered to the cause of Her Catholic Majesty; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided,

vided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Crown-Office, June 30, 1837.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Summer Assizes, 1837, viz.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Thomas Lord Denman, Lord Chicf Justice. Mr. Justice Littledale.

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, July 12, at Hertford. Essex, Monday, July 17, at Chelmsford. Kent, Monday, July 24, at Maidstone. Sussex, Saturday, July 29, at Lewes. Surrey, Monday, August 7, at Croydon.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal, Knt. Lord Chief Justice.

Mr. Justice Patteson.

Southampton, Tucsday, July 11, at the Castle of Winchester.

Wiltshire, Saturday, July 15, at Devizes.

Dorsetshire, Wednesday, July 19, at Dorchester.

Deronshire, Saturday, July 22, at the Castle of Exeter.

1837.

City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Exeter.

Cornwall, Saturday, July 29, at Launceston.

Somersetshire, Saturday, August 5, at Bridgewater.

City of Bristol, Saturday, August 12, at the Guild-hall of the said City of Bristol.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

'The Right Honourable James Lord Abinger, Lord Chief Baron.

Mr. Justice Coleridge.

Berkshire, Thursday, July 6, at Abingdon.
Oxfordshire, Saturday, July 8, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Wednesday, July 12, at Worcester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.

Staffordshire, Monday, July 17, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Saturday, July 22, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Wednesday, July 26, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Saturday, July 29, at Monmouth.
Glavestershire, Wednesday, August 2, at Glavestershire.

Gloucestershire, Wednesday, August 2, at Gloucester.

City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Park. Mr. Baron Bolland.

Northamptonshire, Monday, July 10, at Northampton.

Rutlandshire, Friday, July 14, at Oakham.

Lincolnshire, Saturday, July 15, at the Castle of Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Nottinghamshire, Thursday, July 20, at Nottingham.

Town

Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Derbyshire, Tuesday, July 25, at Derby.

Leicestershire, Saturday, July 29, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

City of Coventry, Thursday, August 3, at the City of Coventry.

Warwickshire, the same day, at Warwick.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir John Vaughan, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas.

The Right Honourable Sir John Bernard Bosanquet, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas.

Buckinghamshire, Wednesday, July 12, at Buckingham.

Bedfordshire, Saturday, July 15, at Bedford.

Huntingdonshire, Wednesday, July 19, at Huntingdon.

Cambridgeshire, Friday, July 21, at Cambridge.

Suffolk, Thursday, July 27, at Bury St. Edmund's.

Norfolk, Tuesday, August 1, at the Castle of Norwich.

City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Norwich.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir James Parke, one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer.

Mr. Justice Coltman.

Yorkshire, Tuesday, July 11, at the Castle of York.

City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of York.

Rr 2

Durham, Saturday, July 22, at Durham.

North-

Northumberland, Wednesday, July 26, at the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Cumberland, Saturday, July 29, at Carlisle.

Westmorland, Thursday, August 3, at Applely.

Westmorland, Thursday, August 3, at Appleby. Lancashire, Saturday, August 5, at Laneaster. Lancashire, Wednesday, August 9, at Liverpool.

NORTH WALES and CHESTER CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron Alderson. Mr. Baron Gurney.

Montgomeryshire, Saturday, July 15, at Welch-

pool.

Merionethshire, Wednesday, July 19, at Dolgelly. Carnarvonshire, Saturday, July 22, at Carnarvon. Anglesey, Wednesday, July 26, at Beaumaris. Denbighshire, Saturday, July 29, at Ruthin. Flintshire, Wednesday. August 2, at Mold. Cheshire, Saturday, August 5, at Chester.

SOUTH WALES CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron Alderson. Mr. Baron Gurney.

Glamorganshire, Tuesday, July 4, at Cardiff. Curmarthenshire, Monday, July 10, at Carmarthen. Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.

Pembrokeshire, Monday, July 17, at Haverford-

west.

Town of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.

Cardiganshire, Friday, July 21, at Cardigan Brecknockshire, Wednesday, July 23, at Brecon. Radnorshire, Tuesday, August 2, at Presteign.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 4, 1837.

Earl Marshal's Office, Craig's-Court, July 4, 1837.

FUNERAL OF HIS LATE MAJESTY.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Nobility and others attending the Solemnity of the Funeral of His late Most Sacred Majesty, that the hour appointed for assembling at Windsor-castle is seven o'clock in the evening; the procession will be formed in St. George's-hall, at eight o'clock precisely.

NORFOLK, E. M.

Board of Green Cloth, Windsor-Castle, July 4, 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons who are invited by the Earl Marshal to attend the Funeral of our late revered Sovereign William the Fourth, of blessed memory, are desired to enter the Castle precinet by the Park-gate opposite the Long-walk, to drive through the Grand Entrance to the Visitors'-door in the Quadrangle. The empty earriages to proceed into the town by St. George's-gate.

The order for taking up at night is to enter the Quadrangle by St. George's-gate, take up at the Visitors'-door, and proceed out at the Grand Entrance.

ARGYLL.

From the DUBLIN GAZETTE of Tuesday, June 27, 1837.

By the Lord Lieutenant and Council of Ireland.

A PROCLAMATION.

MULGRAVE.

WHEREAS it hath pleased Almighty God to call to His Merey our late Sovereign Lord King William the Fourth, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decease the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the High and Mighty Princess Alexandrina Victoria, saving the rights of any issue of His late Majesty King William the Fourth which may be borne of His late Majesty's Consort:

We, the Lord Lieutenant and Council, do by this our Proclamation, think fit to give public notice to all Her Majesty's subjects; and do require all Mayors, Sheriffs, and all other Her Majesty's Officers to publish and proclaim that the High and Mighty Princess Alexandrina Victoria is now, by the death of our late Sovercign of happy memory, become our only lawful and liege Lady Victoria, by the grace of God, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, saving as aforesaid, and in all the cities and towns corporate, and market places, in this part of Her Majesty's United Kingdom ealled Ireland; and all Officers, both civil and military, and other Her Majesty's subjects, are hereby required to be assisting in the performance thereof with all due solemnity.

Given at the Council Chamber in Dublin, the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight

hundred and thirty-seven.

Plunket, C., Charles Kildare, Michael O'Loghlin, H. Joy, John Ratcliff, F. Blackburne, William Gregory, Louis Perrin, John Richards, E. Blakeney, A. R. Blake.

GOD save the QUEEN.

WHEREAS it hath pleased Almighty God to call to His Mercy our late Sovereign Lord King William the Fourth, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decease the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the High and Mighty Princess Alexandrina Victoria, saving the rights of any issue of His late Majesty which may be borne of His late Majesty's Consort: We, therefore, the Lord Lieutenant of this part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, and several of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of the Realm, being here assisted with these of His late Majesty's Privy Council, and numbers of other Principal Gentlemen of Quality, with the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Dublin, do now hereby, with one voice and consent of tongue and heart, publish and proclaim that the High and Mighty Princess Alexandrina Victoria is now, by the death of our late Sovereign of happy memory, become our only lawful and rightful leige Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, saving as aforesaid. To whom we do acknowledge, saving as aforesaid, all faith and constant obedience, with all hearty and humble affection, beseeching God, by whom Kings and Queens do reign, to bless the Royal Princess-Victoria with long and happy years to reign over us.

Given at Hcr Majesty's Castle of Dublin, this twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

GOD save the QUEEN.

MULGRAVE.

Plunket, C. Charles Kildare.

Michael O'Loghlin.

H. Joy.

John Radeliff.

F. Blackburne.

Wm. Gregory.

Edwd. Blakeney.

John Richards.

L. Perrin.

A. R. Blake.

Howth.

C. B. Phipps.

R. H. Browne, A. D. C.

Robert Boyle, A. D. C.

William Edward Leeson, Chamberlain.

G. H. Liddell, A. D. C.

John Stanley, A. D. C.

John J. Bodkin, M. P.

William Hodges, Lord Mayor.

Arthur Moore.

P. C. Crampton.

Bartholomew Lloyd, Provo, T. C. D.

Isaac Matthew D'Olier, Governor of the Bank of Iteland.

Thomas Wilson, Deputy Governor of the Bank of Ireland.

T. Drummond.

J. S. Townsend, Master in Chancery.

Maziere Brady, Solicitor General.

Richard W. Greene, First Sergeant.

Philip Crampton, Surgeon-General.

George D'Aguilar, Dep. Adj. Gen.

Grey Campbell, D. Q. M. G.

William Betham, Ulster.

Alexander Macdonnell.

Charles Yorke.

John Veevers, Loftns A. Bryan, High Sheriffs.

J. S. Fleming, Alderman.

Arthur Perrin, Alderman.

Samuel Warren, Lord Mayor Elect.

S. W. Tindall, Alderman.

David R. Pigot, Q. C.

Christopher Fleming, M. D.

Hickman Kearney.

Joshua Manly.

Harry D. Jones.

John Anster, L. L. D.

Matt. Winter.

C. Graham.

W. P. J. Matthews.

T. N. Edgeworth.

Geo. Moore.

Wm. M'Cullagh.

Geo. M'Cullagh.

W. Booth

Gregory Haines.

David Elliott, Dep. Com. Gen.

Thomas Rainer, Assistant Dep. Com. Gen.

John Astle.

H. Cox.

R. D. Mecredy.

Jonathan Sisson.

Pierce Geo. Barron, D. L.

O' Gorman Mahon.

Wm. W. Barron.

Geo. Matthews.

M. Farrell.

John M'Cann, Commissioner of Bankrupts.

George Hoyte, Alderman.

N. W. Brady, Alderman.

Henry C. Sirr, J. P.

Thomas Staples, Bart. Q. A.

John Jones,
Thomas I Quinton } Sheriffs Elect.

Thomas J. Quinton, \(\) W. White, Town Major.

John F. Linch, J. P.

J. S. Kennedy, Inspector-General.

Geo. Warburton, Deputy Inspector General. 1837. S s Wm.

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Wm. Miller, Deputy Inspector-General.

H. J. Conroy, A. D. C.

Wm. Curry, Q. C.

W. C. Quin.

Acheson Lyle, Deputy Remembrancer.

W. J. Hancock, J. P.

W. D. Stewart, Comptroller.

Robert Hitchcock, J. P.

Joseph Burke.

T. B. Miller.

W. Henn, Master in Chaneerv.

F. Sadlier, F.T. C. D.

Thomas W. Fignoles.

John Commins.

Charles F. Dowling.

Thomas Wright.

Rich. Cane.

James Lynch.

John A. Curran.

Sutton Corcoran.

John Buteher.

R. F. Slater, L. L. D.

Anthony Wills.

A. O'Connell, P. P.

C. Tod.

J. W. Slcater.

R. N. Matheson.

M. Byrne.

Richard D. Ireland.

George Chamley.

Francis Magan.

A. H. Trevor.

Francis White.

Thomas Kearney.

W. B. Rogerson.

John Thompson.

Richard Smyth, Alderman.

Geo. Morris, Deputy Licutenant.

Mareus Costello.

John Quin, P. P.

Mark Hamilton, A. M.

George S. Bell.

Brooke Taylor Ottley, Commissioner of Public Works.

H. R. Paine, Secretary of Public Works.

Edward Bullen.

Thomas Dickson, L. L. D.

Geo. Dickson.

Alexander Carte, M. D.

Samuel Cox.

E. Coghlan.

Henry J. Bachelor.

John William King.

Jacob Owen, Engineer and Architect.

Thomas Murphy Dawes.

James Crawford.

John Read.

Richard Griffith General Boundary Surveyor.

W. Hanna.

James Ferrier.

Geo. Cox.

J. S. Cooper.

Frank Thorpe Porter.

Terence Henry.

James Dollard.

Thomas C. P. Byrne.

William Cuffe.

W. Cosby, D. L.

Geo. B. Browne, Commissioner of Police.

N. M. Mansfield.

James Campbell.

Robert N. Flynn.

Cornelius Lyne.

Norbury Turner, J. P.

William E. Sullivan, A.B., T.C.D.

George Walker.

Thomas Keck.

John Browne.

Arthur M'Gwire, Clk.

J. Burke.

James Tandy, J.P.

P. W. Brady.

Thomas Cannon.

James O'Hara,

George Fennell. Thomas Sparks.

A. Crawford.

Michael O'Shaughnessv.

James Coffey.

A. Montgomery, Alderman.

J. M'Ghee.

Ross Cox, jun.

Edward Stanley, Knt.

Henry O'Hara.

John Batchelor.

John Warburton.

Robert B. Lynch.

Jon. Mountjoy.

Wm. Greene.

G. M. Knipe, J.P.

Jas. Kerr.

Abraham Stoker.

W. Anderson.

Tho. H. Taylor.

Thomas Dickson.

Wm. N. Lynn.

Richard Kearney.

Wm. H. Lynar, Knt., J. P.

Leland Crosthwait.

Rawdon Maclean, Commander R. N.

Thomas Ardill.

J. W. Ardill.

Frederick Howard.

Thomas Armstrong.

Myles MacDonnell.

Samuel Lamprey.

Luke Dillon.

Thomas Walsh. William Henry Hawkey, M.D. William N. Roche. John O. Vandeleur, Bt. and Lt.-Gen. R. S. Ireland, M. D. Denis Kavanagh. George Palmer. John T. Cecil Reed. G. H. Woods. Charles Hyndman, A. B. T. C. D. George Studdert, jun. F. Hort. Bart. Thos. Fleming. James Wilson Ramsev. John Waldron Griffith. Thomas Dance. Bernard Maguire. George Dickson. John Dooley. James Walker. Arthur Ellis. James Carlile. Ross Cox. Richard O'Reilly. John Feneran. James Palmer. George Halahan. John M'Kay. Conolly Norman. Robert Augustine Franklin.

Kensington-Palace, June 30, 1837.

The Right Honourable Lord Holland having this day delivered up to Her Majesty the seals of the duchy and county palatine of Lancaster, Her Majesty was graciously pleased to return them into

his custody, and the oath of office of Chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster was, by Her Majesty's commands, administered to him accordingly.

Kensington-Palace, July 3, 1837.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex has been pleased to appoint the Revcrend Walter Drake, M. A. of Christ College, Cambridge, and Vicar of Bradwell, Bucks, one of His Royal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

Westminster, June 30, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to explain and amend two Acts, passed in the last session of Parliament, for marriages, and for registering births, deaths, and marriages in England.

An Act for continuing, until the first day of June one

one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the several Acts for regulating the turnpike-roads in Great Britain which will expire with the present or with the next session of Parliament.

An Act to empower the recorder or other person presiding in quarter sessions in corporate cities and towns, and justices of the peace for counties, ridings, or divisions, to divide their respective courts in cer-

tain cases.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the seventh year of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, to provide for improving and rebuilding shire halls, county halls, and other buildings for holding the assizes and grand sessions, and also Judges' lodgings, throughout England and Wales.

An Act to abolish the punishment of the

pillory.

An Act for transferring and vesting the Royal Military Canal, roads, towing-paths, and the ramparts and other works belonging thereto, and all estates and property taken and occupied for the same, in the counties of Kent and Sussex, and also the rates and tolls arising therefrom, in the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance.

An Act to amend the Acts for the extension and

promotion of public works in Ireland.

An Act for making a railway from the city of Chester to join the Grand Junction Railway, near Crewe Hall, in the county of Chester, to be called the Chester and Crewe Railway.

An Act to amend the Acts relating to the London

and Birmingham Railway.

An Act to rectify a mistake in an Act of the last session of Parliament, for making a railway from the London and Birmingham Railway, near Birmingham, to Derby, to be called the Birmingham and Derby Junction Railway, with a branch.

An Act to enable the Leicester and Swanning-

ton Railway Company to raise a further sum of

money.

An Act to enable the Durham and Sunderland Railway Company to alter a part of the main line of their railway, to abandon another part thereof, to make other branches therefrom, and to amend and enlarge the powers of the Act for incorporating the said Company.

An Act to alter the line of the York and North Midland Railway, and to amend the Act relating

thereto.

An Act for making a Railway from Manchester to join the Grand Junction Railway, in the parish of Chebsey, in the county of Stafford, to be called the Manchester and Birmingham Railway, with certain branches therefrom.

An Act to cnable the Taff Valc Railway Company to alter the line of the said railway and the Act relating thereto, and to make additional branches.

An Act to alter the line of the London and Southampton Railway, and to amend the Acts relating thereto.

An Act for regulating and improving the borough

of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

An Act to amend the several Acts for paving, lighting, cleansing, and otherwise improving the town of Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, and for removing and preventing encroachments, obstructions, and annoyances therein.

An Act to amend an Act of the forty-fifth year of the reign of King George the Third, for improving and rendering more commodious the port of Ipswich,

and for constructing a wet dock there.

An Act for improving, enlarging, and maintaining the peer, harbour, and market of Brixham, in the in the county of Dovon, and for the formation of a breakwater in Torbay.

An Act for the formation of a new cut, or channel,

and for otherwise more effectually improving the port and harbour of Belfast.

An Act for forming a harbour in the parish of Warkworth, in the county of Northumberland, by improving the navigation of the River Coquet, and for rendering the same safe and commodious and easy of access.

An Act for amending an Act of the second year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and for granting further rates and powers for improving the port of Hartlepool, in the county of

Durham.

An Act for making and maintaining reservoirs upon the tributary streams of the River Etherow, otherwise the Mersey, in the parish of Glossop, in the county of Derby, for more effectually and regularly supplying with water the mills, manufactories, and works on the said tributary streams and river.

An Act to amend and enlarge the powers of the several Acts relating to the Ellesmere and Chester

Canal.

An Act to raise and apply funds for the future maintenance and repair of the banks of the River Ouse, between Denver Sluice and the Eau Brink Cut, in the county of Norfolk.

An Act for better supplying with water the town and neighbourhood of Barnsley, in the west riding

of the county of York.

An Act for the better supplying with water the town and neighbourhood of Leeds, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for granting more effectual powers for the regulation of the Court of Conscience within the

city of Bristol.

An Act for removing and preventing encroachments within the city and county of Bristol; and for better regulating the shipping, rivers, wharfs, backs and quays, and the markets within the same, and for other purposes.

 An Act for better assessing and collecting certain parochial and other rates within the city and the

county of Bristol.

An Act to enable the Shropshire and North Wales Assurance Company to sue and be sued in the name of the Managing Director for the time being, or of any one of the general or local Directors of the said

Company.

An Act for amending and enlarging the provisions of an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majestv, intituled "An Act to encourage the working of mines and quarries in Ireland, and to regulate a joint stock company for that purpose, to be called, the West Cork Mining Company.

An Act to cnable Edward Joshua Cooper, Esq. to establish and protect a salmon fishery upon the lakes and rivers of Owenmore and Arrow, and also within the bay of Ballisodare, in the county of Sligo, in

Ireland.

And ten private bills.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 7, 1837.

Westminster, July 3, 1837.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent

to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for granting to Her Majesty, until the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, certain duties on sugar imported into the United Kingdom for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

An Act for the amendment of the laws with

respect to wills.

An Act to amend an Act of the third and fourth years of His late Majesty for the limitation of actions and suits relating to real property, and for simplifying the remedies for trying the rights thereto.

An Act to make more effectual the provisions relating to the police in the district of Dublin metro-

polis.

An Act to alter the line of the Great Western Railway, and to amend the Acts relating thereto.

An Act to enable the Great Western Railway Company to extend the line of such railway, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to alter and extend the line of the South Eastern Railway, and to amend the Act relating

thereto.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers of an Act for making the Slamannan Railway, passed in the sixth year of His late Majesty, and to enable the Slamannan Railway Company to make and maintain a branch to Bathgate, in the county of Linlithgow.

Τ t 2

An

An Act for making and maintaining a railway to connect the Great North of England, Clarence, and Hartlepool Railways, in the county of Durham.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from the town of Dundalk, in the county of Louth, to the

town of Ballybay, in the county of Monaghan.

An Act to authorise the Durham Junction Railway Company to make a branch railway from the Durham Junction Railway, to be called the Houghton-le-Spring Branch.

An Act for altering, amending, improving, and extending the provisions of certain Acts of Parliament relating to the town of Liverpool, in the county

palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for improving the harbour of the burgh of Montrose, in the county of Forfar.

And two private Acts.

Kensington-Palace, July 5, 1837.

This day His Serene Highness the Duke of Saxe Meiningen, attended by Monsieur de Gersdorff, Minister Resident from the King of Saxony, had audience of Her Majesty; also Monsieur Van de Weyer, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Belgians, had audience of Her Majesty to deliver his new credentials:

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 11, 1837.

Earl Marshal's-Office, July 11, 1837.

THE Interment of His late Most Sacred Majesty King William the Fourth, of blessed memory, was solemnized in the Royal Chapel of St. George, within the Castle of Windsor, on Saturday evening the 8th instant.

A detailed account of the ceremonies observed upon this melencholy occasion will appear in a Supplement to this evening's Gazette.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 10, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 19th instant, at two o'clock.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S LEVEES, AT ST. JAMES'S-PALACE.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen who propose to attend Her Majesty's Levees at St. James's-Palace, are requested to bring with them two cards with their names thereon written, one to be left with the Queen's Page in attendance in the Presence-Cham-

Chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, who will announce the name to Her Majesty. And those Gentlemen who are to be presented are hereby informed, it is absolutely necessary that their names, with the name of the Gentleman who is to present them (not the Lord in Waiting), should be sent to the Lord Chamberlain's-Office, before twelve o'clock on Monday the 17th instant, and before twelve o'clock on every day but one previous to each succeeding Levee, in order that they may be submitted for the Queen's approbation; it being Her Majesty's command, that no presentation shall hereafter be made at the Levees, but in conformity with the above regulations; and further, that no person shall be admitted, on any pretence whatever, who has not been so presented.

It is particularly requested, that Gentlemen who are to be presented at the Levees will have their names distinctly written upon the card to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, in order that there may be no mistake in announcing them to the Queen.

The state apartments will not be open for the reception of company coming to Court, until half past one o'clock.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 10, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold a Drawing-Room, at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 20th instant, at two o'clock.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S DRAWING ROOMS.

The Ladies who purpose attending Her Majesty's Drawing-Rooms are requested to bring with them two cards, with their names legibly written thereon, one to be left with the Queen's Page in attendance in the Presence Chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, who will announce the name to Her Majesty. And those Ladies who are to be presented are hereby informed, that it is absolutely necessary that their names, together with the names of the Ladies who are to present them, should be sent into the Lord Chamberlain's Office, two clear days before the Drawing-Room, in order that they may be submitted for the Queen's approbation; it being Her Majesty's command, that no presentation shall take place, unless the name of the Lady presenting, together with that of the Lady to be presented, shall appear on the card to be delivered, as before directed, corresponding with the names sent in to the Lord Chamberlain's Office.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 10, 1837.

BY COMMAND OF HER MAJESTY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having Petitions or Addresses to present to Her Majesty at the Levee, are to write on two cards, with their their names, a statement of the object of such Petitions or Addresses, and of the persons from whom they come; one card to be delivered to the Page in the Ante-Room, and the other to the Lord in Waiting, who will read its contents, at the time of presentation, to Her Majesty; and that, on these occasions, no other statement is to be addressed to Her Majesty.

Whitehall, July 10, 1837.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration that, upon the decease of the Right Honourable Ann Baroness Crofton, of Mote, in the county of Roscommon, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, the title and dignity of Baron Croston devolved upon her grandson Edward now Baron Crofton, as eldest son of the late Sir Edward Crofton, Bart. (commonly called the Honourable Sir Edward Crofton, Bart.), who was, at the time of his death, heir presumptive to the said barony; and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the brother and sisters of the said Edward Baron Crofton cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their said late father had survived his said mother, and succeeded to the dignity of Baron Crofton; Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that William Crofton, Esq. a Lieutenant in the 85th Regiment, and his sisters, Susanna-Anne, wife of St. George-Francis Caulfield, of Dunamon-park, in the aforesaid county of Roscommon, Esq. Charlotte, wife of Gibbs-Crawford Antrobus, of Eaton-hall, in the county palatine of Chester, Esq. Frances, wife of Daniel Tighe, of Rosanna, in the county of Wicklow, Esq. Sophia-Crofton, Spinster, and Frederica, wife of HuHubert M'Laughlin, Clerk, Minister of the Protestant Chapel at Nice, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence as if their late father had succeeded

to the title and dignity of Baron Crofton:

And Her Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, July 10, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto William Frederick Lapidge, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Her royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the cross of a Commander of the Royal Order of Isabella the Catholick, which Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of Her royal approbation of his services in the operations undertaken for raising the siege of Bilboa; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms.

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 11, 1837.

FUNERAL OF HIS LATE MOST SACRED MAJESTY.

Earl Marshal's-Office, July 13, 1837.

THE Remains of His late Most Sacred Majesty King William the Fourth, of blessed memory, lay in state, in the Waterloo Chamber, in Windsor Castle, attended by one of the Lords of His late Majesty's Bedchamber, two Grooms of His late Majesty's Bedchamber, two Officers of Arms, four of His late Majesty's Gentlemen Ushers, six of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, and eight of the Yeomen of the Guard, from Friday the 7th instant, at ten o'clock in the morning, to the time of interment.

The State Apartment was hung with black cloth, as also the Great Staircase and the communication leading therefrom, in which were stationed Gentlemen at Arms and Yeomen of the Guard.

The Royal Body, covered with a purple velvet Pall, adorned with Escocheons of the Royal Arms, with the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom, and the Royal Crown of Hanover laid thereon, was placed under a Canopy of purple cloth, also having

Escocheons; the Royal Standard was suspended under the Canopy, and over the Body; and the following Banners, viz.: the Union Banner; the Banner of St. George; the Banner of Scotland; the Banner of Ircland; the Banner of Hanover; and the Banner of Brunswick; supported by Gentlemen at Arms, were arranged on each side of the Royal Body.

At the head of the Corpse was seated the Lord of the Bedchamber, between two Grooms of the Bedchamber, as Supporters; on each side of the Body stood two Gentlemen Ushers of His late Majesty; and the Officers of Arms stood at the feet.

The Public were admitted to the State Apartment from ten to four o'clock on Friday the 7th instant,

and from ten to three on the following day.

At eight o'clock on Saturday evening the 8th instant, His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, as Chief Mourner, attended by The Dukes of Somerset and Portland, as Supporters, took his seat at the head of the Corpse, and at nine o'clock the Procession, which had been previously formed in Saint George's Hall, moved through the State Apartment, and down the Great Staircase, (which was lined by men of the Household Brigade in equal proportions, every fourth man bearing a flambeau,) when the Royal Remains were conveyed along the Platform (which was lined with men from the Grenadicr Guards, the 2d Battalion Coldstream Guards, and 1st Battalion of Scots Fusilier Guards, every fourth man in like manner bearing a flambeau,) to St. George's Chapel in the following order:

Trumpets and Kettle Drums, and Drums and Fifes of the Foot Guards.

Drums and Fifes of the Royal Household.

Knight-Marshal's Men, two and two, with black Staves. Trumpets and Kettle Drums of the Royal Household.

Naval Knights of Windsor.

Military Knights of Windsor.

Pages of Her Majesty the Queen-Dowager,
John Gee.

Robert Fletcher.

Robert Quin.

Edward Blake.

James Shoemach, Esqre,

Pages of His late Majcsty,
William Randall.
G. Pocock.
G. Beckham.
W. Loades.
John Halse.
George Downs.
Aug. F. Gerding.
Hugh Kinnaird.
John Whiting.

Surgeons to His late Majesty's Household, John Samuel Gaskoin, Esq. John Phillips, Esq. Apothecaries to His late Majesty, Edward Duke Moore, Esq. Henry Brown, Esq.

The Rev. Isaac Gossett. The Vicar of Windsor,

Gentlemen Ushers Quarterly Waiters to His late Majesty,

John Strachan, Esq.

The remaining Gentlemen Ushers present walked in other places.

Charles Ellice, Esq. Pages of Honour to His late Majesty,

Frederick C. A. Stephenson, Esq. J. C. M. Cowell, Esq. Lord Kilmarnock.

Courtenay Boyle, Esq. Wm. C. Fowle, Esq. Grooms of the Privy Chamber to His late Majesty, A. J. Blackwood, Esq.

Win. Beresford, Esq.

Gendemen Ushers Daily Waiters to His late Majesty, Those present walked in other places.

Scricant Surgeons to His late Majesty,
Scricant Surgeons to Ais late Majesty, Sir Astley P. Cooper, Bt. G.C.H.

Robert Keate, Esq.

Sir John Conroy, Bart, K.C.H.

Sir Henry Halford, Bart. G.C.H. Sir William Burnett, K.C.H. Physicians in Ordinary to His late Majesty, David Davies, M.D. William Frederick Chambers, M.D. K.C.H. Sir Matthew Tierney, Bart. K.C.H.

Household Chaplain to His late Majesty, The Reverend Dr. Blomberg.

Equerries to Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent, Lieutenant-Colonel Honourable J. H. Caradoc, K.H.

Captain Honourable Frederick Spencer. Major-General Clement Hill. Lieutenant-Colonel Harcourt.

General Sir George Anson, G.C.B. Lieutenant-General the Honourable Arthur Upton, C.B. General Sir Frederick A. Wetherall, G.C.H.

Equery to Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester, Colonel Sir Samuel Gordon Higgins, K.C.H.

Equerry to Her Royal Highness the Princess Augusta, Major-General Sir Benjamin Charles Stephenson, G.C.II.

Equerries to His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, aste. Lieutenant-General Sir James Lyon, K.C.B. G.C.H. Colonel W. A. Keate.

Major-General Sir W. M. Gomm, K.C.B.

Lieutenant-General Sir Joseph Fuller, G.C.H.

Captain Lord John Spencer Churchill, R.N. Henry Frederick Stephenson, Esq. Colonel Thomas Wildman. Equerries to His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, Captain the Hon. Edward Gore, R.N. Harrison Gordon Codd, Esq. Captain de Starcke, R.N.

Marine Aide-de-Camp, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Adams Parke, R.M. C.B.

Captain Thomas Brown. Naval Aides-dc-Camp to His late Majesty, Captain Sir Andrew Pellatt Green, K.C.H.

Captain Sir Francis Augustus Collier, C.B. K.C.H. Captain J. W. D. Dundas. Captain Lord Radstock, C.B. Capt. the Hon. Sir Anthony Maitland, C.B.K.C.M.G.

Captain Sir John Phillimore, C.B.
Captain Sir Edward T. Troubridge, Bart.
T. Captain Sir John Louis, Bart.

Colonel Thomas William Brotherton, C.B. Colonel the Marquess of Huntly, K.T. Colonel George Brown, K.H. Colonel John Fremantle, C.B. Colonel Edward Baker. Colonel John Guille. Military Aides-de-Camp to His late Majesty, Colonel Sir Adolphus Dalrymple, Bart. Colonel Archibald Campbell, C.B. Colonel Viscount Valletort. Colonel Edward Wynyard. Colonel John Le Couteur. Colonel Charles R. Fox.

Adjutant-General of the Forces, Major-General Sir John Maedonald, K.C.B.

Equeries to Her Majesty the Queen Dowager, Captain George R. Pechell, R.N. Major-Gen. Sir James Macdonell, C.B. K.C.H. Principal Equerry.

Equerries to His late Majesty,
Colonel the Honourable H. F. C. Cavendish.

Colonel Sir Horace Seymour, K.C.H. Colonel W. Wemyss.

Maior-General Sir Edward Bowater, K.C.H. Major-General Sir George Quentin, C.B. K.C.H.

Lieutenant-General Sir Andrew F. Barnard, K.C.B. G.C.H. Clerk Marshal and First Equerry to Ilis late Majesty,

Colonel John Morillyon Wilson, K.H. Lieutenant-Colonel Sir George Hoste, C.B. Gendemen Ushers to Her Majesty the Queen Dowager.

Honourable Frederick Byng. Gentlemen Ushers of the Privy Chamber to His late Majesty,

The remaining Gentlemen Ushers present walked in other places.

Groom of the Robes to Hislate Majesty, Captain Francis Hugh George Seymour.

Vice-Admiral Sir C. Rowley, Bart. K. C. B. G. C. H. General the Honourable Sir W. Lumley, G.C.B. General Sir W. Houstoun, Bart. G.C.B. G.C.H. Colonel Sir James H. Reynett, K.C.H. Sir Wathen Waller, Bart, G.C.H. Colonel Thomas Armstrong. Grooms of the Bedchamber to His late Majesty, Vice-Admiral Sir Robert Waller Otway, Bart. K.C.B. Captain the Honourable George F Campbell, R.N. General Sir Tomkyns Hilgrove Turner, G.C.H. Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas W. Taylor. General the Honourable Edward Finch. Sir Joseph Whatley, K.C.II.

Captain Sir George Francis Seymour, R.N. C.B. G.C.H. Master of the Robes to His late Majesty,

The Solicitor General, Sir Robert M. Rolfe, Knt.

The Attorney General, Sir John Campbell, Knt.

Robert George Cecil Fane, Esq. Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy,

Edward Holrovd, Esq. John Samuel Martin Fonblanque, Esq. John Herman Merivale, Esq.

Joshua Evans, Esq. Charles Frederick Williams, Esq.

Chicf Judge of the Court of Bankunptcy, The Right Honourable Thomas Erskine, Barons of the Exchequer, Justices of the Court of Common Pleas and Queen's Bench according to Sir Edward H. Alderson, Knt. their respective precedencies,

Right Hon. Sir John Vaughan, Knt. Right Hon. Sir James Parke, Knt. Sir John Patteson, Knt.

Sir Joseph Littledale, Knt.

The Right Honourable Sir Nicholas-Conyngham Tindal. The Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas,

The Master of the Rolls, Lord Langdale. The Right Hon. Sir Launcelot Shadwell, Knt. The Vice-Chancellor of England,

The Lord Chief Justice of the Queen's-Bench, Lord Denman. Officers of the Board of Green Cloth, viz.

Rt. Hon. Sir Wm. Henry Majesty's Household, Treasurer of His late Sir Fred, Beilby Watson, K.C.H. Majesty's Household, Master of His late

Fremantle, G.C.H.

Rt. Hon. Geo. Stevens Byng. Comptroller of His late Majesty's Household,

Privy Councillors (not Peers) attended by the Clerks of the Council in Ordinary, Charles C. F. Greville, Esq. and the Hon. William Lennox Bathurst,

The Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice.
The Right Hon. Charles Poulett Thompson.
The Right Hon. Sir Robert Adair, G.C.B.
The Right Hon. Stephen R. Lushington.
The Right Hon. Sir H. W. W. Wynn, G.C.H.
The Right Honourable Henry Goulburn.
The Right Honourable Lord Robert Grosvenor. The Right Honourable Stewart Mackenzie.

The Right Hon. Sir Charles Edward Grey, G.C.H.
The Right Hon. Sir James Kempt, G.C.B. G.C.H.
The Right Hon. Sir James Kempt, G.C.B. G.C.H.
The Right Hon. Sir George Murray, G.C.B. G.C.H.
The Right Hon. Sir Robert Gordon, G.C.B. G.C.H.
The Right Hon. Charles Watkin-Williams Wynn.
The Right Hon. Sir Stratford Canning, G.C.B. The Right Honourable Lord John Russell.

Fitz Alan Pursuivant of Arms Extraordinary, Albert William Woods.

Eldest Sons of Barons,

Hon. John Arthur Douglas Bloomfield. Hon. John Gray. Hon. Richard Cornwallis Neville. Hon. Thomas Denman.

Rougedragon Pursuivant of Arms, Thomas William King.

Lord Dinorben.

Lord Fitzgerald and Vesci,

Lord Bexley.

Lord Sandys.

Lord Calthorpe.

Lord Grantley, Lord Saltoun, C.B. G.C.H. Lord Bloomfield, G.C.B. G.C.H. Lord Maryborough, G.C.H. Lord Aylmer, G.C.B. Lord Cowley, G.C.B. Lord Bateman. Lord Suffield, Lord Colville.

The remaining Barons who attended walked in other places.

Bluemantle Pursuivant of Arms, George Harrison Rogers Harrison.

The Bishop of Winchester, Prelate of the Garter. The Bishop of Hcreford. The Bishop of Rochester. The Bishop of Salisbury. The Bishop of London. Bishops, The Bishop of Worcester. The Bishop of Norwich. The Bishop of Ripon. The Bishop of Llandaff.

Rouge Croix Pursuivant of Arms, Robert Laurie, Eldest Sons of Earls, Viscount Emlyn. - Viscount Holmesdale.

Viscount Boringdon. Viscount Alford.
Viscount Clive.

Viscount Folkestone.

Portcullis Pursuivant of Arms, James Pulman.

Viscount Melville, K.T. Viscounts, Viscount Lake.

Viscount Barrington. Viscount Sydney.

The remaining Viscounts present walked in other places.

Chester Herald, Walter Aston Blount, Esq.

Earl of Belfast, G.C.H. Eldest Sons of Marquesses, Earl of Uxbridge. Viscount Castlereagh. Lord Loftus.

Charles George Young, Esq. York Herald,

Earls,

Earl of Sheffield.

Earl of Wilton, G.C.H.

Earl of Mayo, G.C.H.

Earl of Orkney. Earl Brownlow, G.C. H. Earl of Bandon. Earl Delawarr. Earl De Grey.

Earl of Coventry. Earl of Plymouth. Earl of Morton.

The remaining Earls who attended walked in other places.

Francis Martin, Esq. Windsor Herald,

Marquesses, The Marquess of Exeter, K.G. The Marquess of Downshire, K. P. The Marquess of Clanricarde, K.P.

The remaining Marquesses present walked in other places.

The Dukes present all walked in other places. Dukes,

The Minister of State of Hanover, The Baron Ompteda, G.C.H. The Earl Marshal and Hereditary Marshal of England, The Duke of Norfolk, K.G.

The Lord Privy Seal, The Lor Viscount Dungannon.

The Lord President of the Council, Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G.

Archbishops,
The Archbishop of Armagh.
The Lord High Chancellor,

The Lord Cottenham, in his full robes of office, and bearing the Purse.

The Archbishop of Canterbury.

James Cathrow-Disney, Esq., Somerset Herald, acting for Norroy. Norroy King of Arms,

Lord John Frederick Gordon, G.C.H. Lord Lilford. Lord Templemore. Lord Gardner. Lord Byron. Lords of His late Majesty's Bedchamber, Viscount Torrington. Viscount Ashbrook.

Captain of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, Lord Foley. Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, The Earl of Heliester.

Master of the Horse to the Queen Dowager, The Earl of Denbigh, G.C.H.

Master of the Horse to His late Majesty, The Earl of Albemarle, G. C. H. Groom of the Stole to His late Majesty, The Marquess of Winehester.

The Banners borne as follows, viz.

The BANNER of BRUNSWICK, by Lord Howden, G. C. B.

The Banner of Ireland, by the Earl of Shrewsbury.

The Banner of Hanover, by the Earl of Shaffesbury.

The Banner of Scothand, by the Earl of Erroll, K.T. G.C.H.

The Union Banner, by the Earl of Ducie.

The Banner of St. George, by Lord Strafford, G. C. B. G. C. H.

The ROYAL STANDARD, by Lord Hill, G.C.B. G.C.H.

Licutenant-Colonel C. Diggle, Gentleman Usher to His Supporter, late Majesty.

Charles Heneage, Esq. Gentleman Usher to His late Supporter, Majesty.

The Royal CROWN of HANOVER, borne on a purple velvet cushion, by Mr. Lichtenberg, K.C.H. Seeretary of the Hanoverian Legation.

Captain J. G. Green, Gentle-

Supporter,

man Usher to His late

Majesty.

KINGDOM, borne on a purple velvet cushion, by Joseph Hawker, Esq. The Imperial Crown of the United

Richmond Herald, acting for Clarenceux King of Arms.

tleman Usher to His late

Majesty:

Colonel W. C. Master, Gen-

Supporter,

The Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household,

The Duke of Argyll, G.C.H.

Vice-Chamberlain to Her Majesty the Queen Downger, in the absence of Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain,

Honourable William Ashley.

Supporter,

The Lord Chamberlain of His late Majes-The Marquess Conyngham, K.P. G.C.H. ty's Household, Lieut.-Colonel J. Lyster, Gentlenian Usher to His late Majesty.

William Martins, Esq. Gentleman Usher to His late Vice-Chamberlain of His late Majesty's Supporter, Lord Charles Fitzroy. Majesty. Household,

Sir Galbraith Lowry General Sir William Henry Army: General the Honourable Lieut.-General Sir Edward Lieut.-General Sir Thos. The Earl of Minto, G.C.B. The Earl of Aberdeen, The Earl of Winchilsea. Assisted by the following General the Hon. Sir Chas. Colvulle, G. C. B. G.C.H. Lieut.-Genl. Sir Rufane S. Donkin, K.C.B. G.C.H. General Officers in the Supporters of the Clinton, G. C. B. The Earl of Fingall. Barnes, G. C. B. The Earl of Ripon. Canopy, Cole, G. C.B. Bradford, Richmond, K. G. Supporters of the Wellington, K.G. Buccleuch, K. G. The Earl Ca-The Duke of The Earl of The Duke of dogan, C. b. The Duke of Assisted by Velvet Pall, adorned Covered with a Purple with ten Escocheons ROYAL BODY, of the Imperial Arms, under a Canopy of Purple Velvet. Northumberland, Supporters of the The Earl of The Duke of The Duke of The Duke of Assisted by Sutherland. Beaufort. Leitrim, K. G. Pall, The Earl of Effingliam, Admiral Lord Amelius Admiral Sir Lawrence Hal-Admiral Sir Harry Neale, Beauclerk, G.C.B.G.C.H. Admiral Sir Thomas Byam Admiral SirCharles Nugent, Admiral Sir J. Hawkins-The Earl of Haddington. Assisted by the following The Earl of Durham, Bart. G.C.B. G. C.M.G. Flag-Officers of the Supporters of the Whitshed, G. C. B. The Earl Fitzwilliam.

Navy:

G. C. H.

sted, G. C. B.

The Earl of Craven.

G. C. B.

Lieut.-General Hon. Sir

G. C. H.

Surrey.

Lord Seymour.

Admiral Sir Richard Lee,

Admiral Sir Henry Bayntuni, K. C. B.

Martin, G. C. B.

Major-General Sir Thomas

Arbuthnot K C B.

R. O'Callaghan, K. C. B.

Gentleman Usher Daily Waiter Sir William Woods, K. H. Clarenceux, Gentleman Usher of the Black to His late Majesty, Arms, bearing the Sceptre of Garter. Sir A. W. J. Clifford, Knt. C.B.

To and brand of

THE CHIEF MOURNER,

The Duke of Somerset, in a black cloak. Supporter, K. G. HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF SUSSEX, in a long black cloak, with the Star of the Most Noble Order of the Garter embroidered thereon, and wearing the Collar of that Order. The Duke of Portland, in a black cloak. Supporter,

The Marquess of Salisbury. Train Bearers to His Royal Highness the Chief Mourner, The Marquess of Westminster.

The Earl of Mulgrave, G. C. H. The Earl of Charlemont, K. P. Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. The Earl of Yarborough. The Earl of Tankerville. Earl Amherst, G.C. H. Lord Wharncliffe. Lord Glenelg.

Viscount Falkland, G.C. H. The Earl of Scarborough. The Earl of Meath, K.P. The Earl of Chiehester. The Earl of Verulam. Viscount Melbourne. Lord Ellenborough. The Earl Cawdor. Sixtcen Peers, Assistants to the Chief Mourner,

Major-Gen. Sir Henry Wheatley, The Executors named in the Will of His late Most Sacred Majesty, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Herbert Taylor, G.C.B., G.C.H. Col. Thomas Wood.

HIS SERENE HIGHNESS THE REIGNING DUKE OF SAXE MEININGEN, K.G. attended by James Hudson, Esq. Resident Gentleman Usher to Her Majesty the Queen Dowager.

HIS SERENE HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF LEININGEN, G. C. H.

HIS SERENE HIGHNESS THE PRINCE ERNEST OF HESSE PHILIPPSTHAL BARCHFELD, G. C. B. G. C. H.

Gentlemen at Arms, with their axes reversed.

Ycomen of the Guard, with their partizans reversed,

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Upon the arrival of the Procession at the South Door of St. George's Chapel, the trumpets and drums and the Knight Marshal's Men filed off without the door.

At the entrance of the Chapel, the Royal Body was received by the Dean and Prebendaries, attended by the Choirs of Windsor and of the Chapel Royal (who fell in immediately before Norroy King of Arms), and the Procession moved down the South Aisle and up the Nave into the Choir, where the Royal Body was placed on a platform under a canopy of purple velvet, having thereon escocheons of the Royal Arms, and surmounted by an Imperial Crown, and the Crowns and Cushions were laid upon the Coffin.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, Chief Mourner, sat on a Chair at the head of the Corpse,

and the Supporters stood on each side.

His Royal Highness Prince George of Cambridge was seated near the Chief Mourner, as were also the Duke of Saxe Meiningen, the Prince of Leiningen, and the Prince Ernest of Hesse Philippsthal.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household stood at the feet of the Corpse; and the Supporters and Assistant Supporters of the Pall and of the Canopy arranged themselves on each side of the

Royal Body.

The Train Bearers and the Peers, Assistants to the Chief Mourner, arranged themselves behind His Royal Highness.

The Peers bearing the Banners were placed on

each side near the Altar.

During the Service the Knigths of the Garter present occupied their respective stalls, with the exception of the Duke of Somerset, one of the Supporters to the Chief Mourner, and those Knights of the Order who were Supporters of the Pall.

The Ministers of State and Nobility, not in at-

tend-

tendance near the Royal Body, Bishops, Privy Councillors, Judges, and Law Officers, were placed in the vacant and intermediate stalls, and in the lower seats on each side of the Choir. The Grooms of the Bedchamber, Gentlemen Ushers of the Privy Chamber, Equerries, and others composing part of the Procession, were arranged on each side of the Altar. The Gentlemen at Arms took their station at the entrance, just without the Choir.

The part of the Service before the interment and the Anthem being performed, the Royal Body was deposited in the vault, and the Service being concluded, Sir William Woods, Clarenceux, Deputy to Garter Principal King of Arms, pronounced near the grave the styles of His late Most Sacred Ma-

jesty, of blessed memory, as follows:

"THUS it hath pleased Almighty God to take out
"of this transitory life, unto His Divine Mercy,
"the late Most High, Most Mighty, and
"Most Excellent Monarch WILLIAM THE
"FOURTH, by the Grace of God, of the
"United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ire"land, King, Defender of the Faith, and
"Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the
"Garter; King of Hanover, and Duke of

" Brunswick and Lunenburgh.

"and preserve with long life, health, and "honour, and all worldly happiness, the Most "High, Most Mighty, and Most Excellent "Princess, Our Sovereign Lady, VICTORIA, "now, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, "QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, and So-"vereign of the Most Noble Order of the

" Let us humbly beseech Almighty God to bless

" Garter.

[&]quot; GOD save QUEEN VICTORIA."

After which the Marquess Conyngham, Lord Chamberlain to His late Majesty, and the Duke of Argyll, His late Majesty's Lord Steward, and the other Officers of His late Majesty's Household, broke their Staves of Office, and, kneeling near the grave, deposited the same in the Royal Vault; whereupon their Royal Highnesses the Princes of the Blood Royal, the Foreign Princes, the Great Officers of State, Nobility, and others, who had composed the Procession, retired from the Chapel.

The Knights of the several Orders, present on

The Knights of the several Orders, present on the occasion, wore their respective Collars, with white rosettes. In pursuance of Her Majesty's Order, the Great Officers of State, Her Majesty's Ministers, and the Officers of the Royal Household, appeared in their State Uniforms, with black waistcoats, breeches, stockings, and buckles, uniform swords with crape, and black feathers in their hats. The Officers of the Army and Navy appeared in full dress Uniforms, with the mourning directed to be worn by them respectively at Court. The Bishops appeared in their Rochets, and with full lawn sleeves; the Peers, eldest Sons of Peers, Privy Councillors, and others, not included in the Royal Order, appeared in full dress black.

Within the Chapel, the Procession, from the south door down the south aisle, was lined by Men of the Foot Guards; and the centre of the Chapel, to the entrance of the choir, by dismounted Men of the Household Brigade, every fourth man

bearing a flambeau.

The Bands were on the right of their respective Battalions. The Band of the Grenadier Guards commenced the Dead March in Saul on the Procession arriving at the right flank of that Regiment; the Band of the Scots Fusilier Guards took up the Dead March in Saul, on the Procession reaching its right flank; and, in like manner, the Band of the Coldstream Regiment of Foot Guards took it up,

and continued it until the Body was met by the

Clergy.

From four o'clock in the morning until nine in the evening, guns were fired at intervals of five minutes; and from nine o'clock until the conclusion of the ceremony, minute guns were fired.

NORFOLK, Earl Marshal.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 14, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, July 13, 1837.
BY COMMAND OF THE QUEEN.

NO persons are to remain in the Throne room having passed Her Majesty at the Levees, but the Ministers, the Great Officers of the Household, the Foreign Ministers, and the Officers of the Household upon duty.

And at the Drawing-Rooms, the Ladies of the Ministers, of the Great Officers of the Household, and of the Foreign Ministers.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, July 14, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 15th of June, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlboroughhouse, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the entrée, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons having the entrée may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no 1837.

person can be allowed the privilege of the entrée by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the entrée will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

At the Court at St. James's, the 21st day of June 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled " An Act for . " carrying into effect the reports of the Commis-" sioners appointed to consider the state of the " Established Church in England and Wales, with " reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so " far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, " and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral aud collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the

efficiency of the Established Church, and 'to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commisamongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that out of the property of the sec of Durham provision be forthwith made for the completion of those augmentations of poor benefices which the late bishop (meaning thereby the late Right Reverend William Van Mildert) had agreed to grant, but which he left uncompleted at the time of his death:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Z 2 2

Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Ghancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, he one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be bestadapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners sie thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from p oposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, so should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepated under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops where-

whereof might or should be in any respect

affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as may be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be in-

serted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted; it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, duly prepared, and laid before His late Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, in the words and figures following, that is

to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying ino effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for carrying into effect that part of the said Act which directs, that out of the property of the see of Durham, provision should be made, for the completion of those augmentations of poor benefices, which the late William Bishop of Durham had agreed to grant, but

but which he left uncompleted at the time of his death.

We humbly recommend and propose, that the several sums, which, in the schedule marked (A.), hereunto annexed (which schedule we recommend and propose shall be considered and taken as part of this scheme), we have set opposite to the respective names of the perpetual curacies of Esh, St. Helen's Auckland, Etherley, Shildon, and Escomb. all in the diocese of Durham, and in the patronage of the Bishop of Durham, be forthwith paid by us, out of the moneys now standing to our credit and account at the Bank of England, to the several persons who were incumbents of the said curacies respectively on the twenty-first day of February now last past, as and for one whole year's payment, to the amount agreed to be granted, in cach case respectively, by the said William late Bishop of Durham, from the twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, the day of the death of the said Bishop, to the said twenty-first of February now last past.

And we further recommend and propose, that a fixed annual sum, to the same amount, in each case respectively, shall be paid by us, out of the moneys which shall be from time to time standing to our credit and account as aforesaid, to each of the incumbents for the time being, respectively, of the said several perpetual curacies, by equal half yearly payments, on the twenty-first day of February and the twenty-first day of August in each year, the first of such payments to be made on the twenty first day of August now next ensuing; and that whenever a vacancy in any of the said several perpetual curacics shall happen on any other day than the twenty-first day of February or the twenty-first day of August, the next half-yearly payment shall in every such case be apportioned, between the incumbent making the vacancy or his representatives, and the incumbent succeeding to the perpetual curacy so becoming vacant, according to the time which shall have clapsed from the last day of payment to the day of the vacancy inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid to the respective

parties accordingly.

And we further recommend and propose, that, in addition to the payment herein before recommended and proposed to be made to the incumbent of the perpetual curacy of Etherley for the time being, the lands, tenements, and hereditaments purchased and set apart for the purpose by the said William late Bishop of Durham, and particularly described in the schedule marked (B.), hereunto annexed (which schedule we also recommend and propose shall be considered and taken as part of this scheme), shall be permanently annexed to and become and be for ever part of the property and endowment of the said perpetual curacy of Etherley, and of the incumbent thereof, and his successors perpetual curates of Etherley for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing the augmentation of Trinity Chapel, in the parish of Stockton-upon-Tees, whenever the conditions required by the said William late Bishop of Durham shall have been com-

plied with.

All of which we humbly recommend and propose

To your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this first day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Schedule (A.)

Esh,		_	-	£125
St. Helen's	Auckland,			82
Etherley,	-	**	-	130
Shildon,	-	-	_	-225
Escomb,	- ,	-	-	120

Sche-

Schedule (B.)

All that freehold messuage or tenement or dwelling house, and the two cottages, and the barn, stable, cow-house, and other out-buildings thereunto adjoining and belonging (the site of all which said premises contains one rood and sixteen perches, or thereabouts); and all those three several freehold fields, closes, or pieces or parcels of land or ground lying and being contiguous to the said messuage or dwelling-house and premises, and containing together, by estimation, fifteen acres and ten perches, or thereabouts, be the same more or less, all which said premises are situate at Etherley, and in the chapelry of Saint Helen's Auckland, and parish of Saint Andrew's Auckland, in the county of Durham, and were formerly part of a certain moor or common, called Railey Fell, or Evenwood Moor or Common, and were formerly estimated to contain seventeen acres one rood and twenty perches or thereabouts; and which said messuage or tenement, cottages, pieces or parcels of land, and premises, were heretofore in the tenure or occupation of William Taylorson, or his tenants, afterwards of David Searth and Jane, his wife, or their tenants, afterwards of Francis Sanderson, or his tenants, and are now in the tenure or occupation of the Reverend George Watson, perpetual curate of Etherley aforesaid, his undertenants, or assigns, or by whatsoever other name or names, quantities, qualities, or other descriptions with reference to occupation, boundaries, or otherwise, the same messuage or tenement, cottages, pieces or parcels of land, and hereditaments, or any of them, or any part or parts thereof, now are or is, or at any time or times heretofore have or hath been, called, known, described, or distinguished, with all rights, privileges, and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And'

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Durham.

Wm, L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at "county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall

be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled. as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties. " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place :

And whereas the justices of the peace, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace held at Bodmin, in and for the county of Cornwall, on the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that number of polling places for the eastern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Camelford may be a polling place for the said division:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the town of Camelford shall be a polling place for the said eastern division; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said eastern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King. William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking the poll at " county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions, assembled, representing, that the number of polling, places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties,. " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts toeach polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace of the 3 A 2 county

county of Durham, in quarter sessions assembled, at the city of Durham, in the said county, on the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the towns of Gateshead and Hetton-le-Hole may

be polling places for the said division: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant tothe said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the towns of Gateshead and Hetton-le-Hole shall be polling places for the said northern division; and further, that the justices of the peace of the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said northern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it was enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the county of Essex,

at the general quarter sessions of the peace assembled, holden at Chelmsford, in and for the said county, on the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county of Essex is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Stratford, in the parish of Westham, may be a polling place for the said southern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that Stratford, in the parish of Westham, shall be a polling place for the southern division of the said county of Essex; and further that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His said late Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837;

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on pctition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, confermably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county

of Northumberland, in the quarter sessions assembled, at Hexham, in and for the said county, on the twenty-ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the south division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of North Shields may be a polling

Place for the said division:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the town of North Shields shall be a polling place for the said south division; and further, that the justices of the peace of the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His said late Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said south division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Westminster, July 12, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop

bishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of thirteen millions six hundred and twenty-three thousand three hundred pounds, by exchequer bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

An Act to amend certain laws of Excise relating to the duties on malt, made in the United Kingdom.

An Act to repeal the several laws relating to the Post-office.

An Act for the management of the Post-office.

An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage. An Act for regulating the sending and receiving of letters and packets by the Post-office free from the

duty of postage.

An Act for consolidating the laws relative to offences against the Post-office of the United Kingdom, and for regulating the judicial administration of the Post-office laws, and for explaining certain terms and expressions employed in those laws.

An Act to abolish certain offices in the superior courts of common law, and to make provision for a more effective and uniform establishment of officers

in those courts.

An Act to provide for the costs of prosecutions for concealing the birth of children by secret burying or

otherwise disposing of their dead bodies.

An Act to alter the mode of giving notices for the holding of vestries, of making proclamations, in cases of outlawry, and of giving notices on Sundays

with respect to various matters.

An Act to continue, until the first day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirtyeight, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act for the more effectual administration of the office of a Justice of the Peace in and near the metropolis.

An Act for continuing military commissions and commissions in the Royal Marines in force, notwith-

standing the demise of the Crown.

An Act to vest the Rolls estate in Her Majesty, and to provide for the future payment of the salary of the Master of the Rolls, and the expences of the

Rolls chapel.

An Act to continue, until the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and thirtyeight, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act of the ninth year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, for the administration of justice in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land.

An Act for enabling Her Majesty to grant the rank of General Officers to foreigners now bearing Her Majesty's commission, and to permit the enlist-

ment of foreigners under certain restrictions.

An Act to amend the laws for the recovery of small

debts by civil bill in Ircland.

An Act to appoint a second commissioner of bankrupt in Ireland, and to amend an Act, passed in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled " An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts in Ireland."

An Act for the more effectual recovery of small debts in the Sheriff Courts, and for regulating the establishment of circuit courts for the trial of small

debt causes by the sheriffs in Scotland.

An Act to continue an Act of the fifty-fourth year of His Majesty King George the Third, for rendering the payment of creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland until the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament.

An Act to interpret the words "Sheriff" "Sheriff

Clerk"

Clerk" "Shire" "Sheriffdom" and "County" occur-

ring in Acts of Parliament relating to Scotland.

An Act to repeal the prohibition of the payment of the salaries and allowances of the East India Company's officers during their absence from their respective stations in India.

An Act for further extending the time for completing the Wishaw and Coltness Railway, in the county of Lanark

An Act for making a railway from the town and port of Maryport to the borough of Carlisle, to be

called "The Maryport and Carlisle Railway."

An Act to enable the Great North of England Railway Company to extend the line of their railway, and to make two branches therefrom, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to alter, amend, explain, and enlarge the powers of the several Acts for making and maintain-

ing the Clarence Railway.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from the city of Dublin to the city of Kilkenny, to be called the Great Leinster and Munster Railway.

An Act to enable the Kilmarnock and Troon Railway Company to raise a further sum of money, to alter and amend the line of the said railway, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to alter the line of the Dublin and Drogheda Railway, and to amend the Act relating thereto.

An Act for making a railway from the city of Chester to Brikenhead.

An Act for making a railway from the city of

Cork to the town of Passage.

An Act for the better paving, lighting, watching, and cleansing the burgh of Dundee, and for maintaining and regulating the police of the same, and places adjacent, and other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for improving the piers and harbour of Bridlington, in the east riding of the county of

3 B 2 York

York, and for rendering the same more safe and com-

modious as a harbour of refuge.

An Act to make and maintain a canal from the Forth and Clyde Canal, in the county of Lanark, to Campsie Alum Works, in the county of Stirling.

An Act for enabling the Directors of the Manchester Gas Works to purchase land, buildings, and

apparatus for the extension of their works.

An Aet to increase the tonnage rates and duties granted by an Act passed in the fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for improving the outfall of the River Welland, in the county of Lincoln, and to alter and enlarge the powers of the said Act.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty, for erecting, establishing, and maintaining a market in the parish of Saint George the Martyr, in the borough of

Southwark.

An Act to enable the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Liverpool, to open and widen certain streets and places in the town of Liverpool, and otherwise to improve the same; and to enable the said Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses to appropriate lands, tenements, and hereditaments for public purposes, and also to erect public buildings.

And ten private Acts.

St. James's-Palace, July 12, 1837.

THIS day the Right Hononrable the Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, and Officers of the city of London, waited upon Her Majesty, when the Honourable Charles Ewan Law, the Recorder, made their compliments of congratulation and condolence in the following Address,

which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of London, most humbly approach your Majesty, for the purpose of giving expression to our feelings on occasion of the demise of our late Most Gracious Sovereign, and of the accession of your Majesty to the Throne.

Long and justly as the House of Brunswick has been endeared to the nation, we deem it a privilege to be permitted to sympathize in their afflictions; and we most sineerely condole with your Majesty, the Widowed Queen, and the Royal Family, under the bereavement by which an All-wise Providence has been pleased to remove from this transitory state a Sovereign who lived and reigned in the affections

of His Family and people.

While with feelings of the deepest and most affectionate interest we contemplate your Majesty, thus early called to wield the sceptre of this mighty empire, we rejoice that your Majesty is no stranger to your people, nor to their institutions; "born and bred a Briton," your Majesty has been trained to admire and venerate our glorious constitution in Church and State, while your Majesty's former expeciations with these who are now your Majesty's associations with those who are now your Majesty's liege subjects, must have convinced your Majesty of their devoted loyalty to your Majesty's Illustrious House, and their no less devoted attachment to the institutions of the country, both sacred and civil.

We pray your Majesty to be assured, that our suppli-eations will ascend to that Gracious Being by whom "Kings reign and Princes decree justice;" that, "wisdom profitable to direct," may be imparted to your Majesty in the performance of the duties of your exalted station; that your Majesty's reign may be

long

long and prosperous, that it may be eminently distinguished by a zealous defence on the part of your Majesty of that reformed Church of which your Majesty is, under God, the head; and by the continuance to all classes and denominations of your Majesty's subjects of that protection in the exercise of the rights of conscience, which has so long and so happily prevailed in this highly favoured land; and further that a wise, a just, and merciful administration, by your Majesty, of the laws may be met by affectionate and loyal obedience on the part of a free, a happy, and a grateful people.

Signed, by order of the court,

Henry Woodthorpe.

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

" I receive, with much satisfaction, this loyal and dutiful Address.

"I partake in the sorrow which you feel for the loss the nation has sustained by the death of His late Majesty.

"In the congratulation which you offer to Mc upon My accession, you estimate justly My love for My people, and My reverence for the Constitution

of My country.

"I fervently join in the prayers which you offer up for the prosperity of My reign, and for the welfare of My subjects; and you may securely rely upon My determination to maintain the Reformed Church, to protect the rights of conscience, and to administer the law in justice and in mercy."

They were all very graciously received, and had the honour of kissing Her Majesty's hand.

St. James's-Palace, July 12, 1837.

THIS day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, Common Council, and Officers of the city of London, waited upon Her Majesty with the following Address, which was read by the Honourable Charles Ewan Law, the Recorder, and which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

The dutiful and loyal Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, approach your Majesty with feelings of the deepest grief and sympathy upon the occasion of the loss your Majesty and the Nation have sustained, in the death of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, a Prince whose warm attachment to the liberties and privileges of a free and loyal people, and whose constant solicitude to improve the institutions of His country, and to advance the interests and happiness of all classes of His subjects, secured to him while living, and will attach to His memory for future ages, the respect the gratitude, and the affections of a great nation.

While we bow with resignation to the inscrutable dispensations of Providence, we acknowledge its mercy in prolonging the life of our late beloved Monarch to a period when your Majesty, under the maturnal care of your illustrious Parent, became qualified to fill the Throne of this great empire.

qualified to fill the Throne of this great empire. We hail with heartfelt gratification your Majesty's auspicious Accession to the Throne, and have received with the liveliest satisfaction your Majesty's most gracious declaration and assurance, that it will be your Majesty's unceasing study to maintain the reformed religion as by law established, securing at the same time to all the full enjoyment of religious liberty; and that your Majesty will steadily protect the rights, and promote, to the utmost of your Majesty's power, the happiness and welfare of all classes of your subjects. And we carnestly pray, that your Majesty's life may be long spared to realize the just expectations of a free, loyal, and devoted people.

Signed, by order of the court,

Henry Woodthorpe.

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"It gives Me great pleasure to receive this loyal Address from the Common Council of My city of London.

"The grief, which you express for the loss of His late Majesty, and the just tribute which you pay to His virtues, are alike in accordance with My

opinions and congenial to My feelings.

"I receive your congratulations with the most lively satisfaction, and you may rely upon My adherence to the declaration with which I commenced My reign, and upon My determination to maintain the Reformed Religion as by law established, and at the same time to secure to all the full enjoyment of religious liberty.

" I trust that I may be permitted, by Divine Providence, to promote the happiness of all classes of My subjects, and to fulfil the expectations of My

free and loyal people."

They were all very graciously received, and had the honour of kissing Her Majesty's hand.

At

At the Court at St. James's-Palace, July 12, 1837.

CEREMONIAL of the Investiture of His Highness Prince Esterhazy, Ambassador Extraordinary from the Emperor of Austria, with the Ensigns of an Honorary Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled at St. James's-Palace, viz. Lord Howden, his Grace the Duke of Wellington, Lord Viscount Strangford, Lord Viscount Beresford, Lord Lynedoel, Lord Hill, Lord Cowley, Lord Viscount Combermere, Lord Stuart de Rothsay, Lord William Henry Cavendish Bentinck, the Honourable Sir Galbraith Lowry Cole, the Right Honourable Sir George Murray, Sir William-Henry Clinton, the Honourable Sir Charles Colville, the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt, Sir George Townshend Walker, Bart., the Earl of Effingham, the Right Honourable Sir Charles Bagot, Lord Bloomfield, Sir Harry Neale, Bart., Sir Archibald Campbell, Bart., Sir Edward Codrington, the Right Honourable Sir Stratford Canning, the Right Honourable Sir Robert Gordon, Sir Thomas Byam Martin, Sir James Hawkins Whitshed, Bart., Sir Philip Charles Henderson Durham, Sir William Houstonn, Bart, Sir Edward Barnes, Lord Strafford, the Right Honourable Sir Robert Adair, Sir Thomas Williams, the Honourable Sir William Lumley, Sir James-Willoughby Gordon, Bart., Lord Viscount Palmerston, Sir George Anson, Sir Thomas Dallas, Lord Viscount Canterbury, Sir Herbert Taylor, the Earl of Minto, Sir John Weils, Sir William Henry Pringle, His Seiene Tighness Prince Ernest of Hesse Philippsthal-Barchfeld, Sir Graham Moore, Sir Laurence William Halsted, and the Earl of Durham, attended by the 1837.

under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. Walter-Aston Blount, Esq. (Chester Herald), Genealogist; Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; Captain Michael Seymour, R. N. Register and Secretary; and Sir William Woods (Clarenceux King of Arms), acting as Gentleman Usher of the Order.

At half past two o'clock, the Knights Grand Crosses were called over by Bath King of Arms, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign in the Throne-

room, with the usual reverences.

Then, by Her Majesty's command, His Highness Prince Esterhazy was introduced into the Royal Presence, between Sir Laurence William Halsted and the Earl of Durham (the two junior Knights Grand Crosses present), preceded by Bath King of Arms (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson velvet cushion), and by the Gentleman Usher of the Order, and was conducted to the right hand of the Sovereign.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to the Queen by Lord Howden, the senior Knight Grand Cross, His Highness was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss Her Majesty's

hand.

Lord Howden, having received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented the same to the Sovereign, and Her Majesty was pleased to put the same over the Prince's right shoulder; His Highness, having again had the bonour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and, having received from Her Majesty the star of a Knight Grand Cross, retired.

Then, by Her Majesty's command, the Knights Grand Crosses were again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the usual reverences.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY of JULY 17, 1837.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION,

For dissolving the present Parliament, and declaring the calling of another.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to dissolve this present Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the tenth day of August next: We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby dissolve the said Parliament accordingly; and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for shires and burghs, of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said Thursday the tenth day of August next: and We, being desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our people, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby make known to all Our loving subjects Our Royal will and pleasure to call a new Parliament: and do hereby further declare, that, with the advice of Our Privy Council, We have given order that Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, and Our Chancellor of Ireland, do respectively, upon notice thereof, forthwith issue out writs in due form, and according to 3 C 2

law, for calling a new Parliament: and We do hereby also, by this Our Royal Proclamation under Our Great Seal of Our United Kingdom, require writs forthwith to be issued accordingly by Our said Chancellors respectively, for causing the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, who are to serve in the said Parliament, to be duly returned to, and give their attendance in, Our said Parliament; which writs are to be returnable on Monday the eleventh day of September next.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham-palace, this seventeenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION,

In order to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland.

FICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS We have in Our Council thought fit to declare Our pleasure, for summoning and holding a Parliament of Our United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, on Monday the eleventh day of September next ensuing the date hereof; in order, therefore, to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, who are to sit in the House of Peers in the said Parliament, We do, by the advice of Our Privy Council, issue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at Holyrood-House, in Edinburgh, on Friday the twenty-fifth day of August next ensuing, between

the hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and choose the Sixteen Peers, to sit and vote in the House of Peers in the said ensuing Parliament, by open election and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the proxies of such as shall be absent (such proxies being Peers, and producing a mandate in writing, duly signed before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law), and the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the Principal Clerks of the Session as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such meeting, and to administer the oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such election made and duly examined, to certify the names of the Sixteen Peers so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers the electors, and return such certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain. And We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly command and require the Provost of Edinburgh, and all other the Magistrates of the said city, to take especial care to preserve the peace thereof, during the time of the said election, and to prevent all manner of riots, tumults, disorders, and violence whatsoever. And We strictly charge and command that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market-Cross at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Seotland, twenty-five days, at least, before the time hereby appointed for the meeting of the said Peers to proceed to such election. such election.

Witness Ourself at Westminster, this seventeenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 18, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 17, 1837.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Gentlemen who attend Her Majesty's Levee next Wednesday, are not expected to be present at the Drawing-Room on the following day.

Buckingham-Palace, July 17, 1837.

THIS day Her Majesty proceeded in state from Buckingham-Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived about two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from her state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Deputy Lord Great Chamberlain, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Lord Viscount Melbourne, Clarenceux King of Arms, in the absence of Garter, and the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

Her Majesty was there robed, and the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the imperial crown was borne by the Duke of Somerset, K. G. the sword of state by the Lord Viscount Melbourne, and the cap of maintenance by the

Marquess of Winchester.

Her Majesty being seated on the Throne, the

Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I HAVE been anxious to seize the first opportunity of meeting you, in order that I might repeat in person My cordial thanks for your condolence upon the death of His late Majesty, and for the expressions of attachment and affection with which you congratulated Me upon My accession to the Throne. I am desirous of renewing the assurance of My determination to maintain the Protestant Religion as established by law, to secure to all the free exercise of the rights of conscience, to protect the liberties, and to promote the welfare of all classes of the community.

I rejoice that in ascending the Throne I find the country in amity with all Foreign Powers; and while I faithfully perform the engagements of My Crown, and carefully watch over the interests of My subjects, it shall be the constant object of My

solicitude to preserve the blessings of peace.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you for the liberal supplies which you have granted for the public service of the year, as well as for the provision which you have made to meet the payments usually chargeable upon the Civil List.

I will give directions that the public expenditure, in all its branches, be administered with the strictest economy.

My

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

In taking leave of this Parliament, I return you My thanks for the zeal and assiduity with which you have applied yourselves to the public business of the

country.

Although your labours have been unexpectedly interrupted by the melancholy event which has taken place, I trust that they will have the beneficial effect of advancing the progress of legislation in a new Parliament. I perceive with satisfaction that you have brought to majurity some useful measures, amongst which I regard with peculiar interest the amendment of the criminal code and the reduction of the number of capital punishments. I hail this mitigation of the severity of the law as an auspicious commencement of My eign.

I ascend the Throne under a deep sense of the responsibility which is imposed upon Me, but I am supported by the conscousness of My own right intentions, and by My dependence upon the protection of Almighty God. It will be My care to strengthen our institutions, civil and ecclesiastical, by discreet improvement, wherever improvement is required, and to do all in My power to compose and

allay animosity and discort

Acting upon these principles I shall, upon all occasions, look with conidence to the wisdom of Parliament and the affectons of My people, which form the true support of te dignity of the Crown, and ensure the stability of he Constitution.

Then the Lord Chancelor, by Her Majesty's command, said:

My Lords, and Gentlenen,

It is Her Majesty's roya will and pleasure, that this Parliament be proroged to Thursday the tenth day of August net, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thursday the tent day of August next.

At

At the Court at St. James's, the 21st day of June 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for " carrying into effect the reports of the Commis-" sioners appointed to consider the state of the " Established Church in England and Wales, with " reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so " far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales. with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand 1837.

eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that, in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishopries, such fixed annual sums should be paid to the Commissioners, out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively, as should, upon due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave as an average annual income, to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and to the Bishops of Worcester and Bath and Wells, respectively, five thousand pounds; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the revenues belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March onc thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the next avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of

the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ircland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of this Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further chacted, that every such Order, as soon as may be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, should be inserted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent,

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grant,

grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwith-

standing:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, duly prepared, and laid before His late Majesty in Conncil, a scheme, bearing date the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and which is in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports "of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and "Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and "revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for fixing the annual sums to be paid to us, out of the revenues of the larger sees, in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishoprics.

We humbly recommend and propose, in order to leave to the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and to the Bishops of London, Winchester, Bath and Wells, and Worcester, respectively, the average annual incomes specified in the said Act, as near as may be, that upon the first avoidance of the several sees named in the first column of the schedule hereunto annexed (which schedule we recommend and propose shall be considered and taken as part of this scheme), the archbishops and bishops succeeding to the said sees respectively, and their respective successors, shall pay, or cause to be paid, to our credit,

into the Bank of England, to an account, intituled " Account with the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," by equal half-yearly payments, the fixed annual sums set opposite to the names of the said sees respectively in the second column of the said schedule, the first payment in each such case to be made at the end of six calendar months from the day of the avoidance of the respective sees, whether the same shall happen by death, translation, or otherwise; and that whenever a vacancy of any of the said sees shall hereafter happen on any other day than the half-yearly day of payment so calculated as aforesaid, then, in each such case, the next half-yearly payment shall be apportioned between the Archbishop or Bishop making the vacancy, or his representatives, and the Archbishop or Bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last halfyearly day of payment to the day of the vacancy inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid by the respective parties accordingly: provided, nevertheless and we further recommend and propose, that if a vacancy of the see of Canterbury shall happen, before the mortgage debt due from the Archbishop of Canterbury, for money borrowed under the provisions of an Act, passed in the tenth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for repair-ing, altering, and improving Lambeth-palace, and the mansion-house at Addington, shall be fully paid off, or if a vacancy of the see of London shall happen, before the mortgage debt due from the Bishop of London, for money borrowed under the provisions of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for re-building London-house, shall be fully paid off; then in either of the said cases, so long as the annual sums payable by virtue of the said respective Acts shall continue payable, the amount of those sums

respectively shall be deducted out of the sums which we hereby recommend and propose to be payable to us by the said archbishop and bishop

respectively:

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing the payment of fixed annual sums out of the revenues of other sees, in order to provide for the augmentation of the smaller bishoprieks, nor any other measure relating to the revenues of any of the sees herein-mentioned, or of the said other sees respectively, in conformity with the provisions of the said first recited Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose

to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal this first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Schedule.

Canterbury	_		£7,300
York -	~	_	1,100
London -	-	~	5,000
Winehester	_	per	3.690
Bath and Wells	-	-	1,000
Worcester -	-	_	2,300

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be

be forthwith registered by the several registrars of the dioceses of Canterbury, York, London, Winchester, Bath and Wells, and Worcester, respectively.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for render-" ing more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or civision in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled. es mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Meni"Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to

each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Monmouth, in quarter sessions, assembled at Usk, in and for the said county, on the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Chepstow

may be a polling place for the said county:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the eaid Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct that the town of Chepstow shall be a polling place for the said county; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His said late Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bashurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act " rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall he a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled " An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Southampton, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace holden in and for the said county, on the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the isle of Wight is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Ryde may be a polling

place for the said isle:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the town of Ryde shall be a polling place for the said isle; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said isle into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventhy year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled " An Act to settle and determine the divisions " of counties, and the limits of cities and boroughs, " in England and Wales, in so far as respects the " election of Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place :

And

And whereas the justices of the peace acting in and for the north riding of the county of York, at the Midsummer general quarter sessions of the peace, assembled at Northallerton, in the said riding, on Tuesday the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said north riding is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Reeth, in the parish of Grinton, may be a polling place for the said north

riding:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said late of the seventh year of the reign of Hissaid late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the town of Reeth, in the parish of Grinton, shall be a polling place for the said north riding; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said riding, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said lastmentioned Act, divide the said north riding into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

St. James's-Palace, July 14, 1837.

THIS day His Grace the Duke of Wellington, and a Deputation from the University of Oxford, waited on Her Majesty, to present the following Address to Her Majesty, which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Oxford, respectfully approach your royal presence, with the expression of our sincere condolence on the heavy affliction sustained by your Majesty, in common with the whole British Empire, by the decease of our late beloved and lamented King; at the same time humbly tendering our heartfelt congratulations upon your Majesty's accession to the Throne of your ancestors.

Bereaved of the paternal government of a Sovereign whose most anxious wish was the welfare of his people, we are cheered with the consideration that we have a well-founded assurance of the future prosperity of the nation, from the many virtues

which adorn your Majesty's character.

With gratitude to the illustrious Princess, your Mother, we reflect, that, under the vigilant and enlightened superintendence of her Royal Highness, your Majesty has been assiduously trained to understand, and, in reliance on God's blessing, to fulfil, the duties of your high and most important office. In that education it was highly provided that your

In that education it was highly provided that your Majesty, from your earliest years, should learn to know the people over whom you might be called by Divine Providence to reign. We thankfully remember, that we had the happiness of receiving our fu-

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ture Queen in our University, and that your Majesty was then pleased to manifest an interest in the monuments which it contains of the learning and munificence of former ages. Our earnest desire, as we feel it to be our duty, will be to maintain and extend its renown as a seat of true religion and useful learning; and we humbly assure your Majesty, that we shall carnestly endeavour to deserve the continuance of that protection and favour, which our University has enjoyed through a succession of ages, from the reigning Sovereigns of the realm, by inculcating upon the minds of those entrusted to our care, a dutiful attachment to your Majesty's person and government, and thus preparing the rising generation to serve your Majesty in the several departments of Church and State.

Our most fervent prayers will be offered up to Almighty God, that every blessing, both spiritual and temporal, may be abundantly poured forth upon your Majesty and your Royal House—that our ecclesiastical and civil institutions, in which are involved the purity of our religious worship, the rightful supremacy of law, and the liberty and happiness of the subject, may find, under your Majesty's sway, that protection, the enjoyment of which has, for so long a period, endeared the House of Brunswick to the British Nation—that your Majesty's reign may be a conspicuous example of the stability of a Throne founded on the eternal principles of rectitude, and supported by the affection of grateful subjects—that it may be long and prosperous—and that, by the blessing of the same Almighty Being, your Majesty may reap the best earthly reward of your beneficent cares, in the loyalty and devotion of a religious, united, and happy people.

Given at our House of Convocation, under our common seal, this 28th day of June, in the year of our Lord, 1837.

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"The solemn declaration of your attachment to my Person and Government demands my warmest

acknowledgments.

" I thank you for the justice which you have rendered to the memory of the late King, and the well-founded gratitude which you feel and express towards

my beloved Mother.

"I recall, with lively satisfaction, to my recollection the visit which I formerly made to your famous University, the attention with which I was received, and the pleasure which I derived from the contemplation of its ancient and venerable monuments.

"I entirely rely upon your zealous exertions for the promotion of religion and the extension of learning. I have no doubt that you are fully aware of the importance of the charge committed to your care, and that you will make it your study to instil religi-

ous principles and virtuous habits.

"It will be my endeavour to secure our ecclesiastical and civil institutions, by the maintenance of their fundamental principles, and the adoption of well-considered improvements; and I join fervently in your prayers to Almighty God for those blessed results which it will be the study of my life to attain."

St. James's-Palace, July 14, 1837.

THIS day the Rev. Dr. Ainslie, Vice Chancellor; the Hon. and Rev. George Neville Grenville, Master of Magdalene College; Rev. Dr. Wordsworth, Master of Trinity College; Rev. Dr. Chafy, Master of Sidney College; Rev. Dr. Thackeray, Provost of King's College; Rev. Dr. Webb, Master of Clare Hall; Rev. Dr. French, Master of Jesus College; Rev. Dr. Lamb, Master of Corpus College; Rev. Dr.

Dr. Graham, Master of Christ's College; Rev. Dr. Archdall, Master of Emmanuel College; Rev. Dr. Geldart, the Queen's Professor of Civil Law; Dr. Ingle, a Member of the Caput; Rev. Mr. Cory, a Member of the Caput; Rev. Mr. Crick, the Public Orator; Rev. Mr. Martin, Senior Proctor; Rev. Mr. Tuck, Junior Proctor; Rev. Mr. Mills, a Member of the Caput; Rev. Mr. Romilly, Registrary of the University; Mr. Gunning, Senior, Beadell; Mr. Leapingwell, Beadell; and Mr. Hopkins, Beadell; waited upon Her Majesty to present to Her Majesty the following Address, which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Cambridge.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful subjects, the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Cambridge, humbly approach your Royal presence, to offer our heartfelt congratulations on your Majesty's accession to the Throne of this great Empire, and to tender to your Majesty the assurance of our devoted loyalty and attachment. We feel, however, that we should be wanting in our duty, did we not at the same time express our deep sorrow at the mournful event, by which this nation has been deprived of the paternal sway of your Majesty's Royal Predecessor. Were we to omit this testimony of our regret, we should fail, not only in manifesting that sympathy for which your Majesty has a claim upon all your loving subjects, but also in exhibiting that strongest proof of attachment to the Crown, which is afforded by the declaration of affectionate reverence for those who have worn it with equal honour to themselves, and advantage to their people. The

The watchful care, and excellent judgment, with which your Majesty's illustrious Mother has uniformly fulfilled her parental duties, induce us to look forward to the future with the most sanguine hopes. In the natural wish to picture to ourselves the blessings which this nation may, under Divine Providence, expect to receive at your Majesty's hands, our minds spontaneously turn to the records of past times, and we call to memory its condition under the rule of former Sovereigns. Among those Sovereigns, no one is more conspicuous than that Queen, by whose prudent government this country rose to an unprecedented pitch of grandeur, and under whose protection the Protestant Religion became the established Religion of the Realm. Gladly then do we persuade ourselves that we are forming no vain anticipations, when we indulge the hope that we are at the dawn of a like illustrious reign; during which our country may still maintain its high pre-eminence among the nations; our religion still live in the hearts of the people; and our Queen obtain for herself, by a gracious regard for the welfare of her subjects, a bright and never-fading renown.

And as our University has ever flourished under the especial favour and patronage of the Rulers of this land (and under none more than that of the gracious Queen to whom allusion has been made), we shall ever feel ourselves bound not only by the ordinary obligations of duty, but also by the additional tie of gratitude, both to cherish in ourselves, and to instil into those who are committed to our care, the principles of loyalty and fidelity to the

Throne.

In conclusion, We humbly beg leave to advert to a subject, in which our late lamented Sovereign was pleased to take an interest. His Majesty had expressed a most gracious wish that a copy of the authorised version of the Holy Scriptures should be printed by our University, with the design that it 1837.

should

should occupy a permanent place in the Royal Library at Windsor. The recent mournful event, which we deplore, prevented our revered Sovereign from receiving at our hands this offering of our duty. Great therefore is our gratification at being permitted by your Majesty to avail ourselves of this occasion, to present in the most respectful manner which could be devised on our part, these sacred volumes to your Majesty; and we humbly hope that your Majesty will graciously allow them to be placed in the Royal Lihrary for which they were originally destined.

And we have only further to add our earnest prayer, that the Great Author of our being, and of our faith, may ever bless and protect your Majesty.

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"I return you my cordial thanks for this public testimony of your respect for the memory of my beloved Uncle, and of your affectionate attachment to my Person and Government.

"The well descried tribute which you pay to my

beloved Mother is highly grateful to my feelings. "Your University owes much to the protection

and encouragement of former Sovoreigns.

"I am actuated by an equal desire to promote its intere its and to enlarge the sphere of its utility.

"I entertain no doubt that you will labour to instil into the minds of those who are committed to

your care the true principles of loyalty.

" I accept, with much sa isfaction, the authorised version of the Holy Scriptures. These sacred volumes will be the more prized by me for the sake of him in whose wishes they originated, and to whom they were intended to be presented. I will direct them to be placed in the Royal Library at Windsor, and I shall ever consider them as the most valuable part of that collection." St.

St. James's-Palace, July 14, 1837.

THIS day the Lord Bishop of London, and the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's, with a Deputation of the Clergy, waited upon Her Majesty, to present the following Address to Her Majesty, which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful subjects, the Bishop of London, the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's, and the Clergy of London and Westminster, humbly request permission to approach your Majesty, with the expression of our heartfelt condolence upon the death of our late revered Sovereign, and with our sincere congratulations upon your Majesty's accession to the Throne of this realm.

While we deplore the loss of a Monarch, who on all occasions evinced a firm attachment to that Church, of which he was by the Constitution of this country the temporal head, it is impossible for us not to derive consolation and encouragement from reflecting, that he has been succeeded by a Princess, trained up under the waterful care of her Royal Mother in the principles of our Holy Religion, and accustomed to

the observance of its duties:

We rely, under Divine Providence, upon your Majesty to support and protect the Church of this nation, as the appointed instrument of diffusing, amongst all classes of your Majesty's subjects, a knowledge of those truths and precepts, which are the only sure basis of individual happiness, and of national prosperity and peace; and we beg leave, with all humility, to assure your Majesty, that we are deeply sensible of the obligation which rests upon us,

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as Ministers of that Church, to promote, by all the means in our power, the great ends of its institution, and to use our privileges and immunities for the purpose of advancing the highest interests of mankind.

It is our heartfelt wish, and will be the subject of our earnest prayers, that your Majesty may be guided by Divine wisdom, to seek in all things the Glory of God, and the good of His people; and that being protected by His power, and blessed with His grace and favour, your Majesty may long continue before Him, in health, and peace, and honour, and finally exchange an earthly for an immortal crown.

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"I am happy to receive this dutiful Address from so important and venerable a body of the Clergy of the Established Church.

"Trained up in the principles of our Religion, I consider the Established Church of these realms an efficient instrument appointed for the holy purposes

which you describe.

"I entirely appreciate the high motives by which its members are actuated, and the great ends which they propose to themselves. In the discharge of their sacred duties, they may securely depend upon my protection and support." At the Court at St. James's, July 14, 1837.

A CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Companions, in their mantles and collars, assembled in the Entréc-room, viz.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, His Royal Highness Prince George of Cambridge, His Serene Highness the reigning Duke of Saxe Meiningen, the Marquess Camden, the Duke of Newcastle, the Duke of Wellington, the Duke of Northumberland, the Marquess of Hertford, the Duke of Dorset, the Duke of Leeds, the Duke of Devonshire, the Marquess of Exeter, the Duke of Richmond, Earl Grey, the Duke of Norfolk, the Duke of Grafton, the Duke of Buccleuch, the Marquess of Lansdowne, and the Duke of Somerset, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. the Lord Bishop of Winchester, Prelate of the Order; the Lord Bishop of Oxford, Chancellor of the Order; the Honourable and Reverend the Dean of Windsor, Registrar of the Order; Sir William Woods, Knt. (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy to Garter Principal King of Arms; and Sir Augustus-William-James Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

At three o'clock, the Knights Companions were called over by Deputy Garter, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence

of the Sovereign, in the Throne-room.

The Sovereign, being seated in the chair of state, the Knights Companions, by Her Majesty's command, took their respective seats at the table, and the Officers of the Order stood in their accustomed places.

By command of the Sovereign, His Serene Highness Charles-William-Frederic-Emicon Prince of

Lei-

Leiningen (brother to Her Most Excellent Majesty the Queen), was then introduced into the Royal Presence, preceded by Deputy Garter and Black Rod, and was knighted by Her Majesty with the sword of state, after which His Serene Highness had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and retired.

The Chancellor, then, by command of Her Majesty, read a new statute, dispensing with the existing statutes in as far as may be required for the especial purpose therein mentioned, and decreeing, ordaining, and enjoining that His Serene Highness Charles-William-Frederic-Emicon Prince of Leiningen, &c. &c. &c. be declared a Knight of this Most Noble Order, any statute, decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Serene Highness was then, by command of the Sovereign, conducted into the Chapter-room between the Marquess of Lansdowne and the Duke of Somerset, the two junior Knights present, preceded by Deputy Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson velvet cushion), and

by Black Rod.

The Prince kneeling near the right hand of Her Majesty, and Deputy Garter, presenting on his knee the Garter, the Sovereign, assisted by their Royal Highnesses the Duke of Sussex and Prince George of Cambridge, the two senior Knights present, buckled it on His Serene Highness's left leg, the Chancellor pronouncing the usual admonition.

Deputy Garter next presented, in like manner, the ribband with the George, and Her Majesty, assisted as before, put the same over the Prince's left shoulder, the Chancellor pronouncing the admonition; after which His Serene Highness had again the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand.

The Prince of Leiningen thereupon received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions,

and withdrew.

The Chapter being ended, Deputy Garter, by command of the Sovereign, again called over the Knights Companions, who, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of Her Majesty, with the usual reverences.

At the Court at St. James's, July 14, 1837.

The Queen, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, has been graciously pleased, by letters patent under Her royal sign manual and the great seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation, and to grant unto His Serene Highness Charles-William Frederic-Emicon Prince of Leiningen, &c. &c. &c. Knight of the said Most Noble Order, and duly invested with the ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, in as full and ample a manner as if His Serene Highness had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Marquess Conyngham, K.P. Lord Chamberlain of Her Majesty's Household.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Lord Charles FitzRoy Vice-Chamberlain of Her Majesty's Household.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Marquess of Headfort, the Marquess of Queensberry, the Viscount Falkland, the Viscount Torrington, the Lord Byron, the Lord Gardner, the Lord Lilford, the Lord Templemore, Lords in Waiting to Her Majesty.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Houourable Sir William Lumley, G.C.B., Sir Robert Otway, Bart., Colonel Thomas Armstrong, the Honourable Charles Murray, the Honourable William Coupar, Sir Henry Seton, Bart., Captain Pechell, R.N., Henry Rich, Esq. Grooms in Waiting to Her Majesty.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Bishop of Norwich Clerk of the Closet to Her Majesty.

Whitehall, July 18, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable William Viscount Melbourne; the Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice; Edward Adolphus Seymour, Esq. (commonly called Lord Seymour); Robert Steuart, Esq.; Richard More O'Ferrall, Esq.; and John Parker, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Gilbert Earl of Minto, G. C.B.; Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Adam, K. C.B.; Rear-Admiral Sir Widiam Parker, K. C.B.; Rear-Admiral the Honourable George Elliot, C.B.; Captain Sir Edward Thomas Troubridge, Bart.; and Archibald Primrose, Esq. (commonly called Lord Dalmeny), to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Scal, granting to the Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice the offices of Chancellor and Under Treasurer of Her Majesty's Exchequer.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Scal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Sir John 1837.

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Cam Hobhouse, Bart.; and the Right Honourable John Sullivan, Her Majesty's Commissioners for the affairs of India.

The Queen has also been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Henry Grey (commonly called Viscount Howick) to be Her Majesty's Secretary at War.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent passed under the said Great Seal, for granting to Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable Sir Sir Richard Hussey Vivian, Bart. G. C. B. the office of Master-General of Her Majesty's Ordnance of the said United Kingdom.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Scal, appointing Lieutenant-General Sir Rufane Shaw Donkin, K. C. B. to be Master-Surveyor and Surveyor-General of the Ordnance of the said United Kingdom.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Scal, granting to Sir Andrew Leith Hay, Knt. the office of Clerk of the Ordnance of the said United Kingdom.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, granting unto Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable George Anson the office of Storekeeper of the Ordnance of the said United Kingdom.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, granting the office and place of Advocate General or Judge Martial of Her Majesty's Forces to the Right Honourable Robert Cutlar Fergusson.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal,

appointing the Right Honourable William Charles Earl of Albemarle Master of the Horse to Her Majesty.

The Queen has also been pleased to grant the office of Her Majesty's Advocate for Scotland to John Archibald Murray, Esq.

The Queen has also been pleased to grant the office of Solicitor General for Scotland to Andrew Rutherfurd, Esq.

Whitehall July 18, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Henry Labouchere to be Master and Worker of Her Majesty's Mint.

Whitehall, July 18, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Sir Henry Parnell, Bart. to be Her Majesty's Paymaster-General.

Whitehall, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Alexander Dundas Young Arbuthnot, Esq. a Captain in the Royal Navy, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the supernumerary cross of the royal and distinguished Order of Charles the Third, which Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain hath been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of 3 G 2

Her royal approbation of the services rendered by him to the cause of Her Catholic Majesty; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents,

in Her Majesty's College of Arms,

Whitehall, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Captain East Apthorp, of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, in the service of the East India Company, on the Madras establishment, and Lieutenant Colonel in the service of the Queen of Spain, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the cross of the first class of the National and Military Order of Saint Ferdinand, which Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain hath been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of Her reval approbation of the services rendered by him to the cause of Her Catholic Majesty; and that he may cnjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms.

And also to command, that Her Majesty's con-cession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, July 15, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased, in pursuance of the powers vested in her by an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for the more effectual recovery of Small Debts in the Sheriff Courts, and for regulating the establishment of Circuit Courts for the trial of Small Debt causes by the Sheriffs in Scotland," to empower and direct the several Sheriffs of the several Sheriffdoms, in that part of Her United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Scotland, in addition to their ordinary Small Debt Courts, by themselves or their substitutes, to hold Circuit Courts for the purposes of the above recited Act at the places within each Sheriffdom, and for the number of times within each place in each year hereinafter mentioned, viz.:

Counties.	Places at which Circ	cuits are to be held.
Aberdeeen	Tarland - Turriff - Peterhead - Huntly - Old Deer -	 four times four times four times six times four times four times
Argyle	Oban - Bowmore, Island of Islay Dunoon - Lochgilphead	- four times } four times - four times - four times
Ayr	Saltcoats - Largs - Kilmarnock - Seith - Old Cumnock Girvan - Maybole -	- four times - three times - twelve times - three times - three times - three times - three times

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Counties.	Places at which Circ	uits	are to be held.
Berwick	$\begin{cases} \text{Lauder} & -\\ \text{Dunse} & -\\ \text{Coldstream} & -\\ \text{Ayton} & - \end{cases}$	-	three times six times six times three times
Banff	Cullen - Keith - Dufftown -	- - -	three times six times three times
Bute	{Brodick in Arran Milport -	-	four times four times
Caithness	Thurso - Libster -	-	eight times six times
Dunibarton	{ Kirkintulloch Helensburgh	-	four times four times
Dumfries	Sanquhar - Annan - Langholm - Moffatt - Lockerbie -	-	four times four times four times four times three times
Edinburgh	Mid Colder - Dalkeith - Musselburgh - Stow		four times six times six times two times
Elgin	Fochabers - Grantown - Forres -	-	three times three times six times
Fife	Auchtermuchty Newburgh St. Andrew's Colinsburgh - Kirkaldy -		four times four times four times four times six times
Forfar	Brechin - Montrose - Arbroath - Kirriemuir -		six times six times six times four times

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Counties.	Places at which Circu	its are to be held.
Haddington	North Berwick Dunbar Tranent	three timessix timesfour times
Inverness	Kingussie - Fort Augustus Grantown	three timesthree timesthree times
Kincardine	Lawrence Kirk Bervie - Durris -	three timesfour timesthree times
Kirkcudbright	New Galloway Maxwelltown Castle Douglas Creetown	three timesfour timesfour timesthree times
Lanark	Biggar - Airdrie - Douglas -	four timestwelve timesthree times
Linlithgow	{Bathgate - Queensferry -	four timesthree times
Orkney	St. Margaret's Hop Stromness - Sanday -	pe three times - three times - three times
Shetland	Burravoe -	- two times
Perth	Crieff Callender - Kincardine - (Tulliallan) Dunkeld - Aberfeldy - Blair Gowrie	 four times four times four times three times four times
Renfrew	Cupar Angus Lochwinnock Pollokshaws -	four timessix timessix times

Ross

Counties.	Places at which Circ	uits are to be held.
Ross and Cromarty	Kincardine - Jeantown - Fortrose - Invergordon -	two timestwo timesfour timesfour times
Roxburgh	Melrose - Hawick - Kelso - Newcastleton	four timessix timessix timesthree times
Selkirk	Galashiels -	- four times
Stirling	Drymen - Lennox, Town o Campsie - Balfron -	f four times four times four times
Sutherland	Lavig Tongue - Port Gower -	two timestwo timestwo times
Wigton	Stranraer - Whithorn - Newton Stewart	six timesfour timesfour times

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 20, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

THIS day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, with a Deputation of the Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the city of London, waited upon Her Majesty to present to Her Majesty the following Address, which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and the rest of your Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the city of London.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and the rest of your Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the city of London, while deeply lamenting the loss the nation has so recently sustained by the demise of our late revered and beloved Sovereign King William the Fourth, a Monarch long endeared to his subjects by his services in early life in the Naval forces of his country, by his consistent and constitutional endeavours to improve its institutions, and diffuse the blessings of civil and religious liberty among all classes of his people, by his grace and condescension 1837.

to all who had the happiness to approach his Royal Person, and by his unbounded charity, humbly beg leave to approach your Majesty with the most fervent and heartfelt expressions of our loyalty and devotion to your Majesty's most sacred Person and Government.

We hail the accession to the Throne, of a Princess born and educated in our own highly-favoured country, possessed of every feminine virtue and grace that can adorn her exalted station, and who, by mingling with her people, has been made acquainted with their habits and their wants. We humbly pray the Almighty Disposer of events to watch over and bless your Majesty with the full enjoyment of all earthly felicity, and that your Majesty's reign may long continue over a loyal, a happy, and a prosperous people.

By order of the Court, Edwd. Grose Smith, Clerk.

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"It is with much pleasure that I receive this loyal and affectionate Address from the Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the city of London.

"I share your sorrow for the death of His late Majesty, and I am gratified by the justice which you

render to his memory.

"I thank you for your congratulations upon my accession. You may be assured that it will be my study to promote the interests of the eity of London, and that I entirely rely upon the loyalty and attachment of its important community."

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

THIS day the Lord Mayor of the city of Dublin, with a Deputation from that city, waited upon Her Majesty to present to Her Majesty the following Address, which Her Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, Commons, and Citizens of the city of Dublin, in Common Council assembled, beg to approach your Majesty with our most sincere and heartfelt congratulations on your accession to the Crown of this great and powerful empire, and to lay at the foot of your Throne our solemn and ardent declaration of our allegiance to

your august Person.

Your Majesty may have read in the records of your ancestry, the pre-eminent loyalty and attachment which your Majesty's Corporation of the city of Dublin has uniformly displayed, under the most trying circumstances, to your revered and adored family; and allow us to assure your Majesty, that those sentiments of loyalty and attachment are, if possible, augmented to your Majesty, from the proud and gratifying declaration which you have made, that you would uphold the Established religion of the country.

When England has arisen to the highest state of glory under a female Monarch, and when we recollect that that Monarch finally established the religion which you have been graciously pleased to express your determination to uphold, we anticipate, with the most ardent expectations, that Almighty God may be pleased to prosper your Majesty in your exertions

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for the benefit of your people, and enable you to emulate and to surpass the glory of your renowned

and great predecessor.

Whatever may be the result of passing events; whatever may be the difficulties or the triumphs which your Majesty may have to meet during a reign which we pray to God may be long and prosperous, we beg to assure your Majesty, that you will always find in your loyal city of Dublin a sincere, a devoted, and a zealous body, ready to support, with any sacrifice, your Majesty's Crown and dignity, and the connexion between Great Britain and Ireland.

In testimony whereof we have caused the common seal of the said city to be hereunto affixed, this 11th day of July 1837.

To which Address her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"I receive this Address with much satisfaction, and I return you my thanks for your affectionate con-gratulations upon my accession.

"I will do all in my power to promote the prosperity of your ancient city; and I feel secure that I shall always receive from its inhabitants a steady support of my Crown and dignity, and of the law and constitution of these realms."

Whitehall, July 20, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Arbroath, Incorporated Trades of. Ayr, royal burgh of. Ayr, Incorporated Trades of. Ayr, Merchant Company of.

Banff, royal burgh of.

Bury, Lancashire, town and borough of.

Chester, city of. Chichester, city of.

Derwent Lodge of Masons.
Dundee, royal burgh of.
Dundee Guildry Incorporation of.

Edinburgh, county of.

Edinburgh, Company of Merchants of the city of.

Edinburgh, Royal College of Physicians of.

Edinburgh, Presbytery of.

Fareham, Inhabitants of. Folkestone, borough of.

Gateshead, borough of.

Glasgow, city of.

Glasgow, Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of.

Godmanchester, Mayor and Aldermen of.

Hanley and Shelton, Inhabitants of.

Huddersfield, town of.

Jersey, Inhabitants of the island of.

Kew, Vicar and Inhabitants of.

Lon-

London, Justices for the liberty of the Tower of. Lymington, borough of.

Man, Lieutenant-Governor, &c. of the isle of. Margate.

Metropolitan Society of Florists.

Montrose, burgh of.

Newark-upon-Trent. Newcastle-upon-Tyne. Nottingham, town of.

Perth, Town Council of the city of. Perth, Ministers, Elders, &c. of.

Queen's Bench, certain persons confined in the.

Ramsgate, Inhabitants of. Rochester, Dean and Chapter of. Royal Humane Society. Rutherglen, Kirk Sessions of. Sheffield, Company of Cutlers of.

Sheffield, Company of Cutl Strand Union. Swansea, borough of.

Torquay, Inhabitants of. Waterford, county and city of. Writers to the Signet, in Scotland.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 21, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 21, 1837.

ORDERS for the Court's change of mourning on Thursday the 3d day of August next, for His late Most Gracious Majesty King William the Fourth, of blessed memory, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, black or white shoes, fans and tippets, white necklaces and ear-rings.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning further on Thursday the 24th day of August next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to continue in black, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Thursday the 14th day of September next, the Court to go out of mourning.

Earl Marshal's-Office, July 20, 1837.

IN reference to the Order for a General Mourning for His late Majesty King William the Fourth, of blessed memory, which was announced in the Gazette of the 21st ultimo;

These are to give notice, that it is not desired or expected that the public should appear in Mourning after Thursday the 3d of August next.

NORFOLK, Earl Marshal.

At the Court at Kensington, the 20th day of June 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty was this day pleased to deliver the Great Seal to the Right Honourable Charles Christopher Lord Cottenham, whereupon the oath of Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain was, by Her Majesty's command, administered to him, and His Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Honourable Henry Marquess of Lansdowne, Lord President of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at St. James's, the 21st day of June 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty having been pleased to deliver the custody of the Privy Seal to the Right Honourable John William Viscount Duncannon, the oath of Keeper of the Privy Seal was this day administered to him, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 17th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable John Russell (commonly called Lord John Russell), the Right Honourable Henry John Viscount Palmerston, and the Right Honourable Charles Lord Glenelg, to be three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, they were this day, by Her Majesty's command, sworn three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Charles Poulett Thompson, and, in his absence, the Right Honourable Henry Labouchere, President of the Committee of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to trade and foreign plantations.

1837.

At the Court at St. James's, the Ith day of July 1837.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majety in Council.

THIS day the Right HonourableHenry Charles Howard (commonly ealled the Eil of Surrey), was, by Her Majesty's command, sworm of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Priv Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

St. James's-Palace, July 19 1227.

The following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, were this day presented to Her Majesty at the Levee, which Her Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously:

Bridgewater, Inhabitants of. Bristol, Merchant Venturers.

Coventry, Mayor, Alermen, &c. of the city of.

Edinburgh, Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Coancil of the city of.

England, United Grand Lodge of Masons of.

. Geographical Society.

King's Lynn, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

London, Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Liverymen of.

Middlesex, Justices of the Peace for the county of.

Norwich, the Bishop and Clergy of.

Portsmouth, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Sandwich, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Worcester, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the city of.

West-

Westminster, July 15, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to provide for the appointment of Lords Justices, in the case of the next successor to the Crown being out of the realm at the time of the demise of Her Majesty.

An Act to authorise a further issue of Exchequer Bills for public works and fisheries and employment of the poor; and to amend the Acts relating thereto.

An Act to extend an exemption granted by an Act of the last session of Parliament, from the duties of assessed taxes, in respect of certain carriages with less than four whicels, and to amend the laws relating to the said duties.

An Act to defray the charge of the pay, clothing, and contingent and other expences of the disembodied militia in Great Britain and Ireland; and to grant allowances in certain cases to subaltern officers, adjutants, paymasters, quartermasters, surgeons, assistant surgeons, surgeons' mates, and serjeant majors of the militia, until the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight.

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An Act to suspend, to the end of the next session of Parliament, the making of lists and the ballots and enrolments for the militia of the United

Kingdom.

An Act to continue, until the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and to the end of the then session of Parliament, two Acts of the last session of Parliament, for suspending appointments to certain dignities and offices in cathedral and collegiate churches and to sinecure rectories, and for preventing the immediate effects on ecclesiastical jurisdictions of the measures in progress for the alteration of dioceses.

An Act to amend an Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales.

An Act for amending the several Acts for the regu-

Lation of attorneys and solicitors.

An Act for better regulating the fees payable to sherish upon the execution of civil process.

An Act to provide for payment of the expences of

holding coroners' inquests.

An Act for regulating the coroners of the county of Durham.

An Act to impose certain duties of Excise on sugar made from beet root in the United Kingdom.

An Act for correcting mistaken references to His late Majesty in Acts of this session of Parliament.

An Act to amend an Act of the fifth year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, for consolidating and amending the laws relative to the arbitration of disputes between masters and workmen.

An Act to facilitate the conveyance of lands and buildings for the purposes of two Acts, passed respectively in the fifth and sixth years of His late

Majesty King William the Fourth.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the sixth and seventh years of His late Majesty, for extinguishing the secular jurisdiction of the Archbishop of York and the Bishop of Ely, in certain liber-

ties in the counties of York, Nottingham, and Cam-

bridge.

An Act to authorise Her Majesty, until six months after the commencement of the next session of Parliament, to carry into immediate execution, by Orders in Council, any Treaties, Conventions, or Stipulatians made with any Forcign Power or State for the

suppression of the slave-trade.

An Act to authorise the Commissioners for the Affairs of India and the Court of Directors of the East India Company to suspend the subsisting enactments concerning the fourfold system of nomination of candidates for the East India Company's College at Haileybury, and for providing, during such suspension, for the examination of candidates for the said college.

An Act to revive and continue, until the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirtyeight, an Act of the last session of Parliament, for suspending the proceedings for recovering payment of the money advanced under the Acts for establish-

ing tithe compositions in Ireland.

An Act to postpone, until the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine the repayment of certain sums advanced by the Bank of

Ircland for the public service.

An Act to provide more effectual means to make treasurers of counties and counties of cities, in Ireland, account for public moneys, and to secure the same.

An Act to extend to Ireland the Act of the fifth and sixth years of His late Majesty's reign, consolidating and amending the laws relating to the cruel

and improper treatment of animals.

An Act to render valid certain acts done in the performance of duties in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland by the Lord Ordinary on the bills in the Court of Session, and for the better regulation of the said Court of Exchequer.

An

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from Glasgow to Greenock, by Paisley and Port Glasgow, to be called the Glasgow, Paisley, and Greenock

Railway.

An Act for making a railway from Glasgow to Paisley and Ayr, and from a point on the said railway, near Blairland, to Kilmarnock, to be called the Glasgow, Paisley, Kilmarnock, and Ayr Railway, with branches.

An Act to continue, for certain purposes, the powers of two Acts, for making and maintaining the Polloc and Govan Railway.

An Act for making a railway from the London and Croydon Railway to Brighton, with branches to

Shoreham, Newhaven, and Lewes.

An Act to enable the London and Greenwich Railway Company to take certain tolls for passengers, cattle, and carriages crossing the River Ravensborne, in pursuance of an agreement entered into with the Deptford Creek-Bridge Company.

An Act for making a railway from Bolton-le-

Moors, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for incorporating certain persons for the making and maintaining a railway from near the Black Boy Branch of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, in the township of Saint Andrew Auckland, to or near to Witton-park Colliery, with a branch therefrom, all in the county of Durham, to be called the Bishop Auckland and Weardale Railway.

An Act for making wet docks and other works on the south side of the River Thames, at or near Rotherhithe and Deptford, in the counties of Surrey and Kent, to be called the Grand Collier

Docks.

An Act for improving the harbour and port of Fishguard, otherwise Abergwain, in the county of Pembroke.

An Act to make and maintain a canal in the county of Lanark, from the Monkland Canal to the

lands of Dunchattan, on the north side of Duke-street, Glasgow.

An Act for supplying the royal burgh of Dundce

and suburbs thereof with water.

An Act to extend, alter, and enlarge the powers of several Acts, for enabling the Commissioners of Wide Streets in Dublin to widen and improve certain ways, streets, and passages in the said city and county of Dublin, and for raising further funds to enable the said Commissioners to carry the same into execution.

An Act for providing a market-place and market at the village of Dowlais, in the parish of Merthyr Tydfil, in the county of Glamorgan.

An Act for improving and regulating the borough of Stockport, in the several counties of Chester and

Lancaster.

An Act for establishing a cemetery for the interment of the dead, westward of the metropolis, by a company, to be called the West of London and Westminster Cemetery Company.

An Act for establishing a general cemetery for the interment of the dead in or near the city of

Bristol.

An Act for forming and regulating the London Caoutchouc Company, and to enable the said Company to purchase certain letters patent.

And seven private Acts.

Acts received the Royal Assent, July 17, 1837.

(The Queen present.)

An Act to apply the sum of five millions two hundred and twenty thousand pounds, out of the Consolidated Fund, to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and to appropriate the supplies granted in this session of Parliament.

An Act to impose rates of packet postage on East India letter's, and to amend certain Acts relating to the Post Office.

An Act to exempt eertain bills of exchange and promissory notes from the operation of the laws relating to usury.

An Act to amend an Act for the regulation of

municipal corporations in England and Wales.

An Act to provide for the levying rates in boroughs and towns having municipal corporations in England and Wales.

An Act to prolong for ten years Her Majesty's

commission for building new churches.

An Act for better enabling Her Majesty to confer certain powers and immunities on trading and other companics.

An Act to abolish the punishment of death in

cases of forgery.

An Act to amend the laws relating to offcnees against the person.

An Act to amend the laws relating to burglary and

stealing in a dwelling-house.

An Act to amend the laws relating to robbery and stealing from the person.

An Act to amend certain Acts relating to the

ctime of piracy.

An Act to amend the laws relating to burning or destroying buildings and ships.

An Act to amend the law relative to offences

punishable by transportation for life.

An Act for abolishing the punishment of death in certain cases.

An Act to assimilate the practice of the Central Criminal Court to other courts of criminal judicature within the kingdom of England and Wales, with respect to offenders liable to the punishment of death.

An

An Act to compel clerks of the peace for counties, and other persons, to take the custody of such documents as shall be directed to be deposited with them under the standing orders of either House of Parliament.

An Act to restrain the alienation of corporate

property in certain towns in Ireland.

An Act to amend the law relating to grand juries in Ireland, so far as to empower the grand jury of the county of Fermanagh to reconstruct the baronial subdivisions of the said county.

An Act to amend the Act relating to the Com-

mercial Railway Company.

And one private Act.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, the Baron Fagel, on a special mission from the King of the Netherlands, to congratulate Her Majesty upon Her accession to the Throne; Count Orloff, on a special mission from the Emperor of all the Russias, to congratulate Her Majesty upon Her accession to the Throne; Baron Bülow, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia, and Count Bjornstjerna, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden and Norway, to deliver to Her Majesty their new credentials; M. Van de Weyer, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Belgians, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign; and Monsieur Dedel, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands, to deliver his new credentials:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master

of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Bickerton Williams, of Shrewsbury, Esq. Doctor of Laws and Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Watkin Owen Pell, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Jacob Hansler, of Tavistock-square, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Deputy Lieutenants for the county of Essex.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Augustus Wall Callcott, of Kensington Gravel-pits, Esq. Royal Academician.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon James Spittal, Esq. Lord Provost of the city of Edinburgh.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon William John Newton, Esq. Miniature Painter in Ordinary to the Queen Dowager.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, July 17, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint His Grace the Duke of Argyll, G. C. H. Lord Steward of Her Majesty's Household.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Charles Howard (commonly ealled Earl of Surrey), Treasurer of Her Majesty's Household; the Right Honourable George Stevens Byng, Comptroller of Her Majesty's Household; Sir Frederick Beilby Watson, K. C. H. Master of Her Majesty's Household.

Master of the Horse's-Office, the Queen's-Mews, Pimlico, July 20, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Colonel the Honourable Henry Frederick Compton Cavendish to be Chief Equerry and Clerk Marshal to Her Majesty; and Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable Charles Grey, Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Buckley, the Right Honourable Lord Alfred Paget, and Colonel William Wemyss, to be Equerries in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Lord Kilmarnock, Charles 3 K 2

Ellice, Esq. James Charles Murray Cowell, Esq. and George Henry Cavendish, Esq. to be Pages of Honour in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

St. James's-Palace, June 24, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Folcy, to appoint Robert Blackmore, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Bullock.

Whitehall, July 21, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting the dignity of an Earl of the said United Kingdom to James Henry Robert Duke of Roxburgh, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Earl of Innes.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, granting the dignities of Viscount and Earl of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to Thomes William Coke, Esq. and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the names, stiles, and titles of Viscount Coke and Earl of Leicester, of Holkham, in Our county of Norfolk.

Whitehall, July 21, 1837.

[The following article is substituted for that which appeared in last Tuesday's Gazette, viz.]

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Gilbert Earl of Minto, G. C. B.; Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Adam, K. C. B.; Rear-Admiral Sir William Parker, K. C. B.; Captain Sir Edward Thomas Troubridge, Bart.; Archibald Primrose, Esq. (commonly called Lord Dalareny); and Captain Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge Berkeley, to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, appointing the Most Noble Arthur Duke of Wellington, K. G. and G. C. B. Constable of the Tower of London, and Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower Hamlets.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, granting to His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, K.G. and K.T. the offices of Chief Ranger and Keeper of Hyde Park and St. James's Park.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, appointing Sir John Dodson, D.C.L. to be Her Majesty's Advocate-General.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, granting unto Admiral Sir George Martin, G. C. B.

the offices or places of Vice Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, and also of Lieutenant of the rivers and seas of the said United Kingdom.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Admiral the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, G. C. B. the offices or places of Rear-Admiral of the said United Kingdom, and of the Admiralty thereof, and also of Rear-Admiral of the rivers and seas of the said United Kingdom.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, appointing Vice-Admiral Sir Thomas Masterman Hardy, Bart. G. C. B. Master of Her Majesty's Hospital at Greenwich.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, constituting and appointing Thomas Henry Lister, Esq. Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the said Great Seal, appointing William Robert Henry Brown, Esq. to the office of Warden of the Fleet.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Seal, appointed by the Treaty of Union to be made use of in the place of the Great Seal of Scotland, nominating and appointing the Most Noble George William Duke of Argyll to be Keeper of the said Seal.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 25, 1837.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Thomas Henry Lord Foley to be Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Worcester, his Lordship this day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

St. James's-Palace, July 22, 1837.

THE following Addresses were this day presented to Her Majesty, which Her Majesty was most graciously pleased to receive upon the Throne:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Ministers and Elders met in the Commission of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, seize the earliest opportunity of expressing our sincere condotence on account of the loss which your Majesty and

and the nation have suffered, by the death of our late lamented Sovereign, and our cordial congratulations on your Majesty's accession to the British Throne, which has been occupied by a long and illustrious

line of your Royal Progenitors.

We cannot look back to the brief reign of your Majesty's immediate predecessor, without calling to mind the many eminent and honourable qualities which endeared him to his subjects, who, in the experience of his mild and equitable administration, looked up to him with confiding attachment. We have a melancholy gratification in reflecting on the strong and just testimonies which men, of every shade of opinion in matters of public policy, have borne to the candour, patience and vigilance with which he turned his attention to the multiplied and arduous duties which devolve on the Head of the Government of this great empire.

It is with deep interest that we recognize in your Majesty the only daughter of an illustrious Prince, who for many years occupied a high place in the hearts and hopes of the nation, and whose premature death, immediately before that of his venerable Father, George the Third, added to the gloom with which that mournful event affected the whole body of the

people.

Rejoicing to observe in your Majesty the unequivocal traces of the magnanimous spirit which, both in peace and war, distinguished so many of your Royal Ancestors, we cherish the pleasing anticipation that, under the guidance of Heaven, it will be your Majesty's invariable aim to consult the happiness and improvement of the people, by upholding the cause of true religion in every part of the empire, and by exemplifying those Christian virtues which impart the brightest lustre to a Crown. It is highly gratifying to us to learn with what alacrity your Majesty in your first General Council engaged, under the solemn sanction of an oath, to maintain

and preserve inviolably the settlement of the true Protestant religion, with the government, worship, discipline, rights, and privileges of the Church of Scotland, as established by law. Firmly relying, as we do, on the fulfilment of this constitutional pledge, and remembering, with gratitude to God, how long the protection of our liberties, both religious and civil, has been identified with the honour and interest of the family from which your Majesty is descended, we feel ourselves bound to inculcate on the people, of whom we have the oversight, their sacred obligation to yield unshaken loyalty to the youthful Princess now advanced to the Sovereignty, as the Minister of God to them for good, and above all, to cultivate that fear of the Lord, and that love of righteousness, which are the best safeguards of the stability of the Throne, and the prosperity and peace of the kingdom.

That the Almighty God, who is the Governor among the nations, and in whose hand it is to make great, may abundantly bless your Majesty with the treasures of His wisdom and grace; that He may establish your Throne in righteousness; that He may ever place the faithful of the land in your councils; that the power of the Most High may strengthen and encourage your heart amidst all the solicitudes of your lofty station, and that after a long and glorious reign on earth you may be exalted, through the merits of the Redeemer, to a blessed immortality, is the earnest prayer of, may it please your Majesty, your Majesty's most faithful, most loyal, and most obedient subjects, the Ministers and Elders of this Commission of the General Assembly of the Church

of Scotland.

Signed in our name, in our presence, and by our appointment. M. Gardiner, Moderator.

Edinburgh, July 12, 1837.

[Presented by the Moderator, and a Deputation.]
1837. 3 L

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

" I receive with the most lively satisfaction this Address from the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

"You may securely rely upon my observance of the oath by which I bound myself, upon my accession, to maintain inviolate your rights and privileges. I rely entirely upon your zeal and energy in the discharge of your sacred duties; and I entertain a confident hope that, under your paternal care, religion and morality, which are the best safeguards of the stability of the Throne, and of the prosperity and peace of the kingdom, will be strengthened and increased in Scotland."

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's loyal and dutiful subjects, the Protestant Dissenting Ministers of the Presbyterian Denomination, in and about the cities of London and Westminster, humbly approach your Royal presence, to express our sincere condolence with your Majesty upon the demise of your Royal Uncle, our late revered and beloved Sovereign, together with our heartfelt congratulations upon the happy accession of your Majesty to the Throne of these realms.

We have ever felt devoutly thankful to the Divine Providence that, during several successive generations, these kingdoms have been placed by the Omnipotent Ruler, under the mild and beneficent sway of Princes of your Majesty's august family, by whom the liberties of the people have been enlarged and confirmed, the moral character of the nation has been exalted, and the power and prosperity, the wealth and happiness of the kingdom have been promoted

beyond all example. And we are impelled by gratitude to acknowledge, in particular, the blessings enjoyed by the country during the reign of His late lamented Majesty, in the preservation of peace, the wise and timely reform of some of our national institutions, and the extension of religious liberty, by which the condition of your Majesty's Protestant Dissenting subjects especially has been greatly im-

proved.

When we call to remembrance your Majesty's Royal descent; when we reflect upon the character of the Prince, your Majesty's ever-to-be-lamented Father, whose virtues, public and private, endcared him to the British people, and to no portion of them more than the Protestant Dissenters; when we consider that your Majesty's early years were nurtured by the enlightened and patriotic counsels, and the moral and religious instructions of your Illustrious Mother, whom we have been accustomed to regard as a pattern of conjugal and maternal excellence; and when we bear in mind your Majesty's gracious language in your first speech before your Privy Council, which has diffused general satisfaction and joy amongst your subjects, we entertain the firm and cheering persuasion that your Majesty's reign will be just and beneficent, honourable to your Majesty, and glorious to your people.

and glorious to your people.

We have seen, with deep affection and lively sympathy, your Majesty's pious declaration of reliance upon the Divine Providence for support and guidance, and we humbly join our supplications with those of your Majesty and of the whole kingdom, on your Majesty's behalf. May the Supreme Benefactor, the Father of Mercies, grant that on your head the Crown may flourish, and that during your auspicious reign, peace may be preserved with all nations, tranquillity may be enjoyed at home, and equal rights and liberties may knit the hearts of all your Majesty's sub-

subjects in leve to your Majesty, and to one another. May the King of Kings take your Majesty under his Almighty protection, shield you from dangers, replenish you with all heavenly gifts and graces, and prolong your life and reign to a far distant period, and cause your happiness as a Queen to be constantly growing in the spontaneous loyalty, the cordial affection, and the generous confidence of all classes and denominations of your Majesty's subjects, until, in the course of the Divine Providence, and in fulfilment of the Divine Grace, your Majesty shall be translated from earthly to heavenly felicity and glory.

[Presented by a Deputation.]

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"I thank you for your condolence upon the death of the late King, and for your congratulations upon my accessi n.

" I am much gratified by the feelings which you express towards former Sovereigns of my family, and more particularly towards His late Majesty.

"I am actuated by the same principles, and you may always rely upon receiving at my hands that protection which is so justly due to you."

To VICTORIA, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions thereunto belonging.

May it please the Queen,

WE, thy dutiful and loyal subjects, Members of the religious Society of Friends commonly called QuakQuakers, and representing that body in Great Britain and Ireland, are anxious to take the earliest opportunity of thus expressing our cordial and faithful attachment to our Queen.

We sensibly feel the loss of our late beloved Monarch King William the Fourth. We look back upon his reign as a period of no common importance in the history of our country, marked as it has been by the extension of civil and religious liberty, by mercy and compassion to the guilty, and by the recognition of the rights of our enslaved fellow subjects. We rejoice in these features of his Government as evidences of the increasing sway of Christian principle in the legislation of our country.

tian principle in the legislation of our country.

Under feelings of thankfulness to Almighty God, we offer to thee, our Queen, on thy accession to the Throne of these realms, our sincere congratulations on the prevalence of peace abroad and tranquillity at home. May nothing be permitted to interrupt these blessings; and may the conviction more and more prevail, that war is alike antichristian and impolitic. Convinced as we are that the religion of Jesus Christ, our Lord and Redeemer, is the only foundation for the true happiness of man and the prosperity of a people, and that it is the surest bulwark to any government, our prayer to God is, that it may be the stability of thy Throne, and may influence all the deliberations of thy Council.

Be pleased, O Queen, to accept our earnest and heartfelt desire, that thou mayest seek for heavenly wisdom to enable thee to fulfil the arduous duties which, in the ordering of Divine Providence, thou art, thus early, called to perform. Mayest thou live in the fear of God, and may he incline thy heart to keep his law, and richly endow thee with the graces of his Holy Spirit; and at length, when the days of thy delegated trust on earth are ended, mayest thou, through the mercy of God in Christ Jesus, enter

upon an inheritance incorruptible and undefiled, and that fadeth not away.

Signed by the members of a meeting appointed to represent the said religious Society in Great Britain and Ireland. London, the 12th day of the seventh month, 1837.

[Presented by a Deputation.]

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

" I thank you for your condolence upon the death of His late Majesty, for the justice which you render to his character, and to the measures of his reign; and for your warm congratulations upon my accession to the Throne.

"I join in your prayers for the prosperity of my reign; the best socurity for which is to be found in reverence for our holy religion, and in the observance of its duties."

St. James's-Palage, July 19, 1837.

The following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, were this day presented to Her Majesty at the Levee, which Her Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously:

Astronomical, Royal cociety.
Barnstable, Inhabitants of.
Bath, Mayor, Aldermen &c. of.
Bideford, Inhabitants of
Brentford, Inhabitants of.
Bristol, Mayor, Aldermen, &c., of.

Cambridge, county of.

Canterbury, Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral of.

Edinburgh, Royal College of Surgeons of. Edinburgh, Professors of the University of.

Glamorgan, county of.

Guildford, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Ipswich, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Kensington, Inhabitants of.

Kidderminster, Mayor, Magistrates, Aldermen, &c. of.

Lancaster, Presbyterian Denomination of.

Leeds, Inhabitants of

Literature, Royal Society of.

Liverpool, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of. London, Royal College of Surgeons of.

Manchester, Inhabitants of.

Metropolis, Protestant Dissenters of the.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Scotland, Highland and Agricultural Society of.

Scotland, Grand Master, &c. of the Order of Saint John's Masonry.

Southampton, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Tiverton, Mayor, Magistrates, &c. of.

Tonbridge Wells, Inhabitants of.

Truro, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Wells, Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of.

Westminster, Justices of the Peace for the city and liberty of.

Wisbech, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Buckingham-House, July 22, 1837.

This day had audiences of Her Majesty, the Count Orloff, upon a special mission from the Emperor of all the Russias, to take leave; His Screne Highness the Prince Christian of Holstein-Glücksbourg, upon a special mission from the King of Denmark, to congratulate Her Majesty upon Her accession to the Throne; Count Sebastiani, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French, to take leave of Her Majesty previous to a temporary absence from this Court; Count Mandelsloh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Wurtemberg; and Baron de Blome, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Denmark, to deliver their new credentials:

To which several audiences they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Hor Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt.

Master of the Ceremonics.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Dr. David Davies, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Physician in ordinary to the Queen Dowager.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Richard Westmacott, Esq. Royal Academician, Honorary D. C. L. of Oxford.

St. James's-Palace, June 24, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Richard Charnock, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Jones.

Downing-Street, July 24, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir George Gipps, Knt. to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of the Colonies of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and their respective dependencies.

Crown-Office, July 24, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

City of Worcester.

Joseph Bailey, Esq.

Thomas Henry Hastings Davies, Esq.

City of Exeter.

Edward Divett, of Bystock, in the county of Devon, Esq.

Sir William Webb Follett, of Duke-street, in the city of Westminster, Knt.

1837.

Crown-Office, July 25, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

City of Coventry.

The Right Honourable Edward Ellice. William Williams, Esq.

Whitehall, July 25, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Colonel De Lacy Evans, Lieutenant-General in the Service of Her Catholic Majesty, and Knight Grand Cross of the National and Military Order of St. Ferdinand, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Grand Cross of the royal and distinguished Order of Charles the Third, which Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of Her royal approbation of his important services, especially at the assault of Irun and the capture of Fontarabia; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any stile, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents,

in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 27, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, were this day presented to Her Majesty at the Levee, which Her Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously:

Arts, President and Members of the Royal Academy of. Avon, Inhabitants of the vale of.

Berks, Inhabitants of the county of.

Birmingham, President, &c. of the School of Medicine of.

Brighton, Nobility, Magistrates &c. of.

Deal, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Devon, Freeholders and Inhabitants of.

Howick, Magistrates and Town Council of.

Huntingdonshire, Inhabitants of.

Huntingdon, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Ireland, Preachers, &c. of the Primitive Weslyan Methodist Connexion of.

Leamington-priors, Nobility, Magistrates, &c. of.

Lceds, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

London, President, &c. of the Eclectic Society of.

Marlborough, Inhabitants of.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Inhabitants, &c. of.

Physicians, President, &c. of the College of.

Reading, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of. Reading, Inhabitants of the borough of.

St. Peter's, Pimlico, in the parish of St. George, Hanover-square.

Scottish Hospital, President, &c. of.

Sidmouth, Inhabitants of.
Trinity College, Dublin, Provost, Fellows, &c. of.
Tunbridge, Gentry, Yeomanry, &c. of.

York, Lord Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of. York, Lord Mayor and Inhabitants of.

Westminster, Dean, Lord High Steward, &c. of.

Whitehall, July 27, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretarics of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Aberdeen, President and Society of Advocates in.
Abingdon, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Advocates, Dean and Faculty of.

Bodmin, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of. Bridport, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of. Bristol, Deau and Clergy of.

Cardiff, Gentry, Clergy, &c. of. Cork, Mayor, Sheriff, &c. of. Cupar, Ministers and Elders of.

Dingwall, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of. Dundee, Convener, Deacons of Trades, &c. of.

Edin-

Edinburgh, Magistrates, &c. of the burgh of Canongate. Eton, Provost and Fellows of the Royal College of.

Forfar, Noblemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of.

Greenock, Magistrates, Town Council, &c. of.

Irvine, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Kirkaldy, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Lancaster, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of. Leith, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Linlithgow, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

London and Westminster, Protestant Dissenting Ministers in.

Nairn, Commissioners of Supply, Heritors, &c. of.

Paisley, Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of.

Rothsay, Magistrates and Town Council of.

Saffron Walden, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

St. Patrick, President, &c. of the Benevolent Society of.

Scotland, Commissioners and Assessors of the Royal Burghs.

Scotland, Solicitors of the Supreme Courts of.

Scottish Episcopal Church, Bishops of. Selkirk, Magistrates and Town Council of.

Sheppy, Inhabitants of the isle of.

Tynemouth, Inhabitants of the borough of.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 28, 1837.

Whitehall, July 28, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the oceasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Aberbrothwick, Magistrates and Town Council of the Royal Burgh of.

Aberdeen, Chancellor, Rector, &c. of the University

of King's College of.

Aberdeen, Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the city of.

Aberdeen, Convener, Master of Hospital, &c. of the

Seven Incorporated Trades of.

Clerkenwell, Churchwardens and Inhabitants of.

Dumfries, Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of.

Durham, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the city of.

Exeter, Dean and Chapter of.

Gloueester, Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of.

Leith, Company of Traffickers or Merchants of.

Lon-

London, Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the University of.

London, Society of Apothecaries of.

Roxburgh, Noblemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

Scarborough, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Stirling, Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the burgh of.

Wells, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the city of.

St. James's-Palace, July 22, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Earl of Ilchester, Captain of Her Majesty's Guard of the Yeomen of the Guard.

St. James's-Palace, July 22, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Lord Foley, Captain of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 27, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Frederick Stovin, Groom in Waiting to Her Majesty, vice Captain Pechell, R. N. whose appointment has not taken place.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, July 27, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint General Sir Frederick Augustus Wetherall, G. C. H. Extra Groom in Waiting to Her Majesty.

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Colonel George Arthur, K. C. H.

Whitehall, July 26, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to declare His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, K. G. Captain-General and Colonel of the Artillery Company.

Crown-Office, July 27, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Pool.

Charles Frederic Ashley Cooper Ponsonby, Esq. George Richard Philips, Esq.

Burghs of Leith, Portobello, and Musselburgh.

The Right Honourable John Archibald Murray, Her Majesty's Advocate for Scotland.

Town of Kingston-upon-Hull.

William Wilberforce, Esq. Sir Walter Charles James, Bart.

City

City of Lichfield.

Sir George Anson, Knt. General in Her Majesty's Army, G. C. B.

Alfred Henry Paget, Esq. commonly called Lord

Alfred Henry Paget.

City of London.

Matthew Wood, Esq. Citizen and Fishmonger. William Crawford, Esq. Citizen and Spectaclemaker.

James Pattison, Esq. Citizen and Spectacle maker. George Grote, Esq. Citizen and Needle-maker.

City of Canterbury.

James Bradshaw, Esq.

Albert Denison Conyngham, Esq. commonly called Lord Albert Denison Conyngham.

Burghs of Dumfries, Sanquhar, Annan, Lochmaben, and Kirkcudbright.

Lieutenant-General Matthew Sharpe, of Hoddam.

City of Gloucester.

Henry Thomas Hope, Esq. John Phillpotts, Esq.

City of Norwich.

Arthur Richard Wellesley, commonly called the Marquess of Douro.

The Honourable Robert Campbell Scarlett, of

New-street, Spring-gardens, in the city of Westminster.

City of Bristol.

Philip William Skynner Miles, of Leigh-court, in the county of Somerset, Esq.

1837. 3 N The

The Honourable Francis Henry Fitzhardinge Berkeley, of Berkeley-house, Spring-gardens, in the city of Westminster.

Town and Port of Dovor.

Edward Royd Rice, Esq. Sir John Rae Reid, Bart.

Town and Port of Hastings.

The Right Honourable Joseph Planta, of Fairlightplace, in the county of Sussex.

Robert Hollond, of Pall-mall, in the city of West-

minster, Esq.

Town and Port of Sandwich.

Sir Edward Thomas Troubridge, Bart. Sir James Rivett Carnac, Bart.

Town and Port of Hythe.

William Hugh Elliott, Esq. commonly called Viscount Melgund.

Town and Port of Rye.

Thomas Gybbon Monypenny, of Rolvenden, in the county of Kent, Esq.

Town of Nottingham.

Sir Ronald Craufurd Ferguson, of Bolton row, in the county of Middlesex, K.G. C.B.

The Right Honourable Sir John Cam Hobhouse, of Chantry-house, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of Wilts, Bart.

Whitehall, July 25, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Henry Moncrieff to the church and parish of East Kilbride, in the presbytery of Hamilton and county of Lanark, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend William Hanna.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 1, 1837.

By the QUEEN. A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS King George the Third, by His royal Proclamation, bearing date the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and one, did, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, amongst other things, appoint and declare that, with the arms or ensigns armorial of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, there should be borne on an escocheon of pretence, the arms of His Majesty's dominions in Germany ensigned with the Electoral bonnet, and that the standard of the said United Kingdom should be the same quarterings as were therein declared to be the arms or ensigns armorial of the said United Kingdom, with the escoclieon of pretence thereon therein before described; and that the arms or ensigns armorial aforesaid should be used theneeforth, as far as conveniently might be, on all occasions wherein His Majesty's arms or ensigns armorial ought to be used: and whereas His said Majesty having, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, substituted to His ancient title of Elector of the Holy Roman Empire the title of King of Hanover, it was thought fit that an alteration should be made in His Majesty's arms or 3 N 2 en-

ensigns armorial, and it was therefore, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, accord-ingly declared, by a Royal Proclamation, bearing date the eighth day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, that instead of the arms of His Majesty's dominions in Germany ensigned with the Electoral bonnet, as directed by His Majesty's Proclamation above mentioned, there should thenceforth be used and borne with the arms or ensigns armorial of His Majesty's said United Kingdom, on an escocheon of pretence, the arms of His Majesty's dominions in Germany ensigned with the Hanoverian royal crown, and that the standard of the said United Kingdom should be the same quarterings as by His Majesty's said Proclamation were declared to be the arms or ensigns armorial of the said United Kingdom, with the escocheon of pretence ensigned with the said Hanoverian crown instead of the Electoral bonnet: and whereas, upon the demise of His late Most Sacred Majesty, the German dominions of His late Majesty have passed from the Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and devolved upon His Royal Highness Prince Ernest Augustus Dake of Cumber-land, now King of Hanover, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to declare, that henceforth the shield or escocheon of pretence representing His late Majesty's dominions in Germany, and ensigned with the Hanoverian royal crown, shall be omitted, and the shield left to contain the arms or ensigns armorial of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland only: but, nevertheless, it is Our will and pleasure, that all such gold, silver and copper moneys as on the day before the twenty-sixth day of this instant July were current and lawful moneys of Great Britain, and all such gold, silver, and copper moneys as shall on or after this day be coined by Our authority, with the like impressions, until Our will and pleasure shall be otherwise declared, shall be deemed

deemed and taken to be current and lawful moneys of the said United Kingdom in Great Britain; and that all such gold, silver, and copper moneys as on the day before the twenty-sixth day of this instant July were lawful moneys of Ireland, and all such gold, silver, and copper moneys as shall on or after this day be coined by Our authority with like impressions, until Our will and pleasure shall be otherwise declared, shall be deemed and taken to be current and lawful moneys of the said United Kingdom in Ireland; and all such moneys as shall have been coined for and issued in any of the dominions of the said United Kingdom, and declared by Roval Proclamation to be current and lawful money of such dominions respectively, bearing His late Majesty's arms or ensigns armorial, or any part or parts thereof, and all moneys which shall hereafter be coined and issued according to such Proclamations, shall continue to be lawful and current money of such dominions respectively, notwithstanding such change in Our arms or armorial bearings respectively as aforesaid, until Our pleasure shall be further declared thereupon; and all and every such moneys as aforesaid shall be received and taken in payment in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and in the dominions thereunto belonging, after the date of this Proclamation, in such manner, and as of the like value and denomination, as the same were received and taken before the date hereof: and it is also Our will and pleasure that the several dies and marks which have been used to denote the stamp duties, and all other stamps and marks and instruments which, before the issuing of this Proclamation, shall be in actual use for any public purpose, and in which His late Majesty's arms or ensigns armorial, or any parts or part thereof respectively, may be expressed, shall not by reason of this Proclamation, or any thing therein contained, be changed or altered until the same may be conveniently so changed or altered, or until Our pleasure shall be further declared thereon; but that all such dies, stamps, marks, and instruments, respectively bearing His late Majesty's arms or ensigns armorial, used before this twenty-sixth day of July instant, or any parts or part of such arms or ensigns armorial, shall have the like force and effect as the same had before the said twenty-sixth day of July instant.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham-Palace, this twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

Whitehall, August 1, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Aberdeen, Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of.

Aberdeen, Chancellor, Rector, &c. of the Marischal College of.

Bedford, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Bedford, Inhabitants of.

Carmarthen, Justices of the Peace of the county of. Chesterfield, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Clifton Dartmouth Hardness, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Daventry, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Den-

Denbigh, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Deptford Strond, Master, Wardens, &c. of the Trinity-house of.

Devizes, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Devonport, Inhabitants of.

Forres, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Foundling Hospital, Governors and Guardians of.

Grimsby, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Inverness, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Lanark, Presbytery of.

Leith, Master and Assistants of the Trinity-house of. Liskeard, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Nairn, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Northampton, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, &c. of the county of.

Peebles, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Richmond, (Surrey), Magistrates, Clergy, Church-wardens, &c. of.

South Sea Company.

Stenehaven, Magistrates, Town Council, &c. of.

Tredegar, Welsh Congregational Ministers assembled at.

Uxbridge, Inhabitants of.

Wallingford, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Westminster, Minister, Churchwardens, &c. of Saint Margaret's.

Westminster, Churchwardens and Vestrymen of St. James'.

Crown-Office, July 31, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

City of York.

John Henry Lowther, of Swillington-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

The Honourable John Charles Dundas, of Aske-

hall, in the county of York.

Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed.

Richard Hodgson, of the town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Stelling-hall, in the county of Northumberland, Esq.

William Holmes, of No. 10, Grafton-street, in the parish of St. George, Westminster, in the county

of Middlesex, Esq.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

William Ord, of Whitfield-hall, in the county of Northumberland, Esq.

John Hodgson Hinde, of Elswick, in the same county, Esq.

Burghs of Kirkaldy, Dysart, Kinghorn, and Burntisland.

Robert Ferguson, Esq. of Raith.

Burghs of Elgin, Cullen, Banff, Inverury, Kintore, and Peterhead.

Sir Andrew Leith Hay the younger, of Rames, Knt.

Burghs of Linlithgow, Lanark, Falkirk, Airdrie, and Hamilton.

William Downe Gillon, Esq. of Wallhouse.

Town of Haverfordwest.

Sir Richard Bulkeley Philipps Philipps, of Pictoncastle, in the county of Pembroke, Bart.

County of Hertford.

The Honourable James Walter Grimston, commonly called Viscount Grimston.

Rowland Alston, of Nishiobury, Esq. Abel Smith, of Woodhall, Esq.

Borough of Hertford.

The Honourable Philip Henry Stanhope, commonly called Viscount Mahon.

The Honourable William Francis Cowper.

Borough of St. Alban.

The Honourable Edward Harbottle Grimston. George Alfred Muskett, Esq.

Borough of Cupar, St. Andrews, Anstruther Easter, Anstruther Wester, Crail, Kilrenny, and Pittenweem.

Edward Ellice, jun. Esq.

Burghs of Inverkeithing, Dunfermline, Queensferry, Culross, and Stirling.

The Honourable Archibald Primrose, commonly called Lord Dalmeny.

Burghs of Haddington, Dunbar, North Berwick, Lander, and Jedburgh.

Robert Steuart, Esq. one of the Lords of the Treasury.

City of Lincoln.

Charles De Laet Waldo Sibthorp, Esq. Edward George Earle Lytton Bulwer, Esq.

Town of Southampton.

Abel Rous Dottin, of Bugle-hall, in the town and county of Southampton, Esq.

Adam Duncan, Esq. commonly called Viscount Duncan, of the Albany, in the city of Westminster.

County of Rutland.

Sir Gerard Noel Noel, of Exton-park, in the county of Rutland, Bart.

Sir Gilbert Heathcote, of Normanton, in the said county of Rutland, Bart.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 4, 1837.

Buckingham-Palace, July 31, 1837.

THIS day a Deputation of the Dutch and French Churches in the city of London, waited on Her Majesty, to present the following Address, which Address Her Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

The most humble and dutiful Address of the Protestant Dutch and French Churches in the city of London, established by King Edward the Sixth.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, the Ministers, Elders, and Deacons of the

Protestant Dutch and French Churches, in the city of London, established by Royal Charter in the year 1550, by King Edward the Sixth, of glorious memory, most humbly beg to approach your Royal presence, to express our deep and sincere sympathy with your Majesty, for the grievous loss which your Majesty has, in common with the nation, sustained by the decease of our late beloved and lamented King, William the Fourth, whose manifold virtues and paternal reign have secured to his memory the lasting gratitude of the people of these realms.

But, while we condole with your Majesty on the demise of our late much revered Sovereign, we humbly beg to offer our heartfelt congratulations upon your Majesty's accession to the Throne of this mighty empire, and most unfeignedly to assure your Majesty that we cordially participate in that strong and universal feeling of dutiful and affectionate attachment to your Royal Person, which so eminently prevails among all your Majesty's loyal and devoted

subjects.

We further beg to assure your Majesty, that we shall continue to offer up our most fervent prayers to the Almighty King of Kings, that His protection and blessings may, in the richest measure, be granted to your Majesty and your Royal House, and that your Majesty's reign may be a long and uninterrupted series of peace and prosperity, and an abundant source of welfare and happiness, both spiritual and temporal, to this great and enlightened nation.

We most humbly beg leave to solicit the con-

We most humbly beg leave to solicit the continuance of that great and powerful protection which our Churches, the most ancient foreign Protestant Churches in the United Kingdom, have enjoyed for a period of nearly three centuries, during the successive reigns of your Majesty's illustrious predecessors.

Done in Vestry, this 19th day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1837.

. To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"I thank you for this loyal and dutiful Address, for the sorrow which you express for the loss of His late Majesty, and for your congratulations upon my

accession.

"I look back with great satisfaction to the protection which you have found during so long a period in this country, and you may entirely rely upon the continuance of that protection under my reign."

St. James's-Palace, July 19, 1837.

THIS day the following Addresses were presented to Her Majesty, which Her Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously:

Alnwick, United Associate Congregation, Ministers, Elders, &c. of.

Anstruther Wester, Magistrates, Treasurer, Councillors, &c. of the royal burgh of.

Bath, and West of England Society for the encouragement of Arts, &c. President, Vice-President, and Patrons of the.

Monmouth, Magistrates of the county of.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Master, Pilots, and Seamen of the Trinity-house of.

Norwich, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the city of.

St. Andrew's, Chancellor, Rector, Principals, and Professors of the University of.

Stockport, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Westminster, Dean and Chapter of St. Peter's.

Whitehall, August 4, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Northampton, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the town of. Somerset, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, of the county of.

Crown-Office, August 3, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Hereford.

Sir Robert Price, of Foxley, in the county of Hereford, Bart.

Kedgwin Hoskins, of Birch-house, in the said county of Hereford, Esq.

Edward Thomas Foley, of Stoke Edith-park, in the said county of Hereford, Esq.

City of Hereford.

Edward Bolton Clive, of Whitfield, in the county of Hereford, Esq.

Daniel Higford Davall Burr, of Gaton-hall, in the county of Hereford, Esq.

Borough of Leominster.

Beaumouth Hotham, Baron Hotham, of South Dalton, in the east riding of the county of York.

Charles

Charles Greenaway, of Barrington-grove, in the county of Gloucester, Esq.

Burghs of Inverbervie, Montrose, Aberbrothwick, Prechin, and Forfar.

Patrick Chalmers, Esq. of Auldbar, in the county of Forfar.

Burghs of Renfrew, Rutherglen, Dumbarton, Kilmarnock, and Port Glasgow.

John Campbell Colquhoun, of Killermount, Esq.

Burghs of Fortrose, Inverness, Nairn, and Forres. Roderick Macleod the younger, Esq. of Cadball.

Burghs of Wigton, New Galloway, Strangear, and Whithorn.

John M'Taggart, Esq. of Ardwell, in the county of Wigtoun.

Borough of Carmarthen.

David Morris, of King-street, in the said borough, Esq.

County of Bute.

The Right Honourable Sir William Rae, of Saint Catharine's, Bart.

Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The Right Honourable Robert Cutlar Fergusson, of Orroland and Craigdarroch, Advocate General or Judge Martial of Her Majesty's Forces.

County of Gloucester.

Eastern Division.

Christopher William Codrington, Esq. The Honourable Augustus Henry Moreton.

Western Division.

The Honourable George Charles Grantley Fitz-hardinge Berkeley.

Robert Blagden Hale, Esq.

Borough of Tewkesbury.

William Dowdeswell, of Pall-court, in the county of Worcester, Esq.

John Martin, of Lombard-street, in the city of London, Esq.

Borough of Cirencester.

Joseph Cripps, Esq. Thomas William Chester Master, Esq.

Borough of Stroud.

The Right Honourable John Russell, commonly called Lord John Russell.

George Poulett Scrope, of Castle Comb, in the county of Wilts, Esq.

Borough of Cheltenham.

The Honourable Craven Hardinge Berkeley.

County of Merioneth.

Richard Richards, of Caerynwch, in the said county, and of Bedford-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Denbigh.

Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, of Wynnstay, in the said county of Denbigh, Bart.

The Honourable William Bagot, of Pool-park, in the same county.

Borough of Denbigh.

Wilson Jones, of Hartsheath, in the county of Flint, Esq.

War-

War-Office, 4th August 1837.

Her Majesty has been pleased to permit the 14th (or the King's) Regiment of Light Dragoons to bear on its standards and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices heretofore granted, the word

" Douro,"

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the Regiment at the passage of the Douro, on the 12th May 1809.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 8, 1837.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 26th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Honourable Constantine Henry Earl of Mulgrave, Lieutenant-General and General-Governor of that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of July 1837.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Royal Predecessors were pleased, from time to time, by their respective Orders made in Council, to declare and signify their pleasure, that their servants should have and enjoy all ancient liberties, rights, and privileges; and that none of their servants in ordinary with fee should be enforced or obliged to bear any public office, serve on juries or inquests, or be subjected to any mulct or fine for not submitting thereunto: Her Majesty, this day taking the same into consideration, and thinking it reasonable that all Her servants in ordinary with fee, should, in regard to their constant attendance upon Her Ma-jesty's Person, enjoy the like privileges with those of Her Predeccssors, doth therefore hereby order, with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the Lord Chamberlain of Her Majesty's Household, in relation to such of Her Majesty's servants who are under his Lordship's command above stairs; and the Lord Steward of Her Majesty's Household, or, in his absence, Her Majesty's Officers of the Green Cloth, as to such as are accounted Officers below stairs; and the Master of the Horse, for the servants belonging to the stables, do respectively signify unto the Lord Mayor of London, and to Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, within the city of Westminster, counties of Middlesex and Surrey, and the Mayors, Sheriffs, and Bailiffs, of any corporation, or county, and to all such as may be therein concerned, whensoever there shall be cause for asserting the said privilege, that Her Majesty has thought proper, conformably to 1837. 3 P

the example of Her Predecessors in this behalf, to order and require, that Her servants should have, hold, and enjoy all the said liberties, rights, and privileges; and that henceforward none of Her servants in ordinary with fee, be enforced or any ways obliged to bear any public offices, serve on juries or inquests, watch or ward, in any place where they dwell, or elsewhere, nor subjected to any mulct or fine for not submitting thereunto: And the Lord Chamberlain of Her Majesty's Household for those servants above stairs, the Lord Steward of Her Majesty's Household, and, in his absence, Her Majesty's Officers of the Green Cloth, for the servants below stairs, and the Master of the Horse for the servants belonging to the stables, are hereby authorised and required to take especial care that this Her Majesty's pleasure be duly observed and put in execution; and that Her Majesty's Attorney General for the time being be, and he is hereby authorised and required, upon any application made to him by any of Her Majesty's servants in ordimary with fee, to cause a stop to be put to all procecdings already had or to be commenced against them, or any of them, for refusing to watch or to serve on juries, or bear or undergo any public office or employment above-mentioned; and Her Majesty doth hereby further order, that eopies of this Order be left with the respective Clerks of the Peace for the cities of London and Westminster, and counties of Middlesex and Surrey, to be kept amongst the records of Her Majesty's Sessions, to the intent that due obedience may be given thereunto, and Her servants may not be vexed with unreasonable proceedings.

.C. C. Greville.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Com- missioners appointed to consider the state of " the Established Church in England and Walcs, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and re-"venues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, "revenues, and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thou-sand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of coiscopal dutics, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the 3 P 2 twenty-

twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of pre-paring and laying before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes, and having the full force of law; and that, in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishopricks, such fixed annual sums should be paid to the Commissioners out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively as should, upon due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave, as an average annual income, to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and Bishops of Worcester, and Bath and Wells respectively five thousand pounds; that out of the fund thus accruing, fixed annual payments should be made by the Commissioners, such instances and to such amount should be in like manner determined on, so that the average annual incomes of the other bishops respectively should be not less than four thousand pounds, nor more than five thousand pounds:

It is enacted, amongst other things that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lineoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty, under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knt. should, for the purposes of this Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing in any such scheme such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses, the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, should be inserted

and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canou, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirtyseven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

o say.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesias—"tical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance of the said Act prepared, and now humbly

humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for fixing the annual sum to be paid by us for the augmentation of the income of the bishoprick of Lichfield.

We humbly recommend and propose, that in order to raise the average annual income of the Bishop of Lichfield to the sum of four thousand five hundred pounds, as near as may be, there shall be paid by us to the Right Reverend Samuel now Bishop of Lichfield, and his successors, bishops of Lichfield for the time being, out of such moneys as shall from time to time be standing to our credit and account in the Bank of England, being part of payments from the larger sees respectively, towards the augmenta-tion of the incomes of the bishops of the smaller sees, the fixed annual sum of eight hundred and fifty pounds, by equal half-yearly payments, on the thirteenth day of February, and the thirteenth day of August in every year; and that the first of such payments, to the thirteenth day of February last, shall be made forthwith, and that the next of such payments shall be made on the thirteenth day of August next; and that whenever a vacancy of the see of Lichfield shall happen, on any other day than the thirteenth day of February, or the thirteenth day of August, the next half-yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last half-yearly day of payment to the day of the vacancy, inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid to the respective parties accordingly.

And whereas the amount of the moneys from time to time applicable to the purposes aforesaid, and to the augmentation of any other of the smaller sees upon vacancies occurring therein respectively, will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the larger sees from which payments are

hereafter to be made towards such purposes; and the amount of the demand upon such moneys will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the said smaller sees; and it may therefore happen that the demands upon such moneys may for a time exceed the amount thereof; we further recommend and propose, that if at the commence. ment of any half year calculated from the first day of January to the last day of June, and from the first day of July to the last day of December respectively, it shall appear to us that there will in the current half year be a deficiency of the said moneys to pay the sums then charged thereon, and payable in the same half year, it shall be lawful for us to resolve that a deduction be made from the sum payable in the same half year to the Bishop of Lichfield for the time being, and from the sums payable to the respective bishops of other smaller sees, who by virtue of any other scheme prepared or to be prepared by us, and of any Order or Orders of your Majesty in Council for ratifying the same, shall then be entitled to payments in augmentation of their respective incomes, so as to keep the sums to be paid during the same half year within the amount of the moneys applicable as aforesaid, during such half year; and to calculate such deduction in proportion to the sums which have been or may be named in this and every such other scheme as the future annual average income of the said sces respectively; and that upon the amount of every such deduction being certified by us or by our secretary, to the bishop to be affected thereby, within fourteen days after the commencement of such half year, the said bishop shall have no present claim to any greater sum than the residue of his half yearly payment after such deduction as aforesaid, nor any future claim, except as is hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, that so soon thereafter as the sums to be paid to us in any half year, applicable to the

purposes aforesaid, shall exceed the sums to be paid by us for those purposes within the same half year, we shall be authorized and bound to divide the surplus rateably among the bishops from whose payments such deductions shall have been made, or the representatives of such of them as shall be dead, and so from half year to half year, until the whole sums deducted shall be paid; the deductions of one half year to be paid before any payment shall be made on account of the deductions of any subsequent half year.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and, proposing any further or, other measures relating to the said bishopric of Lichfield, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to

your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Lichfield.

W'm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King the Fourth, intituled "An Act for " carrying into effect the reports of the Commis-" sioners appointed to consider the state of the " Established Church in England and Wales, with " reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so " far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, " and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His said late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral ar a collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissiorlers had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that the Bishop of Durham should in future hold the Castle of Durham, in trust, for the University of Durham, and that all expences of maintaining and repairing the same should be defrayed by the University of Durham:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl or Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of 3 Q 2

"the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as may be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect

as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwith-

standing:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before His late Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the thirteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for "carrying ino effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with "reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, rewenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for carrying into effect the provisions of the said Act, relative to the Castle of Durham.

We humbly recommend and propose, that the Right Reverend Edward now Bishop of Durham, and his successors bishops of Durham, for the time being, shall hold the Castle of Durham, including all the precincts of the said castle, and all houses, buildings, lands, tenements, and hereditaments heretofore known or accepted as parcel of the said precincts, and all rights, privileges, ways easements, and advantages thereto belonging, in trust, for the University of Durham, which has lately been incorporated, by the name and stile of the Warden, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Durham; but subject, nevertheless, to such right of access as

the clergy of the diocese of Durham now have to the library founded by John Cosin, heretofore Bishop of Durham, and now remaining within the said precincts, and to all right of way and other easements to which the same premises have heretofore been legally subject while in the possession of bishops of Durham; and also subject to the enjoyment by all such officers of the see or diocese of Durham, and by all such officers of the palatinate of Durham as have performed, for thirty years now last past, and now do perform, the duties of their respective offices in any building within the said precincts, of the right of performing their respective duties within the same buildings respectively, and to the enjoyment by the bedesmen of the cathedral church of Durham, of the almshouses wherein they now reside, until the said Warden, Masters, and Scholars shall until the said Warden, Masters, and Scholars shall have provided, to the satisfaction of the Bishop of Durham for the time being, sufficient buildings elsewhere for the respective purposes for which the present buildings are lawfully used; and as to those parts of the said buildings which were used by officers of the said palatinate, so long as any of those duties shall remain to be performed by the officers who held their offices at the time of passing the Act for separating the palatine jurisdiction from the bishopric of Durham.

And whereas the Bishop of Durham for the time being is Visitor of the said University of Durham, we further recommend and propose, that, for the accommodation of the said Bishop of Durham for the time being, all those apartments in that part of the said Castie of Durham, commonly called the Palace, which have usually been known by the name of the Senior Judge's apartments, together with a room in the lower story of the said castle, heretofore used as the still room, with two closets above, and together also with a double coach-house, and two stables, each containing three stalls, such coach-

house and stables being within the said precincts, near to the said library of Bishop Cosin, shall be reserved for the use of such Bishop; which apartments, coach-house, and stables, shall at all times be ready for the use of the said Bishop for the time being. on his giving three days notice to the said Warden, Masters, and Scholars of his wish to occupy the same: provided, that if the said Warden, Masters, and Scholars shall erect on the spot, and according to the plan approved by William late Bishop of Durham, a coach house and stable or stables for the accommodation of two carriages and six horses, and shall at all times keep the same ready for the use of the said bishop for the time being, on receiving such notice as aforesaid, such last-mentioned coachhouse and stable or stables shall be substituted for the coach house and stables herein-before described. to the use of which such bishop shall, in that case, be no longer entitled.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said Warden. Masters, and Scholars shall duly maintain and repair all parts within the said precincts, and shall fully indemnify the said Bishop and his successors against all expences of such repara-

tion and all claims for dilapidations.

All of which we humbly recommend and propose

to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this thirteenth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Durham.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Foreign-Office, August 8, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dated the 15th of July 1837, has been received by the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from George Villiers, Esq. Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Madrid, transmitting a note from the Spanish Government, of which the following is a translation, suspending the Royal Order of July 13, 1830, which imposed exceptional duties upon vessels proceeding from Gibraltar:

(Translation.)

SIR,

I HAVE the satisfaction to acquaint you, that, according to a communication made to me by the Minister of Finance on the 13th ins ant, the august Queen Regent having been informed of the report drawn up, in consequence of the representation which you made in your notes of the 1st of January and 20th of April of this year, for the abolition of the exceptional duties which are imposed upon goods coming from Gibraltar, and conveyed in Spanish vessels; and Her Majesty, bearing also in mind, on on the one hand, the motives of public utility which dictated the Royal Order of July 13, 1830, and the political considerations which determined the issuing of the Royal Decree of December 2, 1834, and considerations.

sidering, on the other hand, the generous and most important services which the British Government has afforded, and is still affording, to the national cause in the present contest, has been pleased to resolve, in conformity with the opinion of the Council of Ministers, that for the present, and without prejudice to what the Cortes may determine upon the system of customs and tariff, the observance of the 4th article of the said Royal Order of July 1830 be suspended, with respect to vessels proceeding from Gibraltar, in the same terms in which, by the Royal Decree of December 2, 1834, it was suspended as regards vessels proceeding from Bordeaux, Bayonne, Marseilles, and other intermediate ports of France, in order that by this means the Treaties may be fulfilled—which exist with England, who has the right, according to them, to be treated in Spain as the most favoured nations.

I avail myself, &c.
(Signed) JOSE MA. CALATRAVA.
Palace, July 15, 1837.

Foreign-Office, August S, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dated the 29th of July 1837, has been received by the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from George Villiers, Esq. Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Madrid, transmitting a note from the Spanish Government, of which the following is a translation, respecting the admission into certain Spanish ports of foreign coal, for the use of foreign steam boats:

(Translation.)

SIR,

THE Minister of Finance has just made me the following communication:

"I have laid before the Queen Regent the information lately obtained in consequence of the reiterated representations of the British Minister at this Court, and of the French Chargé d' Affaires, requesting the revocation of the Royal Order of the 9th of April last, which modified that of the 31st January of the preceding year, respecting the admission of foreign coal; and Her Majesty, desirous, on the one hand, that no difficulties be placed in the way of the navigation of steam vessels, whether national or foreign, but, on the contrary, that every facility compatible with the protection and encouragement which our own mines require be afforded; and, on the other hand, of giving another proof to our faithful allies that the Spanish Government, naturally grateful, is not unaware of the important services which, in support of the national cause, are afforded by the vessels charged to guard our coasts; Her Majesty has been pleased to resolve, that, although the 3d article of the above-mentioned Royal Order of the 9th of April last, declares duty free the foreign eoal, which, without being landed in our ports, is kept on board and consumed by the steamers, they shall, for the present, be allowed to have two deposits in the Mediterranean, which are to be Barcelona and Alicant, and two others on the sea coast, Cadiz and Corunna, upon the payment of two per cent. and the Officers of the Customs to have a key; for this article, without ceasing to be in the free air, can be placed in buildings which the Masters of the steamers can provide themselves, and thus they will have a deposit corresponding to their eonconsumption. All this to take place without detriment to the ameliorations which the General Direction and its 'Junta Consultiva' have proposed, in order that they may be submitted to the Cortes for examination and discussion, to whom also immediate communication will be made of this provisional measure which circumstances have obliged the dictation of.

"I have the honour to make the above communication to you, in reply to the note which you were pleased to address to me upon this subject, and avail myself, &c."

(Signed) JOSE MA. CALATRAVA.

Palace, July 22, 1837.

To the British Minister.

Whitehall, August 8, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Aberdeen, Noblemen, Deputy Lieutenants, &c. of the county of.

Bandon, Inhabitants of the town of.

Banff, Commissioners of Supply, Landholders, &c. of the county of.

Berwick-upon-Tweed, Inhabitants of.

Bute, Deputy Lientenants, Justices of Peace, &c. of the county of.

Cardigan, Mayor, Aldermen, and Council of.

Dorchester, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of. 3 R 2 Eton, Eton, Inhabitants of the town and parish of.

Fife, Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Supply, &c. of the county of.

Forfar, Magistrates, Town Council, &c. of the royal

burh of.

Galashiels, Inhabitants of the town of.

Gravesend, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the borough of.

Great Yarmouth, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Haddington, the Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of.

Kilmore, parish of.

Kincardine, Noblemen, Deputy-Lieutenants, &c. of the county of.

Lawrencekirk, the Bailie, Council, &c. of the burgh of.

Linlithgow, Justices of the Peace and Commissioners of Supply of the county of.

Maidenhead, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Mussleburgh, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of the burgh of.

Newbury, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Newbury, Inhabitants of.

Northumberland, Inhabitants of the county of.

Presbyterians, the Three Non-Subscribing Bodies of, in Ireland.

Queensferry, Magistrates and Town Council of the royal burgh of.

Ross, Lieutenancy, Commissioners of Supply, &c. of the county of.

Royal Belfast Academical Institution, President, Vice-Presidents, &c. of the. Selkirk, Noblemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

St. Andrews, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of the ancient

city of.

St. Martin in the fields, Inhabitants of the parish of. Wick, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of the royal burgh of.

Buckingham-House, August 3, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty :- Prince Esterhazy, Ambassador Extraordinary from the Emperor of Austria, to take leave on going abroad for a time; Count Pozzo di Borgo, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of all the Russias, to deliver his new credentials; Baron Fagel, upon a special mission from the King of the Netherlands, to take leave; Count St. Martin D'Aglie, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, to deliver his new credentials; Baron Bülow, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia, to take leave on going abroad for a time; Count Mandelsloh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Wurtcmberg, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign; Baron de Blome, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Denmark, to take leave on going abroad for a time; Baron de Cetto, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, to deliver his new credentials; the Chevalier de Aguilar, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen Regent of Spain, acting in the name and on the behalf of Her Catholic Majesty Queen Isabella II, to deliver his new credentials; and Count de Veltheim, to deliver a letter from the Duke of Brunswick to Her Majesty:

To which audiences they were respectively intro-

duced

duced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, August 8, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen upon Her Majesty's Medical Establishment:

Physicians in Ordinary.

James Clark, M. D.; Sir Henry Halford, Bart. M. D. G. C. H.; William Frederic Chambers, M. D. K. C. H.

Serjeant Surgeons.

Sir Astley P. Cooper, Bart. G.C.H.; Sir Benjamin C. Brodie, Bart.; Robert Keate, Esq.

Physician to the Household.

James Clark, M. D.

Surgeon to the Household.

John Phillips, Esq.

Apothecary to the Person.

John Nussey, Esq. and Edward Duke Moore, Esq. jointly.

Apothecary to the Household.

John Nussey, Esq. and Charles Craddock, Esq. jointly.

St. James's-Palace, August 8, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint—
Sir James M'Grigor, Bart. M. D.
Henry Holland. M. D.
Peter Mere Latham, M. D.
Richard Bright, M. D.
Neil Arnott, M. D.

Physicians Extraordinary to Her Majesty.

Benjamin Travers, Esq. Thomas Copeland, Esq. William Lawrence, Esq. Henry Earle, Esq. Richard Blagden, Esq.

Surgeons Extraordinary to Her Majesty.

Messrs. Merriman, of Kensington,

Apothecaries Extraordinary to Her Majesty.

Charles Dumergue, Esq.
Surgeon Dentist to Her Majesty.

Louis Durlacher, Esq.
Surgeon Chiropodist to Her Majesty.

Mr. Squire,
Chymist and Druggist to Her Majesty.

Whitehall, August 7, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting to George Earl of Munster, Colonel in the Army, the office and place of Governor and Captain of Her Majesty's Castle of Windsor.

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The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the said United Kingdom, granting to the said George Earl of Munster, the office of Constable of Her Majesty's Castle of Windsor, as also the office of Lieutenant of the said Castle.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the said United Kingdom, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable William Sturges Bourne, to be Warden and Keeper of the New Forest, in the county of Southampton.

Whitehall, August 7, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to order a congéd'elire to pass the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Hereford to elect a Bishop of that See, the same being void by the death of the Honourable Doctor Edward Grey; late Bishop thereof; and Her Majesty has also been pleased to recommend the very Reverend Thomas Musgrave, Doetor in Divinity, to be elected by the said Dean and Chapter, Bishop of that See.

Whitehall, August 7, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britrin and Ireland, conferring the honour of Knighthood upon William Henry Rough, Esq. Serjeant at Law, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court at Ceylon,

Crown-Office, August 7, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Bedford.

Charles James Fox Russell, commonly called Lord Charles James Fox Russell, of Woburn, in the said county.

John Hume Cust, commonly called Viscount Alford,

of Cockayne Hatley, in the said county.

Borough of Bedford.

Frederic Polhill, Esq. Henry Stuart, Esq.

Combined Counties of Ross and Cromarty. Thomas Mackenzie, Esq. of Applecross.

County of Sutherland.
The Honourable William Howard.

County of Berwick.

Sir Hugh Purves Hume Campbell, of Purves and Marchmont, Bart.

County of Haddington.

The Right Honourable James Andrew Ramsay, commonly called Lord Ramsay.

County of Salop.

Northern Division.

Sir Rowland Hill, of Hawkestone, Bart. William Ormsby Gore, of Porkington, Esq.

Southern Division.

The Right Honourable Henry Vane, commonly called the Earl of Darlington.
The Honourable Robert Henry Clive.

Borough of Shrewsbury.

Richard Jenkins, Esq. Robert Aglionby Slaney, Esq.

Borough of Ludlow.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Salwey, of Egham-park, in the county of Surrey.

The Right Honourable Edward Herbert, commonly called Viscount Clive.

Borough of Bridgmorth.

Thomas Charlton Whitmore, Esq. of Cotsbrook, in the county of Salop.

Henry Hanbury Tracy, Esq. of the city of London.

Borough of Wenlock.

The Honourable George Cccil Weld Forester, of Willey-park, in the county of Salop.

James Milne Gaskell, of Thorns-house, in the county of York, Esq.

County of Edinburgh.

William Gibson Craig the younger, Esq. of Riccarton.

City of Édinburgh.

The Right Honourable James Abercromby.
Sir John Campbell, Knt. Her Majesty's Attorney
General.

County of Kincardine.

Major-General the Honourable Hugh Arbuthnott, of Hatton.

County of Dumfries.

John James Hope Johnstone, of Annandale.

County of Leicester.

Northern Division.

The Right Honourable Charles Somerset Manners, commonly called Lord Charles Somerset Manners, of Belvoir-castle. in the county of Leicester.

Edward Basil Farnham, of Quorndon-house, in the said county, Esq.

Southern Division.

Henry Halford, of Newton Harcourt, in the county of Leicester, Esq.

Charles William Packe, of Great Glenn, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Leicester.

Samuel Duckworth, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

John Easthope, of Hill-field, in the parish of Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Somerset.

Eastern Division.

William Gore Langton, of the parish of Newton Saint Loe.

William Miles, of the parish of Abbot Leigh, both in the said county of Somerset, Esq.

Western Division.

Edward Ayshford Sanford, of Ninehead-court, in the said county of Somerset, Esq.

Thomas Dyke Acland, of Holnicote, in the county of Somerset, and of Killerton, in the county of Devon, Esq.

City of Bath.

The Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Powerscourt, of Dover-street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex.

William Heald Ludlow Bruges, of Seend, in the county of Wilts, Esq.

City of Wells.

Richard Blakemore, of the Leys, in the county of Hereford, Esq.

William Goodenough Hayter, of Stobery-hill, in the county of Somerset, and Hyde-park-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Taunton.

The Right Honourable Henry Labouchere, of Hamilton-place, in the county of Middlesex.

Edward Thomas Bambridge, of Park-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Bridgwater.

Henry Broadwood, Esq. Philip Courtenay, Esq.

Borough of Frome.

Thomas Sheppard, of Hampstead-heath, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Northumberland.

Northern Division.

The Right Honourable Henry Grey, commonly called Viscount Howick.

The Honourable Charles Bennett, commonly called Lord Ossulston.

Southern Division.

Matthew Bell, Esq.

Christopher Blackett, Esq.

Borough of Morpeth.

Granville George Leveson Gower, commonly called Lord Leveson.

Borough of Tynemouth.

George Frederick Young, Esq.

County of Monmouth.

The Right Honourable Granville Charles Henry Somerset, commonly called Lord Granville Charles Henry Somerset.

William Adams Williams, of Llangibby-castle, in the

said county of Monmouth, Esq.

Borough of Monmouth.

Reginald James Blewitt, Esq.

Burghs of Kirkwall, Wick, Dornock, Dingwall, Tain, and Cromarty.

James Loch, Esq. of Albemarle-street, in the city of Westminster.

Combined Counties of Elgin and Nairn.

Colonel the Honourable Francis William Grant, of Grant.

County of Forfar.

Lord Douglas Gordon Hallyburton, of Pitcur.

Town of Dundee.

The Right Honourable Sir Henry Parnell, Bart.

County of Peebles.

William Forbes Mackenzie, Esq. of Portmore.

County

County of Perth.

William David Murray, commonly called Viscount Stormont.

Town of Perth.

The Honourable Arthur Fitzgerald Kinnaird.

County of Selkirk.

Alexander Pringle, of Whytbank, Esq.

County of Renfrew.

George Houstoun the younger, Esq. of Johnstone.

Town of Paisley.

Archibald Hastie, Esq. merchant, in London.

Town of Greenock.

Robert Wallace, Esq. of Kelly.

Burghs of Ayr, Irvine, Campbelltown, Inverary, and Ohan.

Patrick James Herbert Crichton Stuart, commonly called Lord James Crichton Stuart, of Rosemount, Ayrshire.

County of Montgomery.

The Right Honourable Charles Watkin Williams Wynn.

Borough of Montgomery.

John Edwards, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 11, 1837.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS it is deemed expedient by Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to make certain new regulations, in manner following, for the attendance of the Justices in the Police Offices hereinafter mentioned, it is hereby ordered by Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that one of the Justices appointed to the several Police Offices now established in the parishes of St. Margaret, Westminster; Saint James, Westminster; St. Mary-le-bone; Saint Andrew, Holborn; St. Leonard, Shoreditch; Saint Mary, Whitechapel; and St. John, of Wapping, in the county of Middlesex; and St. Saviour, of the county of Surrey; shall, from and after the thirteenth day of August next, attend at each of the said offices from the hour of ten of the clock in the morning until five of the clock in the afternoon; and that two of the said Justices shall, in like manner, attend together at each of the said offices, from twelve of the clock at noon until three of the clock in the afternoon, instead of the hours at which they are now required to be in attendance,

according to the form of the Statute in such case

inade and provided:

And the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Whitehall, August 11, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Argyle, Heritors, &c. of the county of.

Berwick; Noblemen, Commissioners of Supply, &c. of.

Caledonian Horticultural Society.

Durham, Masters and Scholars of the University of. Durham, Dean and Chapter of.

Edinburgh, Chamber of Commerce of.

Elgin, Landholders, Clergy, &c. of the county of.

Glasgow, Chancellor, Rector, &c. of the University

Hastings, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Inverness, Commissioners of Supply, Heritors, &c. of the county of.

Kilkenny, Mayor and Citizens, &c. of.

Kilwinning, Society of Gentlemen Archers of.

Kincardine, Inhabitants of.

Kingston-upon-Hull, Corporation of the Trinity-house of.

Kirk-

Kirkeudbright, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of. Kirkeudbright, Incorporated Trades of.

London, Highland Society of.

London, Ministers of the German Protestant
Churches of.

Marine Society, President, &c. of. Monance, Magistrates, &c. of the burgh of.

Paisley, Provost, Bailies, &c. of. Peebles, Noblemen, Gentlemen, &c. of the county of. Preston, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Scamen's Hospital, President, &c. of the. Scotland, Celtic Society for Promoting Education in.

Tain, Provost, Magistrates, &c. of.

Wareham, Mayor, Recorder, &c. of. Wigan, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of.

Foreign-Office, August 11, 1837.

A DISPATCH, dated the 2d June 1837, has been received by the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Sccretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from the Honourable Charles Ashburnham, Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Mexico, transmitting a Proclamation of the Mexican Government, of which the following is a translation:

PROCLAMATION.

The President of the Mexican Republic to the Inhabitants thereof; know, that the 68th article of the general tariff of the maritime and frontier custom-houses, declaring that the said tariff should not begin to take its full effect until six months after its publication in this capital, was dictated for the benefit of commerce, with the important object of regulating 1837.

that of all nations upon a footing of perfect equality; and consequently, provided that this just principle be observed, all those regulations of the said tariff which are notoriously favourable to commerce in general, as stimulating speculation, and as destructive of fraudulent traffick, as pernicious to the public good as to commerce itself, may immediately come into operation, and be observed; and, in order that commerce may, as soon as possible, enjoy the aforesaid advantages, I have thought fit to Decree as follows:

Art. 1. From the date of the publication of this Decree, in every port or place where there are maritime or frontier custom-houses, those articles of the general tariff of the 11th March last, which hereinafter shall be enumerated, shall begin to be observed, maritime custom-houses being bound to observe all, and those of the frontier such as apply to them.

Art. 2. The articles of the new tariff which shall immediately come into operation, at the aforesaid custom-houses, according to the terms of the foregoing article, are the following:

First. The second article, which lowers the amount

of tonnage duties.

Second. The 3d and 4th articles, which accords to ships after taking on board their cargoes, to proceed to another port with the view to ship produce of the country which is exempt from duty, and which (articles) prescribe the formalities under which this

concession is to be made use of.

Third. The 20th and 21st articles relative to the cessation, in ordinary cases, of the custom of placing a permanent guard of tidesmen (celadores) on board: relative to the guards keeping watch, by rounds, at a distance, and to its being the duty of the officer commanding the tidesmen, or of the Customhouse officers, to scal up the hatchways and bulkheads of the vessel. Fourth.

Fourth. The 23d article, which imposes penalties upon any person who fraudently may break the seals; but this article shall be expressly and formally notified to the master of the ship by the officer commanding the tidesmen. or the Custom-house officer, on his coming on board to take the manifests.

Fifth. The 44th article, relative to the regulations to be observed with regard to applications for passing

the cargo.

Sixth. The 45th article, which names the Customhouse functionaries, whose duty it is to attend at the

passing of the goods.

Seventh. The 56th article, by which it is provided that Mexican Consuls and Vice-Consuls shall forward to the Custom-house statements of prices current, which shall be made use of in the way pointed out in the 57th article, when the tariff comes into force in all its parts.

Eighth. The 66th article, which regulates the ex-

amination of goods in the Custom-houses.

Ninth. The 91st article, which imposes penalties on masters of ships, or supercargoes, in every case of making trans-shipment of goods to another vessel, or permitting it on board their own; but this article shall be expressly and formally notified to the captains, or supercargoes, by the officer commanding the tidesmen upon their coming on board.

Tenth. The 92d article, which fixes the legal hours for shipping or unshipping cargoes; but the notification, as prescribed in the foregoing paragraph,

shall be previously made.

Eleventh. The 93d, 94th, and 95th articles, relating to the penalties denounced against Custonihouse officers, and other public functionaries, for aiding or concealing snuggling; and authorising the informers to be present at the examination of goods seized in consequence of their information.

Twelfth. All the articles of the 7th chapter, relative to the distribution of confiscations, except as to pe-

cu-

cuniary and personal penalties, inasmuch as, until the 17th day of September inclusive, of this year, those imposed by the laws in force previously to the 11th

of March last, shall continue in full effect.

Article. The remaining articles of the new tariff, not expressly declared by this Decree to be in force from the time of its publication in the respective places, shall not commence taking effect until from the 18th day, inclusive, of September of this year, the general tariff of 16th November 1827, the law of 31st March 1831, and the other existing regulations remaining in the mean time in force and vigour, in all such matters as are not altered or modified by those articles of the new tariff as are enumerated in the present Decree.

I accordingly command that it be printed,

pablished, circulated, and duly observed.

Palace of the National Government, Mexico, 2d May 1837.

(Signed) Anastasio Bustamente. (Countersigned) Joaquin Lebrija.

Crown-Office, August 10, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

Combined Counties of Clackmannan and Kinross.

Sir Charles Adam, of Barnes, Knt. one of the Lords
Commissioners of the Admiralty.

County of Stirling.

William Forbes, of Callendar, Esq.

County of Dumbarton.

Sir James Colquhoun, of Luss, Bart.

County of Linlithgow.

Captain the Honourable James Hope.

County of Aberdeen.

Captain the Honourable William Gordon, R. N.

City of Aberdeen.

Alexander Bannerman, Esq.

County of Sussex.

Eastern Division.

George Darby, Esq. of Markly Warbleton, in the county of Sussex.

The Honourable Charles Compton Cavendish, of Burlington-house, in the city of Westminster.

Western Division.

The Right Honourable John George Lennox, commonly called Lord John George Lennox.

The Right Honourable Henry Charles Howard, commonly called the Earl of Surrey.

City of Chichester.

John Abel Smith, Esq.

The Honourable Arthur Lennox, commonly called Lord Arthur Lennox.

Borough of New Shoreham.

Harry Dent Goring, of No. 17, New-street, Spring-gardens.

Sir Charles Merrik Burrell, of Knepp-castle, in the county of Sussex, Bart.

Borough of Lewes.

Sir Charles Richard Blunt, of Heathfield-park, in the county of Sussex, Bart.

The

The Honourable Henry FitzRoy, of Whittlebury-lodge, in the county of Northampton.

Borough of Brighton.

George Richard Pechell, Esq. a Captain in Her Majesty's Royal Navy, of Castle Goring, in the said county.

Colonel Sir Adolphus John Dalrymple, of Brighton aforesaid, Bart.

Borough of Horsham.

Robert Henry Hurst, of Horsham, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

Borough of Midhurst.

William Stephen Poyntz, of Cowdray, in the parish of Easebourne, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

Borough of Arundel.

Henry Granville Howard, Esq. commonly called Lord Fitzalan.

County of Essex.

Northern Division.

Sir John Tyssen Tyrell, of Boreham-house, in the said county, Bart.

Charles Gray Round, of Birch-hall, in the said county, Esq.

Southern Division.

Thomas William Bramston, of Skreens, in the said county of Essex, Esq.

George Palmer, of Nazing-hall, in the same county, Esq.

Borough of Colchester.

Richard Sanderson, of Belgrave-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Sir

Sir George Henry Smyth, of Berechurch hall, Colchester, in the said county of Essex, Bart.

Borough of Maldon.

Quintin Dick, Esq. John Round, Esq.

Borough of Harwich.

The Right Honourable John Charles Herries.

Alexander Ellice, Esq. a Captain in Her Majesty's

Navy.

County of Stafford.

Northern Division.

The Honourable William Bingham Baring. Edward Buller, Esq.

Southern Division.

The Right Honourable Henry John Chetwynd Talbot, commonly called Viscount Ingestre. The Honourable George Anson.

Borough of Stafford.

William Fawkener Chetwynd, of Brockton-hall, in the said county of Stafford, Esq.

Robert Farrand, of Hale-hall, in the county of Norfolk, Esq.

Borough of Tamworth.

The Right Honourable Sir Robert Peel, Bart. of

Drayton Manor.

Edward Henry a'Court, of Haytesbury, in the county of Wilts, Esq. a Captain in Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

Borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme.

William Henry Miller, of Craigentinny, in the county of Edinburgh, and of Britwell house, in the county of Buckingham, Esq.

Spencer

Spencer Horsey de Horsey, of Glemham, in the county of Suffolk, and of Upper Grosvenor-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Wolverhampton.

Charles Pelham Villiers, of Wilton-street, Grosvenor-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. Thomas Thornely, of Mount-street, Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Esq.

Borough of Stoke-upon-Trent.

William Taylor Copeland, Esq. John Davenport, Esq.

Borough of Walsall.

Francis Finch, Esq.

County of Middlesex.

George Byng, Esq. Thomas Wood the younger, Esq.

City of Westminster.

Colonel De Lacy Evans. John Temple Leader, Esq.

Borough of the Tower Hamlets.

Stephen Lushington, of Great George-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, Doctor of Laws.

William Clay, of Salvador-house, Bishopsgate, in the city of London, Esq.

Borough of Finsbury.

Thomas Wakley, Esq.
Thomas Slingsby Duncombe, Esq.

Borough of Mary-le-Bone.

Benjamin Hall, of St. James's-place, in the city of West-

Westminster, and of Llanover-court and Aber-carne, in the county of Monmouth, Esq.

Sir Samuel St. Swithin Burden Whalley, Knt. of St. John's-wood, in the parish of Mary-le-Bone.

County of Dorset.

The Honourable Anthony Ashley Cooper, commonly called Lord Ashley, of Upper Brookstreet, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex.

Henry Charles Sturt, of Critchell, in the said county of Dorset, Esq.

The Honourable John George Charles Fox Strangways, of Abbotsbury, in the said county of Dorset.

Borough of Dorchester.

The Honourable Anthony Henry Ashley Cooper, of Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex.

Robert Williams the younger, of Littlebredy, in the county of Dorset, Esq.

Borough of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis.

The Honourable George Augustus Frederick Villiers, commonly called Viscount Villiers.

George William Hope, Esq.

Borough of Bridport.

Henry Warburton, Esq. Swinfin Jervis, Esq.

Borough of Shaftesbury.

John Sayer Poulter, Esq.

Borough of Wareham.

John Hales Calcraft, of Rempstone-hall, in the isle of Purbeck, Esq.

Borough of Lyme Regis.

William Pinney, Esq.

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County

County of Roxburgh.

The Honourable John Edmund Elliot.

County of Orkney and Shetland.

Frederick Dundas, Esq.

County of Wigton.

James Blair, Esq. of Penninghame.

County of Fife.

James Erskine Wemyss, of Wemyss.

County of Berks.

Robert Palmer, of Holme-park, in the said county, Esq.

The Right Honourable William Keppel Viscount Barrington, of Becket, in the said county. Philip Pusey, of Pusey, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Reading.

Thomas Noon Talfourd, Esq. Charles Fyshe Palmer, Esq.

Borough of New Windsor.

John Ramsbottom, of Grove-house, New Windsor, Esq.

Robert Gordon, of Lewiston, in the county of Dorset, Esq.

Borough of Walling ford.

William Seymour Blackstone, of Castle Priory, in Wallingford aforesaid, Esq.

Borough of Abingdon.

Thomas Duffield, of Marcham-park, in the county of Berks, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 15, 1837.

Whitehall, August 15, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Aberdeen, Members of the Ship Master Society of. Alderney, Lieutenant-Governor, Judge, Jurats, and other Officers of the island of.

Antiquaries of London, Society of. Arundel, Inhabitants of the parish of.

Bedford, Inhabitants of the county of.

Caithness, Lieutenancy, Commissioners of Supply, &c. of the county of.

Calcdonian Society, President, Vice-President, &c. of the.

Campbletown, Magistrates and Town Council of the burgh of.

Canongate, Ancient Lodge of Freemasons in.

Dissenters, Members of the Scottish Central Board of.

Dunmow Union, Guardians of the.

Edinburgh, High Constables of the city of.

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Glou-

Gloucester, Clergy of the diocese of.

Grantham, Corporation of the borough of.

Greenock, Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of.

Hertford, Corporation and Inhabitants of the borough of.

Horticultural Society of London, President, Vice-President, and Council of the.

Ireland, Society of Free and Accepted Masons in.
Ircland, Ministers and Elders of the Presbyterian
Synod of.

Leominster, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Lochmaben, Ministers and Elders of the Thirteen Parishes of.

Louth, Clergy of the Established Church in.

Newport, Mayor and Inhabitants of the borough of.

Oswestry, Corporation and Inhabitants of the town of.

Oxford, Nobility, Gentry, &c. of the county of.

Perth, Noblemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

Royal Institution of Great Britain, the Members of the.

Scotland, Grand Master, &c. of the Royal Grand Conclave of Knights Templars of. Springburn, &c. the Inhabitants of. Swansea, Inhabitants of the borough of.

Buckingham-Palace, August 9, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty:—Count Bjornstjerna, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden and Norway, to take leave on a temporary absence;

and Baron Alvensleben, upon a mission of com-

pliment from the Duke of Saxe Cobourg:

To which audiences they were introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, August 14, 1837.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Henry Lytton Bulwer, Esq. lately Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Brussels, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Embassy at the Sublime Ottoman Porte.

Crown-Office, August 14, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Nottingham.

Northern Division.

Thomas Houldsworth, Esq. Henry Gally Knight, Esq.

Southern Division.

The Honourable Henry Pelham Fynes Pelham Clinton, commonly called the Earl of Lincoln.

Lancelot Rolleston, Esq.

Borough of Newark-upon-Trent.

William Ewart Gladstone, Esq. Thomas Wilde, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Serjeants at Law. Borough of East Retford.

The Honourable Arthur Duncombe, of Brook-street, Hanover-square, in the county of Middlesex, Captain in the Royal Navy.

Granville Harcourt Vernon, of Grove, in the county

of Nottingham, Esq.

County of Kent.

Eastern Division.

The Right Honourable Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart.

John Pemberton Plumptre, Esq.

Western Division.

Sir William Richard Powlett Geary, Bart. Thomas Law Hodges, Esq.

City of Rochester.

Ralph Bernal, Esq. Thomas Benjamin Hobhouse, Esq.

Borough of Maidstone.

Wyndham Lewis, Esq. Benjamin D'Israeli, Esq.

Borough of Greenwich.

Matthias Wolverley Attwood, of Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Edward George Barnard, of Deptford, in the county

of Kent, Esq.

Borough of Chathain.

The Right Honourable George Stevens Byng.

County of the Isle of Wight.

The Honourable William Henry Ashe a Court Holmes, of Westover, in the said county.

County of Inverness.

Alexander William Chisholm, Esq. of Chisholm.

County of Lanark.

Alexander MacDonald Lockhart, Esq. of Carnwath.

City of Glasgow.

The Right Honourable William Henry Cavendish Bentinck, commonly called Lord William Bentinck.

John Dennistoun, Esq. merchant, in Glasgow.

County of Ayr.

John Dunlop, of Dunlop, Esq.

County of Caithness.

Sir George Sinclair, of Ulbster, Bart.

County of Derby.

Northern Division.

The Honourable George Henry Cavendish.
William Evans, of Allestree, in the county of Derby,
Esq.

Southern Division.

Sir George Crewe, of Calke-abbey, in the county of Derby, Bart.

Francis Hurt, of Alderwasley, in the county of Derby, Esq.

Borough of Derby.

Edward Strutt, Esq.

The Honourable John George Brabazon Ponsonby.

County of Cumberland.

Eastern Division.

Francis Aglionby, of Nunnery, in the county of Cumberland, Esq.

William James, of Barrock-lodge, in the county of

Cumberland, Esq.

Western Division.

Edward Stanley, of Ponsonby-hall, in the said county, Esq.

Samuel Irton, of Irton-hall, in the said county, Esq.

City of Carlisle.

Philip Henry Howard, Esq. William Marshall, Esq.

Borough of Cockermouth.

Henry Aglionby Aglionby, of Newbiggin-hall, in the county of Cumberland, Esq.

Edward Horsman, of the city of Edinburgh, Esq.

Borough of Whitehaven.

Matthias Attwood, of the city of London, Esq.

County of Suffolk.

Eastern Division.

The Right Honourable John Henniker Major Lord Henniker.

Sir Charles Broke Vere, Knt.

Western Division.

Hart Logan, Esq. Robert Rushbrooke, Esq.

Borough of Ipswich.

Thomas Gibson, Esq. Henry Tufnell, Esq.

Borough of Sudbury.

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Barnes, G. C. B. of Beechhill-park, in the county of Middlesex.

Sir James John Hamilton, of Gloucester-place, Portman-square, in the county of Middlesex, Bart.

Borough of Bury St. Edmunds.

The Right Honourable Charles FitzRoy, commonly called Lord Charles FitzRoy.

The Right Honourable Frederick William Hervey, commonly called Earl Jermyn.

Borough of Eye.

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Kerrison, of Oakleypark, in the said county, Bart.

County of Banff.

James Duff, Esq. of Delgaty-castle.

- County of Norfolk.

Eastern Division.

Edmond Wodehouse, Esq. Henry Negus Burroughes, Esq.

Western Division.

William Bagge, Esq. William Lyde Wiggett Chute, Esq.

Borough of King's Lynn.

The Right Honourable William George Frederick Cavendish Bentinck, commonly called Lord George Bentinck.

The Right Honourable Sir Stratford Canning, K. C. B.

Borough of Great Yarmouth.

Charles Edmund Rumbold, of Preston Candover, in the county of Southampton, Esq.

William Wilshere, of Hitchin, in the county of

Hertford, Esq.

Borough of Thetford.

Henry Earl of Euston. The Honourable Francis Baring.

County of Oxford.

Montagu Bertie, Esq. commonly called Lord Norreys. George Granville Harcourt, Esq. Thomas Augustus Wolstenholme Parker, Esq.

University of Oxford.

Thomas Grimston Bucknall Estcourt, Doctor in Civil Law, of Corpus Christi College. Sir Robert Harry Inglis, Bart. Doctor in Civil Law, of Christchurch.

· City of Oxford.

Donald Maclean, Esq. William Erle, Esq.

Borough of New Woodstock.

Henry Peyton, Esq.

Borough of Banbury.

Henry William Tancred, Esq.

County of Worcester. Eastern Division.

Horace St. Paul, Esq. John Barneby, Esq.

Western Division.

The Honourable Henry Beauchamp Lygon. Henry Jeffreys Winnington, Esq.

Borough of Evesham.

George Rushout, Esq. Peter Borthwick, Esq.

Borough of Droitwich.

John Somerset Pakington, Esq. of Westwood-house, in the county of Worcester.

Borough of Bewdley.

Thomas Edward Winnington, of Stanford-court, in the county of Worcester.

Borough of Dudley.

Thomas Hawkes, of Dudley, and of Himley, in the county of Stafford, Esq.

Borough of Kidderminster.

Richard Godson, of Grosvenor-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Warwick.

Northern Division.

Sir John Eardley Eardley Wilmot, Bart. William Stratford Dugdale, Esq.

Southern Division.

Sir John Mordaunt, Bart. Evelyn John Shirley, Esq.

Borough of Warwick.

Sir Charles Eurwicke Douglas, Knt. William Collins, Esq.

Borough of Birmingham.

Thomas Attwood, Esq. Jeshua Scholefield, Esq.

County of Southampton.

Northern Division.

Charles Shaw Lefevre, of Heckfield-place, in the said county, Esq. Sir William Heathcote, of Hursley-park, in the said

county, Bart.

Southern Division.

John Fleming, of Stoneham-park, in the said county, Esq.

Henry Combe Compton, of Manor-house, Minstead, in the said county, Esq.

City of Winchester.

Jimes Buller East, Esq. l'aulet Saint John Mildmay, Esq.

Borough of Portsmouth.

Francis Thornhill Baring, of Belgrave-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

John Bonham Carter, of Ditcham-grove, in the county of Southampton, Esq.

Borough of Newport.

John Heywood Hawkins, of Bignor-park, in the county of Sussex, Esq. William John Blake, of Danesbury, in the county

of Herts, Esq.

Borough of Lymington.

John Stewart, Esq. of the Albany, in the city of Westminster.

Wil-

William Alexander Mackinnon, Esq. of Newtownpark, in the county of Southampton.

Borough of Andover.

Ralph Elwall, Esq.

Sir John Walter Pollen, Bart.

Borough of Christchurch.

The Right Honourable Sir George Henry Rose, of Sandhills, in the county of Southampton.

Borough of Petersfield.

Sir William George Hylton Jolliffe, Bart.

County of Wilts.

Northern Division.

Sir Francis Burdett, of Ramsbury-manor, Bart. Walter Long, of Rood Ashton, Esq.

Southern Division.

John Benett, of Pyt-house, in the said county, Esq. The Honourable Sidney Herbert, of Wilton-house, Esq.

City of New Sarum.

William Bird Brodie, Esq. Wadham Wyndham, Esq.

Borough of Devizes.

Thomas Henry Sutton Bucknall Estcourt, of New-park, in the county of Wilts.

Captain James Whitley Deans Dundas, of Bartoncourt, in the county of Berks, R. N.

Borough of Marlborough.

The Right Honourable Ernest Augustus Charles Brudenell Bruce, commonly called Lord Ernest Augustus Charles Brudenell Bruce.

Henry Bingham Baring, Esq.

Bo-

Borough of Chippenham.

Joseph Neeld, of Grittleton-house, in the county of Wilts, Esq.

Henry George Boldero, of Hurst-grove, county of Berks, Esq.

Borough of Cricklade.

John Neeld, Esq. Ambrose Goddard, Esq.

Borough of Calne.

The Right Honourable Henry Petty Fitzmaurice, commonly called the Earl of Shelborne.

Borough of Malmsbury.

The Honourable Charles John Viscount Andover.

Borough of Westbury.

John Ivatt Briscoe, of Fox-hills, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of Wilton.

Edward Baker, of New Sarum, in the county of Wilts, Esq.

County of Flint.

Sir Stephen Richard Glynne, Bart.

Borough of Flint.

Charles Whitley Deans Dundas, of Aston-hall, in the county of Flint, Esq.

County of Lincoln.

Parts of Lindsey.

The Right Honourable Charles Anderson Worsley Pelham Baron Worsley, of Manby, in the said county. Robert Adam Christopher, of Bloxholme hall, in the same county, Esq.

Parts of Kesteven and Holland.

Gilbert John Heathcote, of Stocken-half, in the county of Rutland, Esq.

Henry Handley, of Culverthorpe-hall, in the county of Lincoln, Esq.

Borough of Stamford.

Captain Thomas Chaplin, of Welbeck-street,

The Honourable Charles Cecil John Manners, commonly called Marquess of Granby.

Borough of Grantham.

Glynne Earle Welby, Esq. Frederick James Tollemache, Esq.

Borough of Boston.

John Studholme Brownrigg, Esq. Sir James Duke, Knt.

Borough of Great Grimsby.

Edward Heneage, of Hainton, in the county of Lincoln, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 18, 1837.

At the Court at St. James's, the 12th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for " carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the " Established Church in England and Wales, with " reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so " far as they relate to cpiscopal dioceses, revenues, " and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efefficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such scheme's as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that, in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishoprics, such fixed annual sums should be paid to the Commissioners, out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively, as should, upon due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave as an average annual income, to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and to the Bishops of Worcester and Bath and Wells. respectively, five thousand pounds; and that, out of the fund thus accruing, fixed annual payments be made by the Commissioners, in such instances and to such amount as should be in like manner determined 1837. 3 Y on,

on, so that the average annual incomes of the other bishops respectively should be not less than four thousand pounds, nor more than five thousand

pounds:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of this Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recom-

mendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order, as soon as may be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, should be inserted and published in the London Gazette.

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled " An Act for carrying into effect the reports " of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and " Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal " dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for fixing the annual sum to be paid by us for the augmentation of the income of the Bishoprick

of Chichester.

We humbly recommend and propose, that in order to raise the average annual income of the Bishop of Chichester, to the sum of four thousand two hundred pounds, as near as may be, there shall be paid by us to the Right Reverend William now Bishop of Chichester, and his successors bishops of Chichester, for the time being, out of such moneys as shall from time to time be standing to our credit and account in the Bank of England, being part of payments from the larger sees respectively, towards the augmentation of the incomes of the bishops of the smaller sees, the fixed annual sum of six hundred and fifty pounds, by equal half-yearly payments, on the fifth day of April, and the fifth day of October in every year; and that the first of such payments to the with day of April last, shall be made forthwith, and that the next of such payments shall be made on the fifth day of October next; and that whenever a vacancy of the see of Chichester shall happen on any other day than the fifth day of April, or the fifth day of October, the then next half-yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the

vacancy, or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last half-yearly day of payment to the day of the vacancy inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid to the respective parties

accordingly.

And whereas the amount of the moneys from time to time applicable to the purposes aforesaid, and to the augmentation of any other of the smaller sees upon vacancies occurring therein respectively, will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the larger sees from which payments are hereafter to be made towards such purposes, and the amount of the demand upon such moneys will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the said smaller sees; and it may, therefore, happen that the demands upon such moneys may for a time exceed the amount thereof, we further recommend and propose, that if at the commencement of any half year calculated from the first day of January to the last day of June, and from the first day of July to the last day of December respectively, it shall appear to us that there will, in the current half year, be a deficiency of the said moneys to pay the sums then charged thereon and payable in the same half year, it shall be lawful for us to resolve that a deduction be made from the sum payable in the same half year to the Bishop of Chichester for the time being, and from the sums payable to the respective bishops of other smaller sees who, by virtue of any other scheme prepared or to be prepared by bishops of other smaller sees who, by virtue of any other scheme prepared or to be prepared by us, and of any Order or Orders of your Majesty in Council for ratifying the same, shall then be entitled to payments in augmentation of their respective incomes, so as to keep the sums to be paid during the same half year within the amount of the moneys applicable as aforesaid, during such half year; and to calculate such deduction in proportion to the sums which have been or may be named in this and every such other

other scheme as the future annual average income of the said sees respectively; and that upon the amount of every such deduction being certified, by us or by our secretary, to the bishop to be affected thereby, within fourteen days after the commencement of such half year, the said bishop shall have no present claim to any greater sum than the residue of his half vearly payment, after such deduction as aforesaid, nor any future claim, except as is hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, that so soon thereafter as the sums to be paid to us in any half year, applicable to the purposes aforesaid, shall exceed the sums to be paid by us for those purposes within the same half year, we shall be authorized and bound to divide the surplus rateably among the bishops from whose payments such deductions shall have been made, or the representatives of such of them as shall be dead, and so from half year to half year until the whole sums deducted shall be paid; the deductions of one half year to be paid before any payment shall be made on account of the deductions of any subsequent half year.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measure relating to the said bishopric of Chichester, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose

to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common scal, this seventh day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council; is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Chichester.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of July 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for " carrying into effect the reports of the Commis-" sioners appointed to consider the state of the " Established Church in England and Wales, with " reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, " and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His said late Majesty was pleased. on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thir y-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales,

Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that the sees of Gloucester and Bristol should be united, and that the diocese should consist of the present diocese of Gloucester, of the city and deanry of Bristol, of the deanries of Cricklade and Malmesbury, in the county of Wilts, and now in the diocese of Salisbury, and of the whole of the parish of Bedminster, now in the diocese of Bath and Wells; and that all parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, should be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they locally situate; and that such variations should be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as might appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstances of particular parishes or districts; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the patronage of benefices with cure of souls, or the revenues belonging to any sec, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the next avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John' Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under his royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of " the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal.

- And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore 1837.

recited recommendations, and should in such schemes, recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, them to be necessary for carrying such recom-mendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation. as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, shall be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme prepared under the authority of the said Act should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops whereof might or

should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order, should, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things

there-

therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwith-

standing:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the thirteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and which is in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for carrying into effect further part of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the bishopricks of Salisbury, Gloucester and Bristol, Bath and Wells, and Worcester.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend James Henry Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that the whole of the deanries of Cricklade and Malmesbury, in the county of Wilts, and now forming part of the diocese of Salisbury, and of the archdeaconry of Wilts, shall be detached and dissevered from the said diocese and archdeaconry, and shall be

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and become permanently annexed and united to, and included in, and form part of, the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and of the archdeaconry of Bristol; and that all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits of the said deanries respectively, and the rural deans of the said deanries, and the whole clergy and others your Majesty's subjects, within the same limits, shall be exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, control of Edward now Bishop of Salisbury, and every future Bishop of Salisbury, and of the present and every future Archdeaeon of Wilts, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and control of the said James Henry Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, and of his successors Bishops of Gloucester and Bristol for ever, and of the Archdeacon of Bristol for the time being.

And we further recommend and propose, that the deanry of Pottern, now in the said diocese of Salisbury, and in the archdeaecnry of Salisbury, shall be detached and dissevered from the said archdeaeonry, and shall be annexed and united to, and form part of, the said archdeaeonry of Wilts; and that the rural dean of the said deanry, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, and the whole clergy and others within the same, shall be released from the jurisdiction of the present and every future Archdeaeon of Salisbury, and be subject to the jurisdiction of the Archdeaeon of Wilts for the

time being.

And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert James Bishop of Woreester, in testimony whereof he has also signed and sealed this scheme, and, with the like consent of the said James Henry Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, testified as aforesaid, that the whole parish of Shenington, in the county of Gloucester, but locally situate between the counties of Warwick and Oxford, and now forming part of the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and of the archdeaconry of Gloucester and deanry of Campden, shall be detached from the said last-mentioned diocese, archdeaconry, and deanry, and shall form part of the said diocese of Worcester, and be included in the archdeaconry of Worcester, and within the deanry of Kineton, and be subject to the jurisdiction of the Bishop and the Archdeacon of Worcester for the time being; and that the whole parish of Iccomb, in the county of Worcester, but insulated in the said county of Gloucester, and now forming part of the diocese and archdeaconry of Worcester, and of the deanry of Blockley, shall be detached from the said last-mentioned diocese, archdeaconry, and deanry, and shall form part of the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and be included in the archdeaconry of Gloucester, and within the deanry of Stowe; and be subject to the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol and the Archdeacon of Gloucester for the time being.

And we further recommend and propose, that the parish of Bedminster, now in the diocese of Bath and Wells, and in the archdeaconry of Bath, and deanry of Redcliffe and Bedminster, shall, on the first vacancy of the see of Bath and Wells, be detached and dissevered from the said diocese, archdeaconry, and deanry, and shall form part of the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and be included in the archdeaconry and deanry of Bristol, and be subject to the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol and the Archdeacon of Bristol for the time being.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the said bishopricks of Salisbury, Gloucester and Bristol, and Worcester, in conformity with the pro-

visions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal this thirteenth day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said seheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Aet; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the several registrars of the several dioceses of Salisbury, Gloucester and Bristol, Bath and Wells, and Woreester.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at St. James's, the 19th day of July 1837.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for " carrying into effect the reports of the Commis-" sioners appointed to consider the state of the " Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so

" far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and " and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His said late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to his said late-Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following, recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that the diocese of Oxford should be increased by the county of Buckingham, now in the diocese of Lincoln, and by the county of Berks, now in the diocese of Salisbury; and that all

parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, should be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they are locally situate; and that such variations should be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as might appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstances of particular parishes or districts; and that, in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishoprics, such fixed annual sums should be paid to the Commissioners, out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively, as should, upon due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave as an average annual income, to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and te the Bishops of Worcester, and Bath and Wells, respectively, five thousand pounds; and that, out of the fund thus accruing, fixed annual payments should be made by the Commissioners, in such instances and to such amount as should be in like manner determined on, so that the average annual incomes of the other bishops respectively should be not less than four thousand pounds, nor more than five thousand pounds; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the patronage of benefices with cure of souls, or the revenues belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the next avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that all the archdeacouries of England and Wales should be in the

gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which

they are situate:

.It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chan-cellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of "the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be

construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, should be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of cach of the dioceses, the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected

thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be in-

serted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Aet, have

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duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the thirteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports "of the Commissioners appointed to consider the "state of the Established Church in England and "Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and "revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance of the said Act, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for carrying into effect part of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the sees and dioceses of Lincoln, Oxford, and Gloucester and Bristol.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Honourable and Right Reverend Richard Bishop of Oxford, and the Right Reverend James Henry Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, in testimony whercof they have respectively signed and sealed this scheme, that the whole parish of Widford. now in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and in the archdeaconry of Gloucester, but insulated in the county of Oxford, shall be detached from the said diocesc and archdeacoury, and shall be included in the diocese and archdeaconry of Oxford, and within the deanery of Witney; and that the church and clergy and others, within the said parish, shall be released from the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol and the Archdeacon of Gloucester, and be subject to the jurisdiction of the Bishop and the Archdeacon of Oxford for the time being respectively.

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And whereas by an Order issued by His late Majesty in Council, on the fifth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, which has since been duly registered and gazetted, it was, amongs: other things, ordered and directed, with the consent of the said Richard then and now Bishop of Oxford, that the whole county of Berks, and those parts of the county of Wilts which are insulated therein, forming together the archdeaconry of Berks, and then forming part of the diocese of Salisbury, should be included in, and form part of, the diocese of Oxford; we now humbly recommend and propose, that out of such moneys as shall, from time to time, be standing to our credit and account in the Bank of England, being part or payments fr m the larger sees respectively towards the augmen-1. ion of the incomes of the bishops of the smaller sees, the fixed annual sum of seven hundred and fifty rounds shall be paid by us to the said Richard Bishop of Oxford, during his incumbency of the said see, by equal half-yearly payments, on the tenth cor of April and the tenth day of October in every year, and that the first of such payments, to the tenth day of April now last past, shall be made forthwith, and the next of such payments shall be made on the tenth day of October next; and that if a vacancy in the said see of Oxford shall happen on any other day than the tenth day of April, or the tenth day of October, the said bishop, or his representatives, shall receive such proportion only of the then current half-yearly payment as shall have become due from the next preceding tenth day of April, or tenth day of October, as the case may be, to the day of such Vacancy.

And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend John Bishop of Lincoln, in testimony whereof he has also signed and sealed this scheme, that upon the first avoidance of the said see of Oxford, or, before such avoidance,

with the consent of the said Richard Bishop of Oxford, duly testified to us under his hand and scal, the whole county of Buckingham, now forming the arehdcaeonry of Buckingham, and part of the said diocese of Lincoln, shall be absolutely detached and dissevered from the said diocese, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to, and included in, and form part of, the said diocese of Oxford; and that the said archdeaconry, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits thercof, and the present and every future archdeacon thereof, and all rural deans, and the whole elergy, and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be thenceforth exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and control of the said see of Lincoln, and of the said present and every future bishop thereof, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and control of the Bishop of Oxford for the time being.

And we further recommend and propose, that; from and after the next avoidance of the said see of Oxford, in order to raise the average annual income of the Bishop of Oxford for the time being to the sum of five thousand pounds, as near as may be, there shall be paid by us, out of the same moneys, to the bishop then succeeding to the said see, and his successors, bishops of Oxford for the time being, the fixed annual sum of three thousand five hundred pounds, by equal half yearly payments, the first of such payments to be made at the end of six calendar months from the day of such avoidance; and that whenever thereafter a vacancy in the said see of Oxford shall happen on any other day than the halfyearly day of payment so calculated as aforcsaid, the next half yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy, or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last half yearly day of payment to the day of

the vacancy inclusive; and such proportions shall be

paid to the respective parties accordingly.

And whereas the amount of the moneys, from time to time, applicable to the purposes aforesaid, and to the augmentation of any other of the smaller secs, upon vacancies occurring therein respectively, will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the larger secs from which payments are hereafter to be made towards such purposes; and the amount of the demand upon such moneys will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the said smaller sees; and it may therefore happen that the demands upon such moneys may for a time exceed the amount thercof: we further recommend and propose, that if, at the commencement of any half year calculated from the first day of January to the last day of June, and from the first day of July to the last day of December, respectively, it shall appear to us, that there will, in the current half year, be a deficiency in the said moncys to pay the sums then charged thereon, and payable in the same half year, it shall be lawful for us to resolve, that a deduction be made from the sums payable in the same half year to the Bishop of Oxford for the time being, and to the bishops of other smaller secs, who by virtuc of any other scheme prepared, or to be prepared, by us, and of any Order or Orders of your Majesty in Council for ratifying the same, shall then be entitled to payments in augmentation of their respective incomes, so as to keep the sums to be paid during the same half year within the amount of the moneys applicable as aforesaid during such half year; and to calculate such deductions in proportion to the sums which have been, or may be, named in this or such other scheme, as the future annual average income of the said sees respectively, but which, in respect of the see of Oxford, shall, during the incumbency of the said Richard Bishop of Oxford, be taken to be two thousand two hundred and fifty pounds; pounds; and that upon the amount of every such deduction being certified, by us or by our secretary, to the bishop to be affected thereby, within fourteen days after the commencement of such half year, the said bishop shall have no present claim to any greater sum than the residue of his half yearly payment after such deduction as aforesaid, nor any future claim except as herein after mentioned; that is to say, that so soon thereafter as the sums to be paid to us, in any half year, applicable to the purposes aforesaid, shall exceed the sums to be paid by us for those purposes, within the same half year, we shall be authorised and bound to divide the surplus rateably among the bishops from whose payments such deductions shall have been made, or the representatives of such of them as shall be dead, and so from half year to half year until the whole sums deducted shall be paid; the deductions of one half year to be paid before any payment shall be made on account of the deductions of any subsequent half year.

And we further recommend and propose, that

And we further recommend and propose, that after the said archdeaconry of Buckingham shall so as aforesaid become part of the said diocese of Oxford, the right of appointing the archdeacon of Buckingham shall be vested in the Bishop of Oxford, and his successors bishops of Oxford for

ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the bishoprics of Lincoln, Oxford, and Gloucester and Bristol respectively, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to

your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this thirteenth day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the several registrars of the several dioceses of Lincoln, Oxford, and Gloucester and Bristol.

Hm. L. Bathurst.

Whitehall, August 18, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Bank of England, the Governor and Company of the.

Lichfield, the Bishop and Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of.

Lichfield, the Bishop and Clergy of the diocese of.

Buckingham-Palace, August 15, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty:—The Count de Veltheim, on a special mission of compliment from His Serene Highness the Reigning Duke of Brunswick, to take leave; and the Count de Wylich and de Lothum, on a special mission of compliment from the King of Prussia:

To which they were introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Crown-Office, August 18, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of York.

East Riding.

Richard Bethell, of Rise, in the said county, Esq. Henry Broadley, of Beverley, in the said county, Esq.

North Riding.

The Honourable William Duncombe, of Duncombepark, in the said county.

Edward Stillingfleet Cayley, of Wydale, in the said county, Esq.

West Riding.

George William Frederick Howard, commonly called Viscount Morpeth.

Sir George Strickland, Bart.

Forough of Beverley.

James Weir Hogg, of Upper Grosvenor-street, in the county of Middleser. Esq. 1837.

George Lane Fox, of Bramham-park, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Knaresborough.

Henry Rich, of Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

The Honourable Charles Langdale, of Houghton, in the county of York.

Borough of Malton.

John Walbanke Childers, Esq.

The Honourable William Thomas Spencer Wentworth Fitzwilliam, commouly called Viscount Milron.

Borough of Pontefract.

Richard Monckton Milnes, of Frystone-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

William Massey Stanley, of Queen-street, May-fair, London, Esq.

Borough of Richmond.

The Honourable Thomas Dundas, of Upleatham, in the said county.

Alexander Speirs, of Elderslie, in the county of Renfrew, Esq.

Borough of Ripon.

Thomas Pemberton, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

The Right Honourable Sir Edward Burtenshaw Sugden, Knt. of Boyle-farm, Thames Ditton, in the county of Surrey.

Borough of Scarborough.

Sir Frederick William Trench, of Bolton-street, in the county of Middlesex, K. C. H.

Sir Thomas Charles Style, of Scarborough, Bart.

Borough of Leeds.

Edward Baines, of Leeds, in the county of York, Esq.

Sir William Molesworth, of Pencarrow, in the county of Cornwall, Bart.

Borough of Sheffield.

John Parker, Esq. Henry George Ward, Esq.

Borough of Bradford.

Ellis Cunliffe Lister, Esq. William Busfield, Esq. of Upwood.

Borough of Halifax.

Charles Wood, Esq. of Hickleton, in the county of York.

Edward Protheroe, Esq. of the Forest of Dean, in the county of Gloucester.

Borough of Northallerton.

William Battie Wrightson, of Cusworth-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Thirsk.

Samuel Crompton, of Wood-end, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Huddersfield.

William Rookes Crompton Stansfield, of Esholthall, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Wakefield.

The Honourable William Sebright Lascelles, of Harewood-house, in the county of York.

Borough of Whitby.

Aaron Chapman, Esq.

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County

County of Chester. Northern Division.

Edward John Stanley, of Alderley, in the county of Chester, Esq.

William Tatton Egerton, of Tatton-park, in the said county of Chester, Esq.

Southern Division.

Sir Philip de Malpas Grey Egerton, Bart. Ceorge Wilbraham, Esq.

Borough of Macclesfield.

John Brocklehurst, of Hurdsfield-house, within the said borough, Esq.

Thomas Grimsditch, of Park-brook, within the said borough, Esq.

Borough of Stockport.

Henry Marsland, of Woodbank, in the township of Bredbury, in the county of Chester, Esq.

Thomas Marsland, of Cheadle Moseley, in the county of Chester, Esq.

City of Chester.

The Right Honourable Robert Grosvenor, commonly called Lord Robert Grosvenor, of Eatonhall, in the county of Chester.

John Jervis, of Beaumaris, in the county of Anglesey, Esq.

County of Argyle.

Walter Frederick Campbell, Esq. of Islay and Shawfield.

County of Brecknock.

Thomas Wood, of Givernevet, in the county of Brecknock, Esq.

Borough of Brecknock.

Charles Morgan Robinson Morgan, of Ruperra, in the county of Glamorgan, Esq.

County Palatine of Durham.

Northern Division.

Hedworth Lambton, of Chester-street, Grosvenorplace, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

The Honourable Henry Thomas Liddell, of Ravensworth-castle, in the county of Durham.

Southern Division.

Joseph Pease the younger, of Southend, in the parish of Darlington, in the county of Darham, Esq.

John Bowes, of Streatlam-castle, in the same

county, Esq.

City of Durham.

The Honourable Arthur I revor, of Wicken-park, in the county of Northampton.

William Charles Harland, of Sutton-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Sunderland.

William Thompson, of Whitehall-place, Westminster, Esq. and one of the Aldermen of the city of London.

Andrew White, of Frederick-lodge, Sunderland, Esq.

Borough of Gateshead.

Cuthbert Rippon, of Stanhope castle, in the county of Durham, Esq.

Borough of South Shields.

Robert Ingham, Esq.

County of Cardigan.

William Edward Powell, of Nanteos, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Cardigan.

Pryse Pryse, of Gogertham, in the county of Cardigan, Esq.

County of Northampton.

Northern Division.

Thomas Philip Maunsell, Esq.
George James Finch Hatton, commonly called
Viscount Maidstone.

Southern Division.

William Ralph Cartwright, Esq. Sir Charles Knightley, Bart.

City of Peterborough.

John Nicholas Fazakerley, Esq. Sir Robert Heron, Bart.

Borough of Northampton.

Robert Vernon Smith, of Farming-woods, in the county of Northampton, Esq.

Raikes Currie, of Hyde-park-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Carmarthen.

The Honourable George Rice Trevor, of Dynevorcastle, in the county of Carmarthen. John Jones, of Ystrad, in the borough of Car-

marthen, Esq.

County of Cambridge.

The Honourable Eliot Thomas Yorke. Richard Jefferson Eaton, Esq. Richard Greaves Townley, Esq.

Uni-

University of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable Henry Goulburn, M. A. The Honourable Charles Ewan Law, M. A.

Borough of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice, Chancellor and Under Secretary of Her Majesty's Exchequer.

George Pryme, Esq.

County of Huntingdon.

Edward Fellowes, Esq. George Thornhill, Esq.

Borough of Huntingdon.

Sir Frederick Pollock, Knt. Jonathan Peel, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 22, 1837.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 21st day of August 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, do issue writs for proroguing the Parliament, which was appointed to meet on Monday the eleventh day of September next, so Monday the second day of October next.

Whitchall, August 22, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Arundel, Mayor, Aldermen, and Council of.

Ayr, Meblemen, Commissioners of Supply, and Justices of the Peace of the county of.

Tin-

Banbury, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of.

Beaumaris, Mayor, Alldermen, and Town Council of the town of.

Buckingham, High Sheriff, Nobility, Gentry, &c. of

the county of.

Burntisland, Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the burgh of.

Cambridge, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of.

Christian Knowledge, Members of the Society for

promoting.

1837.

Clergymen, President, Vice-President, and Governors of the Charity for the Relief of Poor Widows and Children of.

Doncaster, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of. Dumbarton, Noblemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

Edinburgh, the Lord Dean and Members of the Guild Brethren of.

Elgin, Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the burgh of.

Freemasons, Master, Wardens, &c. of the Victoria Lodge of (No. 4.).

General Synod of Ulster, the Ministers and Elders of the Presbyterian Church, under the care of the.

Haverfordwest, Mayor, Council, and Inhabitants of.

Kinross, Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenant, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

Oddfellows, Grand Master, &c. of the Manchester Unity of.

Presbyterian Denomination of Dissenters, within twelve miles of London, Deputies from Congregations of.

Renfrew, Noblemen. Gentlemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

St.

Saint Mary-le-bone, Representative Vestrymen of the parish of.

Three Lothians, Fraternity of the Scottish Chapmen in the.

Winchester, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the city of.

Windsor (New), Inhabitants of the borough of.

Buckingham-Palace, August 19, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty:—the Count de Wylich and de Lottum, on a special mission of compliment from the King of Prussia, to take leave:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Buckingham-Palace, August 21, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty:—Monsieur Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Greece, to deliver his new credentials:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies. Crown-Office, August 21, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Buckingham.

Richard Plantagenet Grenville Nugent Chandos Temple, commonly called Marquess of Chandos. George Simon Harcourt, Esq. Sir William Lawrence Young, Bart.

Borough of Buckingham.

Sir Thomas Francis Fremantle, Bart. Sir Harry Verney, Bart.

Borough of Chipping Wycombe.

The Honourable Robert John Smith, of Gayhurst, in the said county of Buckingham.

George Henry Dashwood, of West Wycombe-park,

in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Aylesbury.

William Rickford, Esq. Winthrop Mackworth Praed, Esq.

Borough of Great Marlow.

Thomas Peers Williams, of Temple-house, in the county of Berks, Esq.

Sir William Robert Clayton, of Harleyford, in the said county of Buckingham, Bart.

County of Radnor.

Walter Wilkins, of Maeslough-castle, in the county of Radnor, Esq.

Borough of New Radnor.

Richard Price, Esq.

County of Glamorgan.

Edwin Richard Windham Wyndham Quin, commonly called Lord Viscount Adare, of Dunravencastle, in the said county of Glamorgan.

Christopher Rice Mansel Talbot, of Margam-park,

in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Cardiff.

John Nicholl the younger, of Merthyr Mawr, in the county of Glamorgan, Doctor of Laws.

Borough of Swansea.

John Henry Vivian, Esq.

Borough of Merthyr Tydvil.

Yosiah John Guest, of Dowlais-house, within the said borough, Esq.

County of Roscommon.

Denis O'Conor, Esq. commonly called O'Conor Don, of Cloonallis, in the said county.

County of Kildare.

Richard More O'Ferrall, of Ballyna, in the said county, Esq.

Robert Archbold, of Dairdstown, in the said county, Esq.

County of Galway.

John James Bodkin, of Kilchooney, in the county of Galway, Esq.

Thomas Barnwell Martin, of Ballanahinch-castle, in the said county of Galway, Esq.

County of Monaghan.

The Monourable Henry Robert Westenra, of Rossmore-park, in the county of Monaghan. Edward Lucas, Esq. of Castleshane, in the said county.

County of Londonderry.

Sir Robert Bateson, of Belvoir-park, in the county of Down, Bart.

Theobold Jones, of Bovagh, in the county of Londonderry, Captain in the Royal Navy.

Borough of Coleraine.

Edward Litton, Esq. Barrister, one of Her Majesty's Counsel Learned in the Law.

City of Londonderry.

Sir Robert Alexander Ferguson, Bart. of the Farm, in the liberties of Londonderry.

County of Kilkenny.

The Honourable Pierce Butler, of Ballyconra, in the county of Kilkenny.

George Bryan, of Jenkinstown, in the said county, Esq.

County of Louth.

Richard Montesquieu Bellew, of Barmeath, in the said county of Louth, Esq.

Henry Chester, of Cartown, Esq. in the said county of Louth.

Borough of Dundalk.

Thomas Nicholas Redington, Esq.

City of Kilkenny.

Joseph Hume, Esq.

County of Limerick.

The Honourable Richard Hobart FitzGibbon, of Mount Shannon, in the county of Limerick, and of Belgrave-square, London.

William Smith O'Brien, of Cahermoyle, in the said

county of Limerick.

County

County of Cornwall.

Eastern Division.

Edward Granville Eliot, commonly called Lord Eliot.

The Right Honourable Sir Richard Hussey Vivian, Bart.

Western Dinision.

Edward William Wynne Pendarves, Esq. Sir Charles Lemon, Bart.

Borough of Truro.

John Ennis Vivian, of the said borough, Esq. Edmund Turner, of the said borough, Esq.

Borough of Bodmin.

Charles Crespigny Vivian, of Glynn, in the county of Cornwall, Esq.

Sir Samuel Thomas Spry, of Tregolls, in the said county of Cornwall, Knt.

Borough of Penryn.

Sir Robert Monsey Rolie, Knt. of New-street, Spring gardens, in the county of Middlesex.

James William Freshfield, of Moor-place, Betchworth, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of Launceston.

The Right Honourable Sir Henry Hardinge, of Whitehall-place, London.

Borough of Liskeard.

Charles Buller the younger, of Queen-square-place, London, Esq.

Borough of Helston.

The Right Honourable George John Frederick West, commonly called Viscount Cantilupe.

Bo-

Borough of St. Ives.

James Halse, of the borough of St. Ives, in the county of Cornwall, Esq.

City of Cork.

Francis Bernard Beamish, Esq. Daniel Callaghan, Esq.

Town of Galway.

Andrew Henry Lynch, Esq. Martin Joseph Blake, Esq.

County of Donegal.

Sir Edmund Hayes, of Drumboe-castle, in the' county of Donegal, Bart.

Edward Conolly, of Cliff, in the county of Donegal, Esq.

County of Wicklow.

James Grattan, Esq. Ralph Howard, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 25, 1837.

Whitehall, August 25, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Dumfries, Noblemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

Lanark, Noblemen, Gentlemen, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

Lincoln, Nobility, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county of.

Radnor, Justices of the Peace for the county of.
Rutland, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the county
of.

Suffolk, Nobility, Clergy, Gentry, &c. of the county of.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, August 25, 1837.

By the Queen's command—

The very Reverend the Dean of Hereford,
The very Reverend the Dean of Chester, and
The Reverend Thomas Powler Short, Rector
of St. George's, Bloomsbury,

have been appointed Deputy Clerks of the Closet to Her Majesty.

Downing-Street, August 23, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint James Dowling, Esq. to be Chief Justice of the Colony of New South Wales.

Crown-Office, August 25, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Surrey.

Eastern Division.

Richard Alsager, of Upper Tooting, in the parish of Streatham, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Henry Kemble, of Camberwell, in the said county, Esq.

Western Division.

William Joseph Denison, of Denbies, in the said county, Esq.

The Honourable George James Perceval, of Banstead, in the said county.

Borough of Guildford.

Charles Baring Wall, of Norman-court, in the parish of West Tytherly, in the county of Southampton, Esq.

Major the Honourable James Yorke Scarlett, of Bank-hall, in the parish of Burnley, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

Borough of Southwark.

John Humphery, Esq. Daniel Whittle Harvey, Esq.

Borough of Lambeth.

Benjamin Hawes the younger, Esq. of the said borough.

The Right Honourable Charles Tennyson D'Eyncourt, of Bayons-manor, in the county of Lincoln.

Borough of Reigate.

The Honourable John Sommers Cocks, commonly called Viscount Eastnor.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 29, 1837.

Whitehall, August 29, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Ayr, Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of.

Carmarthen, Mayor, Aldermen, and Town Council of the county of the borough of.

Carnarvon, Inhabitants of the town of.

Durham, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the county of.

Glasgow, the Merchants' House of the city of.

Helston, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Lincoln, Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of the city

Lyme Regis, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Macclesfield, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the borough of.

Maidstone, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of. 4 D 2

Rich-

Richmond (Yorkshire), Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the borough of. Ross, Inhabitants of the town of.

Royal Exchange, Corporation of the.

Saint Asaph, Eishop and Clergy of. Saint Asaph, Dean and Chapter of.

Saint Luke's (Middlesex), Churchwardens and Vestrymen of the parish of.

Stirling, Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery

of.

Sudbury, the Archdeacon and Clergy of the Archdeaconry of.

Wokingham, Alderman, Corporation, and Inhabi-

St. James's-Palace, August 29, 1837.

The following appointments have taken place in Her Majesty's Household:

Mistress of the Robes,
The Duchess of Sutherland,

Principal Lady of the Bedchamber, The Marchioness of Lansdowne.

Ladies of the Bedchamber,

The Marchioness of Tavistock.

The Countess of Charlemont.

The Countess of Mulgrave.

The Lady Portman.

The Lady Lyttelton.

The Lady Barham.

The Countess of Durham.

Maids of Honour,

The Honourable Harriett Pitt.
The Honourable Margaret Dillon.
The Honourable Caroline Cocks.
The Honourable Miss Cavendish.
The Honourable Matilda Paget.
Miss Murray.
Miss Lister.
Miss Spring Rice.

Bedchamber Women,

The Lady Caroline Barrington.
The Lady Harriet Clive.
The Lady Charlotte Copley.
The Viscountess Forbes.
The Honourable Mrs. Brand.
The Lady Gardiner.
The Honourable Mrs. G. Campbell.

Resident Woman of the Bedchamber, Miss Davys.

Crown-Office, August 29, 1837.

The Sixteen REPRESENTATIVE PEERS for SCOTLAND, returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

The Marquess of Tweeddale. Earl of Morton.
Earl of Home.
Earl of Elgin.
Earl of Airlie.
Earl of Leven and Melville.
Earl of Selkirk.
Earl of Orkney.

The

The Viscount Arbuthnot. The Viscount Strathallan. Lord Forbes.
Lord Saltoun.
Lord Gray.
Lord Sinclair.
Lord Colville, of Culross.
Lord Reay.

Crown-Office, August 29, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Devon.

Northern Division.

Hugh Fortescue, Esq. commonly called Viscount Ebrington. Sir Thomas Dyke Acland, Bart.

Southern Division.

Sir John Buller Yarde Buller, Bart. Montagu Edmund Newcombe Parker, Esq.

Borough of Tivertor.

John Heathcote, of Tiverton, Esq.
The Right Honourable Henry John Temple Viscount
Palmerston, Stanhope-street, May-fair, Middlescx.

Borough of Honiton.

Hugh Duncan Baillie, of Mortimer-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. Colonel in the Army.

James Stewart, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of

Middlesex, Esq. Barrister at Law.

Borough of Plymouth.

John Collier, of Plymouth, Esq.

Thomas Bewes, of Beaumont, in the said borough,
Esq.

Borough of Totness.

Jasper Parrott, Esq. of Dundridge, in the said county.

The Honourable Edward Adolphus Seymour, com-

monly called Lord Seymour.

Borough of Barnstaple.

John Palmer Bruce Chichester, Esq. Frederick Hodgson, Esq.

Borough of Tavistock.

William Russell, Esq. commonly called Lord Russell.

John Rundle, Esq.

Borough of Devonport.

Sir Edward Codrington, of Eaton-square, in the county of Middlesex, Knt.

Sir George Grey, of Eaton-place, in the county of Middlesex, Bart.

Borough of Ashburton.

Charles Lushington, of Hill-house, Edgeware, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Dartmouth.

John Henry Seale, Esq.

City of Waterford.

Thomas Wyse, of the manor of St. John, Esq. Henry Winston Barron, of Belmont, in the liberties of the said city, Esq.

County of Clare.

William Neugent MacNamara, of Doolen, in the said county of Clare, Esq.

Cornelius O'Brien, of Birchfield, in the said county

of Clare, Esq.

Borough of Ennis.

Hewitt Bridgeman, Esq.

County of Tyrone.

The Honourable Henry Thomas Lowry Corry.

James Dupree Alexander, commonly called Viscount

Alexander.

Borough of Dungannon.

Thomas Knox, Esq. commonly called Viscount Northland.

Town of Drogheda.

Sir William Merredyth Somerville, Bart.

County of Tipperary.

Richard Lalor Shiel, of Long Orchard, in the said county, Esq.

Robert Otway Cave, of Castle Otway, in the said county, Esq.

City of Cashel.

The Right Honourable Stephen Woulfe, Her Majesty's Attorney General.

Borough of Clonmell.

Nicholas Ball, of Stephen's-green, in the city of Dublin, Esq.

City of Dublin.

Daniel O'Connell, of Merrion-square, in the city of Dublin, Esq. Barrister at Law.

Robert Hutton, of Putney-park, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

College of the Holy Trinity of Dublin.

The Right Honourable Frederick Shaw.

The Right Honourable Thomas Lefroy.

County of Mayo.

Sir William John Brabazon, of Brabazon-park, in the said county of Mayo, Bart.

Robert Dillon Browne, of Glencorrib, in the said county, Esq.

County of Down.

The Honourable Arthur Trumbull Blundell Windsor Sandys Hill, commonly called the Earl of Hillsborough.

The Honourable Frederic William Robert Stewart, commonly called Viscount Castlereagh.

Borough of Newry.

John Ellis, of Hereford-street, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Downpatrick.

David Ker, Esq.

County of Leitrim.

Samuel White, of Killakee, in the county of Dublin, Esq. Lieutenant-Colonel in Her Majesty's County of Dublin Regiment of Militia.

The Honourable Robert Birmingham Clements, commonly called Viscount Clements, of Lough Rynn, in the county of Leitrim.

County of Cavan.

Henry Maxwell, Esq. John Young, Esq.

1837.

County of Antrim.

The Honourable John Bruce Richard O'Neill, of Tullamore-lodge, in the county of Antrim, a Major-General in Her Majesty's Service.

John Irving, of Magheramourne-house, in the said

county, Esq.

Borough of Belfast.

The Right Honourable George Hamilton Chichester, commonly called Earl of Belfast.

James Gibson, of Belfast, in the said county of

Antrim, Esq.

Borough of Lisburn.

Henry Meynell, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy.

County of Carlow.

Nicholas Aylward Vigors, of Old Leighlin, in the county of Carlow, Esq.

John Ashton Yates, of Bryanston-squarc, in the

county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Carlow.

William Henry Maule, Esq.

County of Waterford.

William Villiers Stuart, of Dromana, in the county of Waterford, Esq.

John Power, of Gurtcen, in the county of Water-

ford, Esq.

Borough of Dungarvan.

The Honourable Cornelius O'Callaghan.

Queen's County.

Sir Charles Henry Coote, of Ballyfin house, in the Queen's county aforesaid, Bart. John

John Wilson Fitzpatrick, of Ossory, in the said Queen's county, Esq.

Borough of Portarlington.

The Honourable George Lionel Dawson Damer, of Came, in Dorsetshire, a Colonel in Her Majesty's Army.

County of Longford.

Luke White, of Rathcline, in the county of Longford, Esq.

Henry White, of Seamount, in the county of Dublin,

Esq.

County of Dublin.

George Evans, Esq.

William Chambre Brabazon, commonly called Lord Brabazon.

Town of Carrickfergus.

Peter Kirk, Esq. of Thornfield, in the said town of Carrickfergus.

County of Cork.

Garret Standish Barry, of Leamlara, in the county of Cork, Esq.

Edmond Burke Roche, of Trabolgan, in the county of Cork, Esq.

Borough of Youghall.

Frederick John Howard, of Burlington-gardens, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Bandon Bridge.

Joseph Devonsher Jackson, of the city of Dublin, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Serjeants at Law

Borough of Kinsale.

Peirce Mahony, of Gunsborough, in the county of Kerry, Esq.

Bo-

Borough of Mallow.

Charles Durham Orlando Jephson, Esq. of Mallow-castle, in the county of Cork.

County of Kerry.

Morgan John O'Connell, of Grenz, in the county of Kerry, Esq.

Arthur Blennerhassett, of Ballyseedy, in the county of Kerry, Esq.

Borough of Tralee.

John Bateman, Esq.

County of Fermanagh.

Mervyn Archdall, of Riversdale, in the county of Fermanagh, Esq.

William Willoughby Cole, commonly called Viscount Cole, of Florence-court, in the said county.

Borough of Enniskillen.

The Honourable Arthur Henry Cole, of Florence-court, in the county of Fermanagh.

City of Limerick.

William Roche, of George's-street, in the city of Limerick, Esq.

David Roche, of Carass, in the county of Limerick, Esq.

County of Armagh.

The Honourable Archibald Acheson, commonly called Viscount Acheson, of Gosford-castle, in the said county.

William Verner, of Church-hill, in the said county,

Esq.

Borough of Armagh.

William Curry, of Summerhill, in the city of Dublin, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Counsel at Law.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 1, 1837.

Whitehall, September 1, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Brecknock, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, and Inhabitants of the county of.

Canterbury, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the city of.

Cardigan, Gentry, Clergy, and Inhabitants of the county of.

Cromarty, Freeholders, Justices of the Peace, &c. of the county of.

Plymouth, Mayor and Inhabitants of the borough

Tewkesbury, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Weymouth, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 5, 1837.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 21st day of August 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Com-" missioners appointed to consider the state of " the Established Church in England and Wales, " with reference to ecclesiastical duties and re-" venues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, " revenues, and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His said late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and

and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of pre-paring and laying before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes, and having the full force of law; and that, in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishopricks, such fixed annual sums should be paid to the Commissioners, out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively, as should, upon due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave, as an average annual income, to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and to the Bishops of Worcester, and Bath and Wells. Wells, respectively, five thousand pounds; and that out of the fund thus accruing, fixed annual payments should be made by the Commissioners, in such instances and to such amount as should be in like manner determined on, so that the average annual incomes of the other bishops respectively should be not less than four thousand pounds, nor more than five thousand pounds:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty, under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knt. should, for the purposes of this Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of "the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the therein-before recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might upon

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further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing in any such scheme such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses, the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted.

and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein conained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, asage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, in the words and figures following, that is o say:

1837.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance of the said Act, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for fixing the annual sum to be paid by us for the augmentation of the income of

the bishoprick of Hereford.

We humbly recommend and propose, that in order to raise the average annual income of the Bishop of Hereford for the time being, to the sum of four thousand two hundred pounds; as near as may be, there shall be paid by us to the bishop next succeeding to the see of Hereford, which is now vacant, and his successors, bishops of Hereford, for the time being, out of such moneys as shall from time to rime be standing to our credit and account in the Bank of England, being part of payments from the larger sees respectively, towards the augmentarion of the incomes of the bishops of the smaller sees, the fixed annual sum of one thousand four hundred pounds, by equal half yearly payments, on the first day of March and the first day of September in every year; the first of such payments to be made on the first day of March next; and that whenever hereafter a vacancy in the said see of Hereford shall happen on any other day than one of the said half yearly days of payment,

the next half yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy, or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last half yearly day of payment to the day of the vacancy, inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid to the respective parties

accordingly.

And whereas the amount of the moneys from time to time applicable to the purposes aforesaid, and to the augmentation of any other of the smaller sees upon vacancies occurring therein respectively, will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the larger sees from which payments are hereafter to be made towards such purposes; and the amount of the demand upon such moneys will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the said smaller sees; and it may therefore happen that the demands upon such moneys may, for a time, exceed the amount thereof; we further recommend and propose, that if at the commencement of any half year, calculated from the first day of January to the last day of June, and from the first day of July to the last day of December, respectively, it shall appear to us that there will in the current half year be a deficiency of the said moneys to pay the sums then charged thereon, and payable current half year be a deficiency of the said moneys to pay the sums then charged thereon, and payable in the same half year, it shall be lawful for us to resolve, that a deduction be made from the sum payable in the same half year to the Bishop of Hereford for the time being, and from the sums payable to the respective bishops of othe smaller sees, who, by virtue of any other scheme prepared or to be prepared by us, and of any Order or Orders of your Majesty in Council for ratifying the same, shall then be entitled to payments in augmentation of their respective incomes, so as to keep the sums to be paid, during the same half year, within the amount of the moneys applicable as

· aforesaid, during such half year, and to ealculate such deduction in proportion to the sums which have been or may be named in this and every such other scheme, as the future annual average income of the said sees respectively; and that upon the amount of every such deduction being certified by us, or by our secretary, to the bishop to be affected thereby, within fourteen days after the commencement of such half year, the said bishop shall have no present claim to any greater sum than the residue of his half yearly payment after such deduction as aforesaid, nor any future claim, except as is hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, that so soon thereafter as the sums to be paid to us in any half year, applicable to the purposes aforcsaid, shall exceed the sums to be paid by us for those purposes within the same half year, we shall be authorized and bound to divide the surplus rateably among the bishops from whose payments such deductions shall have been made, or the representatives of such of them as shall be dead, and so from half year to half year, until the whole sums deducted shall be paid; the deductions of one half year to be paid before any payment shall be made on' account of the deductions of any subsequent half veer.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the said bishopric of Hereford, in con-

formity with the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to

your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and

thirty-seven.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her MaMajesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Hereford.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 21st day of August 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage, reciting, amongst other things, that His said late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and

the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishopries, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to his said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following, recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that the diocese of Peterboroughshould be increased by the county of Leicester, now in the diocesc of Lincoln; and that the diocese of Lincoln should consist of the counties of Lincoln and Nottingham; and that the latter county, now in the diocese and province of York, should be included in the province of Canterbury; and that in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishoprics, such fixed annual sums should be paid to the Commissioners, out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively, as should, upon due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave as an average annual income, to the Archbishop of Canterbury bury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of London ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pour ds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and to the Bishops of Worcester, and Bath and Wells, respectively, five thousand pounds; and that, out of the fund thus accruing, fixed annual payments should be made by the Commissioners, in such instances and to such amount as should be in like manner determined on, so that the average annual incomes of the other bishops respectively should be not less than four thousand pounds, nor more than five thousand pounds; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the revenues belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the next avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that all the archdeaconries of England and Wales should be in the. gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which they are situate:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer

or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common scal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Maj sty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best. adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recom-mendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, should be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes,. churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should,

be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses, the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be in-

serted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary not-withstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, in the

words and figures following, that is to say:

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late. Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled. "An Act for earrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the "state of the Established Church in England and "Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal 1837.

"dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance of the said Act, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for carrying into effect part of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the sees and dioceses of York, Lincoln, and Peter-

borough.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend John Bishop of Lincoln, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that, upon the first avoidance of the said see of Peterborough, the whole county of Leicester, now forming the archdeaconry of Leicester, and part of the said diocese of Lincoln, shall be absolutely detached and dissevered from the same diocese, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to, and included in, and form part of, the said diocese of Peterborough; and that the said archdeaconry, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits thereof, and the present and every future archdeacon thereof, and all rural dcans, and the whole clergy and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be thenceforth exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and control of the Bishop of Lincoln, and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction, authority, and control of the Bishop of Peterborough for the time being; and that the right of appointing the Archdeacon of Leicester shall thereupon be vested in the Bishop of Peterborough, and his successors Bishops of Peterborough for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that,

And we further recommend and propose, that, from and after such avoidance of the said see of Peterborough, in order to raise the average annual income of the Bishop of Peterborough for the time being to the sum of four thousand five hundred pounds, as near as may be, there shall be paid by us to the bishop then succeeding to the said see of Peterborough, and his successors bishops of Peter-

borough for the time being, out of such moneys as shall, from time to time, be standing to our eredit and account in the Bank of England, being part of payments from the larger sees respectively towards the augmentation of the incomes of the bishops of the smaller sees, the fixed annual sum of one thousand one hundred and fifty pounds, by equal half yearly payments, the first of such payments to be made at the end of six calendar months from the day of such avoidance; and that whenever thereafter a vacancy in the said see of Peterborough shall happen on any other day than the half yearly day of payment, so calculated as aforesaid, the next half yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy, or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last half yearly day of payment to the day of the vacancy inclusive; and such proportions shall be paid to the respective parties accordingly.

And whereas the amount of the moneys, from time to time, applicable to the purposes aforesaid, and to the augmentation of any other of the smaller sees upon vacancies occurring therein respectively, will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the larger secs, from which payments are hereafter to be made towards such purposes; and the amount of the demand upon such moneys will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the said smaller sees, and it may thereamong the said smaller sces, and it may therefore happen that the demands upon such moneys may for a time exceed the amount thereof; we further recommend and propose, that, if at the commencement of any half year, calculated from the first day of January to the last day of June, and from the first day of July to the last day of December, respectively, it shall appear to us, that there will in the current half year be a deficiency of the said moneys to pay the sums then charged thereon, and 4 G 2

payable in the same half year, it shall be lawful for us to resolve that a deduction be made from the sum payable in the same half year to the Bishop of Peter-borough for the time being, and from the sums payable to the respective bishops of other smaller sees, who, by virtue of any other scheme prepared, or to be prepared by us, and of any Order or Orders of your Majesty in Council for ratifying the same, shall then be entitled to payments in augmentation of their respective incomes, so as to keep the sums to be paid during the same half year within the amount of the moneys applicable as aforesaid during such half year; and to calculate such deduction in proportion to the sums which have been, or may be, named in this or such other scheme, as the future annual average income of the said sees respectively; and that upon the amount of every such deduction being certified by us, or by our secretary, to the bishop to be affected thereby, within fourteen days after the commencement of such half year, the said bishop shall have no present claim to any greater sum than the residue of his half yearly payment after such deduction as aforesaid; nor any future claim, except as is hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, that so soon thereafter as the sums to be paid to us in any half year, applicable to the purposes aforesaid, shall exceed the sums to be paid by us for those purposes within the same half year, we shall be authorised and bound to divide the surplus, rateably, among the bishops from whose payments such deductions shall have been made, or the representatives of such of them as shall be dead; and so from half year to half year, until the whole sums deducted shall be paid; the deductions of one half year to be paid before any payment shall be made on account of the deductions of any subsequent half year.

And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William Archbishop of Canterbury and Edward Archbishop of York, in testimony whereof they have respectively signed and sealed this scheme, and with the like consent of the said John Bishop of Lincoln, testified as aforesaid, that at the time of such avoidance as aforesaid the whole county of Nottingham, now forming the archdeaconry of Nottingham, and part of the province and diocese of York, shall be detached and dissevered from the said last-mentioned province and diocese, and shall be annexed and united to, and included in, and form part of, the province of Canterbury, and of the said diocese of Lineoln; and that the said archdeaeonry, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits thereof, and the present and every future archdeacon thereof, and all rural deans, and the whole elergy and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be thenceforth exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and control of the Arehbishop of York, and shall be under and subject to the metropolitan jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the episcopal jurisdiction of the Bishop of Lincoln for the time being, respectively; and that the right of appointing the Archdeaeon of Nottingham shall thereupon be vested in the Bishop of Lincoln, and his successors, Bishopsof Lincoln, for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the said sees and dioceses of York, Lincoln, and Peterborough, respectively, in conformity with the

provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our eommon seal, this first day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the several registrars of the dioceses of York, Lincoln, and Peterborough, and of the provinces of Canterbury and York repectively.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 21st day of August 1837.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His said late Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein

respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His said late Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May. and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports. amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst other things, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that, in order to provide for the augmentation of the incomes of the smaller bishoprics, such fixed annual sums should be paid to the Commissioners, out of the revenues of the larger sees respectively, as should, upon due inquiry and consideration, be determined on, so as to leave as an average annual income to the Archbishop of Canterbury fifteen thousand pounds, to the Archbishop of York ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of LonLondon ten thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Durham eight thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Winchester seven thousand pounds, to the Bishop of Ely five thousand five hundred pounds, to the Bishop of Saint Asaph and Bangor five thousand two hundred pounds, and to the Bishops of Worcester, and Bath and Wells, respectively, five thousand pounds; and that, out of the fund thus accruing, fixed annual payments should be made by the Commissioners in such instances and to such amounts as should be in like manner determined on, so that the average annual incomes of the other bishops respectively should be not less than four thousand pounds, nor more

than five thousand pounds:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chan-cellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty, under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudlev Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And

And it is further enacted, that the said Commistioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the therein-before recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as may be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London

Gazette

And it is further cnacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, 1837.

grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwith-

standing:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared, and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for carrying ino effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance of the said Act, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for fixing the annual sums to be paid by us in augmentation of the incomes of the bishopricks of Carlise and Chester.

We humbly recommend and propose, in order to raise the average annual income of the bishop of each of the sees of Carlisle and Chester to the sum of four thousand five hundred pounds; as near as may be, respectively, that, out of such moneys as shall from time to time be standing to our credit and account in the Bank of England, being part of payments from the larger sees respectively, towards the augmentation of the incomes of the bishops of the smaller sees, there shall be paid by us, upon the next avoidance of the said sees respectively, whether the same shall happen by death, translation, or otherwise,

wise, to the bishop next succeeding to the said see of Carlisle, and his successors, the fixed annual sum of two thousand pounds, and to the bishop next succeeding to the said see of Chester, and his successors, the fixed annual sum of one thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, by equal half yearly payments in every year, the first of such payments to be made at the end of six calendar months from the day of such avoidance in each case respectively; and that whenever, after the commencement of such payments respectively, a vacancy of either of the said sees shall happen on any other day than the half yearly day of payment, so calculated as aforesaid, then in each such case the next half yearly payment shall be apportioned between the bishop making the vacancy, or his representatives, and the bishop succeeding to the see, according to the time which shall have elapsed from the last half yearly day of payment to the day of the vacancy inclusive, and such proportions shall be paid to the respective parties accordingly:

And we further recommend and propose, that if a vacancy of the said see of Carlisle shall happen before the mortgage debt due from the Bishop of Carlisle, for money borrowed under the provisions of an Act, passed in the tenth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for re-pairing and improving Rose Castle, in the county of Cumberland, belonging to the said see of Carlisle, shall be fully paid off, then, so long as the annual sums payable by virtue of the said last recited Act shall continue payable, the amount of such sums shall be also paid by us to the Bishop of Carlisle for the time being, out of the same moneys as aforesaid, and by like half yearly payments, in addition to the fixed annual sum herein specified.

And whereas the amount of the moneys from time to time applicable to the purposes aforesaid, and to the augmentation of any other of the smaller sces

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upon vacancies occurring therein respectively, will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the larger sees from which payments are hereafter to be made towards such purposes; and the amount of the demand upon such moneys will depend on the contingency of vacancies occurring among the said smaller sees; and it may therefore happen that the demands upon such moneys may. for a time exceed the amount thereof, we further recommend and propose, that if at the commencement of any half year, calculated from the first day of January to the last day of June, and from the first day of July to the last day of December, respectively, it shall appear to us, that there will in the current half year be a deficiency of the said moneys to pay the sums then charged thereon, and payable in the same half year, it shall be lawful for us to resolve, that a deduction be made from the sums payable in the same half year to each bishop of the sees herein-named and to each of the bishops of other smaller sees who, by virtue of any other scheme prepared or to be prepared by us, and of any Order or Orders of your Majesty in Council for ratifying the same, shall then be entitled to payments in augmentation of their respective incomes, so as to keep the sums to be paid during the same half year within the amount of the moneys applicable as aforesaid during such half year; and to calculate such deduction in proportion to the sumsherein named, and to the sums which may in each such other scheme as aforesaid be named as the amount of the future average annual income of each see respectively; and that, upon the amount of every such deduction being certified, by us or by our secretary, to the bishop to be affected thereby, within fourteen days after the commencement of such half year, the said bishop shall have no present claim to any greater sum than the residue of his half yearly payment, after such dededuction as aforesaid, nor any future claim, except as is hereinafter-mentioned, that is to say; that so soon thereafter as the sums to be paid to us in any half year, applicable to the purposes aforesaid, shall exceed the sums to be paid by us for those purposes within the same half year, we shall be authorized and bound to divide the surplus rateably among the bishops from whose payments such deductions shall have been made, or the representatives of such of them as shall be dead; and so from half year to half year, until the whole sums deducted shall be paid; the deductions of one half year to be paid, before any payment shall be made on account of the deductions of any subsequent half year.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to either of the said bishopricks of Carlisle and Chester, in conformity with the provisions of

the said Act.

All of which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall take effect immediately from and after the time when the same shall have been registered as hereinafter directed, and shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that

this Order be forthwith registered by the several Registrars of the several dioceses of Carlisle and Chester.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, September 5, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Fermanagh, Noblemen, Clergy, Gentry, &c. of the county of.

Hythe, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the borough of.

Rickmansworth, Inhabitants of the parish of.

St. Alban, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the borough of.

Stamford, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Stockton, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Sutton Coldfield, the Warden and Society of the Royal Town, Manor, and Lordship of.

Windsor (New), Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Whitehall, September 4, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint Nassau William Senior, Esq. Samuel Jones Loyd, Esq. William Edward Hickson, Esq. and John Leslie, Esq. Her Majesty's Commissioners for enquiring into the condition of the unemployed Hand Loom Weavers in the United Kingdom.

Crown-Office, September 5, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Westmeath.

Montagu Lowther Chapman, of Killna-castle, Esq. Sir Richard Nagle, of Jamestown, Bart.

Borough of Athlone.

John O'Connell, Esq.

County of Sligo.

Edward Joshua Cooper, of Markrea-castle, in the county of Sligo, Esq.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Perceval, of Templehouse, in the said county.

Borough of Sligo.

John Patrick Somers, Esq.

King's County.

Nicholas Fitzsimon, of Broughale-castle, Esq. The Honourable John Craven Westenra, of Sharavoge-house, in the said county.

County of Meath.

Morgan O'Connell, of Darrynane-abbey, in the county of Kerry, Esq.

Henry Grattan, of Stephen's-green, in the city

of Dublin, Esq.

County of Wexford.

John Maher, of Ballinkeel, in the county of Wexford, Esq.

James Power, of Edermine, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Wexford.

Charles Arthur Walker, Esq.

Borough of New Ross.

John Hyacinth Talbot, D. L. of Talbot-hall, in the county of Wexford, Esq.

County Palatine of Lancaster.

Northern Division.

John Wilson Patten, of Bank-hall, in the said county, Esq.

Right Honourable Edward Geoffrey Stanley, commonly called Lord Stanley.

Southern Division.

The Right Honourable Francis Egerton, commonly called Lord Francis Egerton.

The Honourable Richard Bootle Wilbraham, of Blythe-hall, in the county of Lancaster.

Borough of Lancaster.

Thomas Greene, Esq. George Marton, Esq.

Borough of Preston.

Peter Hesketh Fleetwood, of Rossall-hall, in the county of Lancaster, Esq.

Robert Townley Parker, of Cuerden-hall, within

Cuerden, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Liverpool.

Dudley Ryder, commonly called Viscount Sandon. Cresswell Cresswell, Esq.

Borough of Wigan.

Charles Standish, of Lower Grosvenor-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Richard Potter, of Broughton-house, Manchester, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Esq.

Borough of Manchester.

The Right Honourable Charles Poulett Thomson. Mark Philips, Esq.

Borough of Bolton.

Peter Ainsworth, Esq. William Bolling, Esq.

Borough of Blackburn.

William Turner, of Mill-hill, in the county of Lancaster, Esq.

William Feilden, of Feniscowles, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Oldham.

John Fielden, Esq. William Augustus Johnson, Esq.

Borough of Clitheroe.

John Fort, of Read-hall, in the county of Lancaster, Esq.

Berough of Ashton-under-Lyne.

Charles Hindley, of Queen-square, in the city of Westminster, Esq.

Borough of Bury.

Richard Walker, Esq.

Borough of Rochdale.

John Fenton, of Crimble, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Salford.

Joseph Brotherton, Esq.

Borough of Warrington.

John Ireland Blackburne.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

AUTUMN CIRCUITS, 1837.

HOME CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Kent, at Maidstone, Friday, November 10. Kent, at Dovor, Monday, November 13. At the City of Canterbury, Tuesday, November 14. Sussex, at Horsham, Saturday, December 2. Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Wednesday, December 13.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Friday, October 20.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Monday, October 23.
Worcestershire, at Worcester, Wednesday, October 25.
Glove

Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Friday, October 27.

Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Monday, October 30.

Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Wednesday, November 1.

Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Friday, November 3. Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Monday, November 6.

Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen and Borough, Tuesday, November 7.

Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest and Town, Thurs-

day, November 9.

Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Saturday, November 11.
Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Monday, November 13.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Tuesday, November 14.
At the City of Bristol, Thursday, November 16.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Saturday, November 18.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Monday, November 20.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Wednesday, No-

vember 22.

Devonshire, at Plymouth, Saturday, November 25.

Cornwall, at Launceston, Monday, November 27.

Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Thursday, Novem-

ber 30.

Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Friday, December 1.

At the Town of Southampton, Saturday, December 2.

Hampshire, at Winchester, Monday, December 4.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Friday, October 27.
Essex, at Colchester, Saturday, October 28.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Monday, October 30.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Wednesday, November 1.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Thursday, November 2.

Suf-

Sa tolk, at Bury St. Edwards, Monday, Neven-

Cambridgenbire, at Cambridge, Toesday, Novem-

Harmandare in a: Huntington, Wednesday, Novertier 3.

Northburght militie, at Peterberough, Saturday, November 11.

Lincoln and City, Monday, November 13.

Neutropharmahers, at Nottingham and Town, Wednesčav. November 15.

Derly lare, at Derby, Briday, November 17.

Le : renture et Deicester, Monday, November 20. Ar f Com of Lastiski, Weinerder, November 22 Seef aglary as Stational Taursaay, November 23. S for an Shrewsborr, Monday, November 27. To-Live on Birmingham, Wednesday, Novemhe: 10.

Sorge of O. Barr. Thursday, November 30.

Warning by at Warwick Sur Law, December 2. Northern T. T. St. Northern . I, Theyday, Decamiler 5.

14 Liure, as Belliord Temsdar, December 7. Para glanslare, as Arlesbary, Friant, December 8.

NUMBEROWN CORCTOR.

77. J. Low, Esc. Commissioner.

Remondaire, at Oakhar, Monday, October 23. Fraging, at Shelleri. Wednesday, October 15. Verhaine, at Wakefelt, Thurstar. Omiter If. At the Pour of Ameston-aper-Rule, Frier, November 3.

At the Car of Fork Semier, November 4. Viring me, at York Castle, Monday, November (. Formare, a: Richmond, Weinesday, November 8.

Durham, at Durham, Thursday, November 9.
At the Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Friday, November 10.

Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Saturday,

November 11.

Cumberland, at Carlisle, Monday, November 13.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Tuesday, November 14.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Wednesday, November 15.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Thursday, November 16.
Lancashire, at Preston, Tuesday, November 28.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Wednesday, November 29.
Cheshire, at Chester, Saturday, December 2.
At the City of Chester, Monday, December 4.
Flintshire, at Mold, Tuesday, December 5.
Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Wednesday, December 6.
Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Friday, December 8.
Carnaroonshire, at Carnarvon, Saturday, December 9.

Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Tuesday, December 12. Montgomeryshire, at Welch Pool, Thursday, December 14.

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 8, 1837.

Whitehall, September 8, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Cremarty, Provest, Magistrates, and Town Council of the borough of.

Down and Connor, Bishop and Clergy of.

Drogheda, Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of the county of the town of.

Eight Southern Districts of the city of Edinburgh, Convener and Commissioners of the.

Enniskillen, Provost, Burgesses, and Freemen of the borough of.

Fortrose, Provest, Magistrates, and Council of the burgh of.

Friends of Foreigners in Distress, President, Vice-Presidents, &c. of the Society of.

Horticultural Society of Berkshire, Committee of the.

Kilmarnock, Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the burgh of. Kirkcudbright, Noblemen, Commissioners of Supply, &c. of the stewartry of.

Moravians, the United Brethren of the.

New Sarum, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of.

Poole, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Saint Andrew's, Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of.

Sodor and Mann, Bishop, Archdeacon, Vicars-General, and Clergy of the diocese of.

Wesleyan Association at Liverpool, the representatives of twenty-thousand Members of a religious denomination met at the.

St. James's-Palace.

The Queen was pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon William Elliott, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, C. B. K. C. H. on the 19th of July last.

Whitehall, September 7, 1837.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration that, upon the decease of William first Earl of Listowel, of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, the title and dignity of Earl of Listowel devolved upon his grandson and heir William now Earl of Listowel, as eldest son and heir of Richard Hare, Esq. (commonly called Viscount Ennismore), who was, whilst living, the eldest son and heir of the said William first Earl of Listowel, deceased, and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the younger brothers and the sisters

of the said William now Earl of Listowel, cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their said late father had survived the said William first Earl of Listowel, and succeeded to the title and dignity of Earl of Listowel; Her Majesty has been pleased to ordain and declare, that Richard Hare, Esq. Captain in the Army, on half-pay Unattached; Robert Hare, Esq.; Henry Hare, Esq. Lieutenant in the 18th (or Royal Irish Regiment of Foot); Charles Luke Hare, Esq. an Ensign in the same regiment; Letitia, wife of Richard Oliver Aldworth, of Newmarket, in the county of Cork, Esq.; and Katherine-Anne, wife of Charles-William-Morley Balders, of West Bashamhall, in the county of Norfolk, Esq. a Captain in Her Majesty's 3d (or King's Own) Regiment of Light Dragoons, the brothers and sisters of the said William now Earl of Listowel shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence as if their said late father had succeeded to the said title and dignity of Earl of Listowel:

And Her Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Crown-Office, September 8, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Westmorland.

The Right Honourable William Viscount Lowther. The Honourable Henry Cecil Lowther.

Borough of Kendal.

George William Wood, Esq.

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 12, 1837.

Whitehall, September 12, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Brecon, Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the town of.

Canterbury, Archdeacon and Clergy of the diocese of.

Devonport, Commissioners for the town of.

Goldsmiths of the city of London, Wardens and Commonalty of the Mistery of.

Literary Fund, Society for the Management and Distribution of the.

Louth, High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Inhabitants of the county of.

Ludlow, Mayor, Aldermen, and Council of the borough of.

Metropolitan Benefit Society's Asylum, President, Vice-President, Treasurer, &c. of the.

Wexford, Inhabitants of the town of.

Whitehall, September 11, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Archibald Clerk to the church at Aucharacle, in the parish of Kilchoan, island of Finnan, in the presbytery of Mull and shire of Argyll, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Alexander Murray Macgregor.

The Queen has also been pleased to present the Reverend Roderick Macleod to the church and parish of Snizort, in the isle and presbytery of Sky, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Simon

Maclauchlan to the parish of Cawdor.

Whitehall, September 11, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Captain William-Ferguson Beatson, of the 54th Regiment of Native Infantry, in the service of the East India Company, on the Bengal Establishment, and late a Lieutenant-Colonel in the service of the Queen of Spain, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the cross of the first class of the National and Military Order of San Fernando, which Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain hath been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of Her royal approbation of his conduct in the actions on the 28th of May and the 6th of July 1836, while attached to the British auxiliary legion; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thercunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that Her Majcsty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents,

in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 15, 1837.

Whitehall, September 15, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Colchester, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Dunbar, the Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the burgh of.

Harwich, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Hereford, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, &c. of the county of.

Middlesex, Electors and Inhabitants of the county of.

Monaghan, High Sheriff and Grand Jewry of the county of.

Northallerton, Inhabitants of the borough of.

Rotterdam, Ministers, Elders, and Deacons of the National Scottish Church in.

Royal Maternity Charity, President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Committee of the.

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Sainè

Saint George's Chapel, Windsor, Dean and Canons of.

Swiss Church, Minister and Elders of the.

Wemyss (Fifeshire), Inhabitants of the parish of.

Windsor (New), Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, &c. of the borough of.

Whitehall, September 14, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant to Christopher Hodgson, of Great Dean's-yard, Westminster, Esq. the joint office of Secretary and Treasurer to the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor Clergy.

Office of Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, No. 6, John-Street, Adelphi, September 8, 1837.

The Right Honourable the Lord High Chanchellor of Great Britain has, under the authority of the Act 2d and 3d William 4th, cap. 107, appointed Lord Seymour; Lord Ashley; Robert Gordon, Esq.; Robert Vernon Smith, Esq.; John Abel Smith, Esq.; Colonel James Clitherow; Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Sykes; Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Clive; Edmund Halswell, Esq.; George Acklom, Esq.; the Reverend Dr. George Shepherd; James William Mylne, Esq.; Bryan Waller Procter, Esq.; Dr. Thomas Turner; Dr. John Bright; Dr. Henry Herbert Southey; Dr. John Robert Hume; and Dr. Edward James Seymour; to be the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, during the space of one year, for licencing

and visiting all houses within the jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, and for carrying into effect the several provisions of the said Act.

By order,

Edward Du Bois, Clerk and Treasurer.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 19, 1837.

Crown-Office, September 18, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Pembroke.

Sir John Owen, of Orielton, in the county aforesaid, Bart.

Borough of Pembroke.

Hugh Owen Owen, of Llanstinan, in the county of Pembroke, Esq.

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 22, 1837.

At the Court at Windsor, the 20th day of September 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, do issue writs for further proroguing the Parliament, from Monday the second day of October next to Wednesday the fifteenth day of November next.

By the QUEEN. A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS Our Parliament stands prorogued to Monday the second day of October next; We, with the advice of Our Privy Council, do hereby publish and declare, that the said Parliament shall be further prorogued, on the said second day of October next, to Wednesday the fifteenth day of November next; and We have given

given order to Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, to prepare a writ patent for proroguing the same accordingly; and We do further hereby, with the advice aforesaid, declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure, that the said Parliament shall, on the said fifteenth day of November next, be held and sit for the dispatch of divers urgent and important affairs: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Boroughs of the House of Commons, are hereby required and commanded to give their attendance accordingly, at Westminster, on the said fifteenth day of November next.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this twentieth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven; and in the first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

Whitehall, September 22, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Buckingham, Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of the borough of.

Leicester, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, &c. of the county of.

Louth, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors, of the borough of.

Sutherland, Lieutenancy, Commissioners of Supply, and Justices of the Peace of the county of.

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 26, 1837.

Whitehall, September 26, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Chepping Wycombe, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses af the borough of.

Chichester, Bishop and Clergy of the diocese of.

Cork, Cloyne, and Ross, Bishop and Clergy of the united dioceses of.

London, Assurance, Corporation of the.

Penryn, Congregation of Independents at Newstreet Chapel.

Waterford and Lismore, Bishop and Clergy of the United dioceses of.

Windsor, Military Knights of.

Cambridge-House, September 25, 1837.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Philemon Pownoll Bastard, Rector of Hanworth, in the county of Middlesex, one of His Reyal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, September 25, 1837.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Joseph Townsend, of Wood-end, in the county of Buckingham, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales, vice Dixon, resigned; and the said Joseph Townsend was sworn in on the 25th instant, before Sir J. B. Bosanquet, one of Her Majesty's Justices for the Court of Common Pleas, according to the provisions of the said Act.

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 29, 1837.

Whitehall, September 29, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

British Jews, Deputation on behalf of the.

Caithness, Members of the Presbytery of.

Entomological Society of London, President, Vice-President, &c. of the.

Inverary, Magistrates and Council of the Royal burgh of.

Kent Dispensary, President, Vice-President, &c. of the.

Sudbury, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Whitehall, September 25, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting to Sir John De Vealle, the office of Bailiff of the island of Jersey.

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 3, 1837.

Whitehall, October 2, 1837.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant unto the Reverend John Lamb, D. D. the place and dignity of Dean of the Cathedral Church of Bristol, void by the promotion of Doctor Thomas Musgrave, late Dean thereof, to the see of Hereford.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 6, 1837.

Downing-Street, October 4, 1837.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Major-General George Thomas Napier, C. B. to be Governor and Commander in Chief of the settlement of the Cape of Good Hope.

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 16, 1837.

Whitehall, October 10, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Armagh, Archbishop and Clergy of the Diocese of.

Brighton, Inhabitants and Visitors of the town of.

Bury Saint Edmunds, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Dramatic Authors' Society of.

Ewell and Epsom, Inhabitants of.

Kingston-upon-Thames, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Metropolitan Society for Clothing, Boarding, and Educating the Necessitous Blind, Committee of the.

Rochester, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the city of.

Salop, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, &c. of the county of.

Shrews-

Shrewsbury, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of.

Tenby, Mayor, Aldermen, and Town Councillors of the borough of.

Wesleyan Connexion of Methodists, at Leeds.

Whitehall, October 9, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be made use of instead of the Great Seal of Scotland, appointing the following Noblemen and Gentlemen to be Lieutenants and Sheriffs Principal of the several under-mentioned shires and stewartries in Seotland:

Aberdeen-William George Earl of Erroll, K. T.

Ayr—George Earl of Glasgow.

Argyll-George William Duke of Argyll.

Banff-James Earl of Fife, K. T.

Berwick-Alexander Earl of Home.

Bute-John Marquess of Bute.

Caithness-Alexander Earl of Caithness.

Clacmanan - William Earl of Mansfield, K. T.

Cromarty-Roderick Maeleod, Esq.

Dumbarton-Sir James Colquhoun, Bart.

Dumfries-Charles Marquess of Queensbury, K. T.

Mid Lothian-Walter Francis Duke of Buceleuch, K. G.

Elgin-Francis Earl of Moray, K. T.

Fife-Robert Ferguson, Esq.

Forfar-David Earl of Airlie.

Haddington - George Marquess of Tweedale, K.T.

Inverness-The Honourable Francis William Grant.

Kincardine-John Viscount Arbuthnot.

Kinross - Right Honourable William Adam.

Kircudbright-Randolph Earl of Galloway.

Lanark-Alexander Duke of Hamilton, K. G.

Linlithgow-John Earl of Hopetoun.

Nairn - William Brodie, Esq.

Orkney and Zetland-Laurence Lord Dundas.

Peebles-Francis Earl of Wemyss.

Perth-Thomas Robert Earl of Kinnoul.

Renfrew-Archibald Campbell, Esq.

Ross-Sir James Wemyss Mackenzie, Bart.

Roxburgh—John William Robert Marquess of Lothian.

Selkirk-Henry James Lord Montagu.

Stirling—George Lord Abercromby.

Sutherland—George Granville Duke of Sutherland.

Wigton-Randolph Earl of Galloway.

Whitehall, October 9, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Lieutenant Robert Cannau, of the 40th Regiment of Native Infantry, in the service of the East India Company on the Madras Establishment, and late a Lieutenant-Colonel in the service of the Queen of Spain, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the cross of the first class of the National and Military Order of Saint Ferdinand, which the Queen Regent of Spain hath been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of Her royal approbation of his conduct in the action of the 5th of May 1836; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privi-lege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 13, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, October 11, 1837.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint the Earl of Uxbridge one of the Lords in Waiting to Her Majesty.

Cambridge-House, October 11, 1837.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Cornwall, of the Coldstream Guards; Lieutenant Colonel Schlutter, and Captain Baron Knesbeck, of the Hanoverian Service, to be Equerries to His Royal Highness.

Whitehall, October 13, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Alexander Topp to the church and parish of Elgin, in the presbytery of Elgin and shire of Moray, vacant by the death of Mr. William Gordon, late Minister there.

LONDON-GAZETTE of OCTOBER 17, 1837.

· Whitehall, October 16, 1837.

THE Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Kirle to the church and parish of Arbirlot, in the presbytery of Arbroath and county of Forfar, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Thomas Guthrie, late Minister there, to the Greyfriars Church in Edinburgh.

Crown-Office, October 17, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Carnarvon.

John Ralph Ormsby Gore, of Pockington, in the county of Salop, Esq.

Borough of Carnarvon.

William Bulkeley Hughes, of Plascoch, in the county of Anglesey, Esq.

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 20, 1837.

Foreign-Office, October 18, 1837.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Joseph Cade, Esq. sometime attached to Her Majesty's Mission at Bogotà, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Panamà.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Thomas Sutton Willimott, Esq. sometime British Vice-Consul at Lima, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Puerto Cabello.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint John Frank Close, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Consul at Charente.

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 24, 1837.

St. James's-Palace, September 22, 1837.

THE Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint James Bunce Curling, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Harrison.

St. James's-Palace, October 20, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint James Mercer, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Hemsley.

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 27, 1837.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office. October 27, 1837.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 29th instant, for Her late Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning on Sunday the 12th of November next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Sunday the 19th of November next, the Court to go out of mourning.

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 31, 1837.

Whitehall, October 19, 1837.

THE Queen has been pleased to nominate and appoint George William Frederick Villiers, Esq. Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Her Catholic Majesty, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Whitehall, October 30, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto James Clark, of George-street, in the parish of St. George, Hanoversquare, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. Doctor of Medicine, and First Physician in Ordinary to Her Majesty, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall October 30, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Hailstone, jun. A. M. to the vicarage of Bottisham, in the county of Cambridge and diocese of Ely, void by the promotion of Doctor Thomas Musgrave to the see of Hereford.

Whitehall, October 30, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Commander James Wilkinson, of the Royal Navy, Her royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of a Knight Commander of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, which Her Majesty the Queen of Portugal hath been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of Her royal approbation of his conduct while in Her Most Faithful Majesty's service; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms.

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in

Her Majesty's College of Arms.

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LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 3, 1837.

Whitehall, November 3, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Aberdeen, Ministers and Elders of the Provincial Synod of.

Bangor, Bishop and Clergy of the diocese of.

Havering-atte-Bower, Inhabitants of the ancient liberty of.

Londonderry, Mayor, Community, and Citizens of.

Woolwich, Inhabitant Householders of town and parish of.

War-Office, 3d November 1837.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint His Royal Highness Prince George of Cambridge, K. G. to be Colonel in the Army by Brevet. Dated 3d November 1837.

Foreign-Office, November 3, 1837.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to approve of the Chevalier Don Jose Maria Barréro as Consul-General in the United Kingdom for Her Catholic Majesty.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 7, 1837.

Foreign-Office, November 1, 1837.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint the Honourable George Sulyarde Stafford Jerningham, now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Turin, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Lisbon.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Stephen Henry Sulivan, Esq. now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Lisbon, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Turin.

Whitehall, November 6, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend William Ritchie to the church of the united parishes of St. Martins and Cambus Michael, in the presbytery and county of Perth, vacant by the death of the Reverend Peter Currer.

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 10, 1837.

Foreign-Office, November 10, 1837.

A DISPATCH has been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Sir George Villiers, G. C. B. Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Madrid, dated the 21st of October 1837, from which the following is an extract:

(Extract.)

I HAVE the honour to enclose the copy and translation of a Decree, published in the Madrid Gazette of the 14th instant, by which Santa Cruz de Santiago, in Teneriffe, and other ports in the Canary Islands, are established as ports for foreign commerce.

(Translation.)

(Decree.)

DONNA ISABELLA the Second, by the Grace of God, and by the Constitution of the Spanish Monarchy, Queen of Spain, and, in Her name, Donna Maria Christina de Borbon, Queen Regent of the Kingdom, be it known unto all by whom these presents are seen and concern, that the Cortes have decreed and We sanction the following:

The Cortes, in virtue of their powers, have decreed, that the Decrees of former Cortes, viz. the Decree 1837.

4 N of

of the 5th of January 1822, in virtue of which the port of Santa Ciuz, of Santiago, of Teneriffe, was permitted to carry on national and foreign trade, with a deposit of the first class; and of that of the 20th of the same month and year, with several provisional regulations for the trade in the Canary Islands, and for granting the privilege of trade to certain ports of those islands; and the Order of the 31st of March of the said year, empowering the Provincial Deputation of the Canaries to regulate the ship and port duties exacted from vessels entering the licenced ports of these islands in transit, be herewith re-established, except in that part of the second and third articles of the Decree of January 20th, which is provided for in the tariffs formed in 1830, by the Royal Commission, and approved of by the Government, and which are still in force; - Which the Cortes present to Her Majesty, in order that She may be pleased to give it Her sanction .

Palace of the Cortes, September 23, 1837.

Therefore We command all tribunals and all authorities, whether civil, military, or eeclesiastical, of whatever rank and dignity they may be, to keep, and cause to be kept, fulfilled, and executed, the present law in all its parts. Let it be so understood, printed, published, and eirculated.

(Signed) I, the QUEEN REGENT.

Palace, October 10th, 1837.

To Don Antonio Maria de Teixas, &c. &c. &c.

Buckingham-Palace, November 7, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty:—the Count Sebastiani, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign; and Andrew Stevenson, Esq. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of America, to deliver his new credentials:

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, November 8, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be made use of in place of the Great Seal of Scotland, appointing Sir James Spittal, Knt. Lord Provost of Edinburgh, and his successors in that office, Lieutenants of the said city of Edinburgh and of the liberties thereof.

Whitehall, November 8, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Charles Laey, A. M. to the rectory of Althorpe, in the county and diocese of Lincoln, the same being void by the death of the Reverend James Fenton, the last incumbent.

Whitehall, November 10, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Sir Frederick Watson, Knt. Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of a Knight Commander of the Military Order of St. Bento d'Avis, which the Queen of Portugal hath been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in consideration of his distinguished services during the Peninsular war; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed:

And also to command, that Her Majesty's royal concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents,

in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 14, 1837.

THE names of those who were nominated for Sheriffs by the Lords of the Council, at the Exchequer, on the Morrow of Saint Martin, in the first year of the reign of Queen Victoria, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Bedfordshire,

John Harvey, of Ickwell, Esq. Levi Ames, of East Hyde, Esq. Henry Littledale, of Cardington, Esq.

Berk-

Berkshire,	Winchcombe Henry Howard Hartley, of Bucklebury-House, Esq. Robert George Throckmorton, of Buckland-House, Esq. Francis Cholmeley, of White Knights, Esq.
Buckinghamshire,	Benjamin Way, of Denham, Esq. Thomas Raymond Barker, of Hambledon, Esq. Rice Richard Clayton, of Hedgerley-Park, Esq.
Camb' & Hunt'.	William Layton, of Woodhouse, Ely, Esq. Daniel Fryer, of Chatteris, Esq. Thomas Lewin, of March, Esq.
Cumberland,	John Dixon, of Knells, Esq. Thomas Hartley, of Gillfoot, Esq. Sir George Musgrave, of Eden- Hall, Bart.
Cheshire,	George Cornwall Leigh, of High Legh, Esq. Thomas Hibbert, of Birtles, Esq.
	Charles Lawton, of Lawton, Esq.
Cornwall,	Joseph Thomas Austen, of Place, Esq. The Honourable George Matthew Fortescue, of Boconnoc. John Paynter, of Boshinna, Esq.

Der-

Derbyshire, Edward Anthony Holden, of Aston-on-Trent, Esq. Broughton Benjamin Steade Pegge Burnell, of Beauchief-Abbey, Esq. Edward Degge Sitwell, of Stainsby, Esq. Devonshire, George Stanley Cary, of Follaton, Esq. John Crocker Bulteel, of Fleet, Esq. Sir John Lemon Rogers, of Blatchford, Bart. Dorsetshire, Richard Brinsley Sheridan, of Frampton, Esq. The Honourable William Francis Spencer Ponsonby, of Great Canford. Joseph Weld, of Lulworth Castle, Esq. Durham, Sir Robert Johnson Eden, of Windleston, Bart. Sir William Chaytor, of Wotton-Castle, Bart. Sir Hedworth Williamson, of Whitburn, Bart. Essex. William Colton, of Wallwood in Leyton, Esq. Christopher Thomas Tower, of Weald-Hall, Esq. John Roberts Spencer Phillips, of Reffham's Lodge, Esq. Gloucestershire, Purnell Bransby Purnell, of Stancomb-Park, Esq. Edward Sampson, of Henbury, Esq. May-

	Maynard Colchester, of West- bury-on-Severn, Esq.
Herefordshire,	James Phillips, of Bryngwyn, Esq.
	John Holden Matthews, of Here- ford, Esq.
	Robert Biddulph Phillips, of Longworth, Esq.
Hertfordshire,	Claude George Thornton, of Tewin, Esq. Frederick Peter Delmé Radeliffe,
	of Hitchin, Esq. John Church, of Hatfield, Esq.
Kent,	George Ward Norman, of
	Bromley, Esq. Sir Joseph Henry Hawley, of
	Leybourne Grange, Bart. Thomas Turner Alkin, of Hun-
	ton-Court, Esq.
Leicestershire,	Thomas Frewin Turner, of Cold Overton, Esq. Sir Edmund Cradock Hartopp,
	of Gumley, Bart. Edward Dawson, of Whatton-House, Esq.
Lincolnshire,	Sir Culling Eardly Smith, of Nettleton, Bart.
	George Fieschi Heneage, of Stanton-Hall, Esq.
	Thomas George Corbett, of Elsham, Esq.
Monmouthshire,	Colthurst Bateman, of Pertholey, Esq.
	Digby Mackworth, of Glen Usk, Esq.
	John Jenkins, of Caerleon, Esq.
	Nor-

dolph, Bart.

Bart

Norfolk,

Sir James Flower, of Eccles,

Sir Thomas Hare, of Stow Bar-

Andrew Fountaine, of Natford.

Esq. John Reddall, of Dallington-Ne-thampionshire, Hall, Esq. William Dravson, of Floore, Esq. Thomas Alderson Cooke, of Peterborough, Esq. Isaac Cookson, of Meldon-Park, Nerthurberlans. Esq. John Davidson, of Ridlev-Hall, Esq. William Lawson, of Longbirst, Esq. James Lee, of West Retford, Neutraphanishere, Esq. Robert Kelham Kelham, of Bleasby, Esq. Thomas Webb Edge, of Streller, Esc. Samuel Fortnam Cox, of Sand-Orierashare, ford, Esc. William Peere Williams Freeman, of Herley, Esq. John Slater Harrison, of Shelswell, Esq. Matthew Laxton, of Greetham, Friday ishire. Esq. Henry Heathcote, of North Luffingham, Esq. John Monkton, of Seaten, Eug. STEEP-

William Woolrych Whitmore, Shropshire, of Dudmaston, Esq. Sir Andrew Vincent Corbet, of Acton Reynold, Bart. Thomas Eyton, of Eyton, Esq. Robert Phippen, of Badgworth-Somersetshire, Court, Esq. Sir William Coles Medlycott, of Milborne Port, Bart. John Jarratt, of Camerton, Esq. William Moore, of Wychdon-Staffordshire, Lodge, Esq. John Stephenson Salt, of Weeping-Cross, Esq. The Honourable Edward Richard Littleton, of Teddeslev. County of South- Andrew Robert Drummond, of Cadlands, Southampton, Esq. ampton, George Henry Warde, of Northwood-Park, Esq. John Mills, of Bistern Ringwood, Esq. Thomas Hallifax the elder, of Suffolk, Chadacre-Hall, Esq. Arthur John Brooke, of Horningsheath, Esq. George St. Vincent Wilson, of Redgraves, Esq. Thomas Chaloner Bisse Chal-Surrey, loner, of Portnal-Park, Esq. Samuel Paynter, of Richmond, Esq. William Levison Gower, of Titsev-Place, Oxted, Esq.

bourne, Esq.

Knt.

Sussex,

George Henry Malcomb Wag-

ner, of Herstmonceux, Esq. John Davies Gilbert, of East-

Sir Richard Hunter, of Patching,

Sir George Philips, of Weston, Warwickshire, Bart. Sir Francis Lawley, of Middleton Hall, Bart. Samuel Jones Loyd, of Wolvey, Esq. Francis Thomas Egerton, of Wiltshire, Roche Court, Esq. Thomas Asheton Smith, of Tidwooth-House, Esq. John Edward Andrew Starkey, of Spy-Park, Esq. Robert Berkeley, of Spetchley, Worcestershire, Esq. William Congreve Russell, of King's-Heath, Esq. Thomas Charles Hornyold, of Blackmore-Park, Esq. Sir Robert Frankland Russell, Yorkshire, of Thirklebv, Bart. Charles Tempest, of Broughton, Esq. Robert Milnes, of Bawtrey, Esq.

The names of the Gentlemen nominated by the Judges of the respective Circuits in Wales, qualified to serve the office of Sheriff for the several counties in the principality of Wales, for the year 1838:

Anglesey, Thomas Asheton Smith, of Trefarthen, Esq.
William Barton Panton, of Garreglwyd, Esq.
Thomas Parry Jones Parry, of Meinir, Esq.

Carnarvonshire, Sir John Thomas Stanley, Bart. of Cefnartho.
Sir Richard Bulkeley Williams Bulkeley, Bart. of Plasynant.

Sir Love Parry Jones Parry, Knt. of Madryn.

Denbighshire,
Sanuel Sandbach, of Hafodunas
Abergele, Esq.
TownsendMainwaring,ofMarchwiel-Hall, Wrexham, Esq.
Thomas Molyneux Williams, of

Thomas Molyneux Williams, of Penbedw-Hall, Ruthin, Esq.

Flintshire, Edward Morgan, of Golden-

Grove, Holywell, Esq.

Joseph Lee the elder, of Redbrooke, Whitchurch, Esq.

William Shipley Conway, of Dodryddan, St. Asaph, Esq.

Merionethshire, Edward Scott, of Botalog, Esq.

John Manners Kerr, of Plasissa, Esq.

John Bird, of Plas-yn-Dinas, Esq.

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Mont-

Montgomeryshire,

Pembrokeshire,

Martin Williams, of Brongwyn,

Esq. John Offley Crewe Read, of Penybank, Esq. Sir John Conroy, Bart. of Llanbrynmair. James Duncan Thompson, of Breconshire, Sunny-Bank, Esq. Evan Thomas, of Llwymadock, Esq. Joseph Claypon, of Cnwer, Esq. Francis Thomas Gibb, of Hen-Cardiganshire, drefelen, Esq. John William Lewis, of Llanerchayron, Esq. William Tilsley Jones, of Gwynfryn, Esq. Robert Peel, of Talliarries, Carmarthenshire, Esq. Howel Gwyn, of Blaensawdde, Esq. John Edwards Saunders, of Glanrhwdw, Esq. John Nicholas Lucas, of Stout-Glamorganshire, hall, Esq. NashVaughan Edwards Vaughan, of Lanelay, Esq. Robert Oliver Jones, of Tonmore Castle, Esq.

> John Colby, of Tynone, Esq. Richard Llewellyn, of Tregwinth, Esq. Gilbert Williams Warren Davics,

of Mullock, Esq.

Rad-

Radnorshire,

Sir John Dutton Colt, Bart, of Llanyne. Thomas Evans, of Treburvah, Esq. Evan Williams Davies, of Cellws, Esq.

Whitehall, November 9, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable John Cowan, Lord Mayor of the city of London, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall, November 11, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto Matthew Wood, of Hatherley-house, in the county of Gloucester, Esq. one of the Aldermen of the city of London, and to the heirs male of his body kawfully begotten.

St. James's-Palace, November 13, 1837.

The Queen (on the 0th instant, at the Guildhall of the city of London) was pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon George Carroll, Esq. Sheriff of the city of London and county of Middlesex.

St. James's-Palace, November 13, 1837.

The Queen (on the 9th instant, at the Guildhall of the city of London) was pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Moses Montefore, Esq. Sheriff of the city of London and county of Middlesex.

St. James's Palace, September 19, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint William Bellairs, Esq. Exon of Her Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of Her Guard, in the room of Thomas Derinzy, Esq. resigned.

Whitehall, November 10, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Murray to the church and parish of Dunbog, in the presbetery of Cupar and shire of Fife, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Adam Cairns to the church and parish of Cupar.

Whitehall, May 13, 1837.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Lieutenant Lionel Charles Henry William Fitz-Gerald, His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the cross of a Knight of the Royal Portuguese Order of the Tower and Sword, which the Queen of Portugal has been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in approbation of his conduct, especially at the battle of Valongo, on the 18th of August 1833, while in Her Most Faithful Majesty's actual service;

and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His Majesty's royal favour, together with the relative documents, be

recorded in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 17, 1837.

Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, House of Lords, November 15, 1837.

ALL Peeresses, on announcing their intention of being present on the occasion of Her Majesty opening Parliament, on Monday the 20th of November, will have places reserved for them in the House of Lords, if the announcement be made at this Office, before five o'clock on Saturday evening, the 18th of November.

No Lady can be admitted, into the body of the

House, except in full dress.

No strangers will be admitted, except by a ticket from the Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office.

The doors will be opened at twelve o'clock.

(Signed) WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY, G. C.

White-

Whitehall, November 17, 1837.

An Address from the Wesleyan Methodist Connection in Ireland, assembled at Cork, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by the Reverend Jabez Bunting, was by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

Cambridge-House, November 17, 1837.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint Dr. Bartlet, M. D. to be Physician to His Royal Highness.

Crown-Office, November 15, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new PARLIAMENT.

County of Anglesea.

William Owen Stanley, of Penrhos, in the county of Anglesea, Esq.

Borough of Beaumaris.

Frederick Paget, of Plasnewyd, in the said county of Anglesea, Esq.

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 21, 1837.

Buckingham-Palace, November 20, 1837.

THIS day Her Majesty proceeded in state from Buckingham-Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived about two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from her state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Deputy Lord Great Chamberlain, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Lord Viscount Melbourne, Richmond Herald, in the absence of Garter, and the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

Her Majesty was there robed, and the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the imperial crown was borne by the Duke of Somerset, K.G. the sword of state by the Lord Viscount Melbourne, and the cap of maintenance by the Earl of Shaftesbury, in the absence of the Marquess of Winchester.

Her Majesty being seated on the Throne, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither activated at the condition of the commons and the condition of the commons are conditionally the condition of the commons and the condition of the commons are conditionally the condition of the c

cordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to make and subscribe the declaration against transubstantiation, pursuant to the Bill of Rights, and afterwards to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I HAVE thought it right to assemble you for the transaction of public business at the earliest convenient period after the dissolution of the late

Parliament.

It is with great satisfaction that I have received from all Foreign Powers the strongest assurances of their friendly disposition, and of their earnest desire to cultivate and maintain with Me the relations of amity; and I rejoice in the prospect that I shall be able to promote the best interests of My subjects by securing to them the advantages of peace.

I lament that civil war still afflicts the kingdom of Spain. I continue to execute with fidelity the engagements of My Crown with the Queen of Spain, according to the stipulations of the Treaty of

Quadruple Alliance.

I have directed a Treaty of Commerce which I have concluded with the Confederation of Peru and Bolivia to be laid before you, and I hope soon to be able to communicate to you similar results of My negotiations with other Powers.

I recommend to your serious consideration the

state of the province of Lower Canada.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

The demise of the Crown renders it necessary that a new provision should be made for the Civil

List.

I place unreservedly at your disposal those hereditary revenues which were transferred to the public by My immediate predecessor; and I have commanded that such papers as may be necessary for the full examination of this subject shall be prepared and

laid before you.

Desirous that the expenditure in this, as in every other department of the Government, should be kept within due limits, I feel confident that you will gladly make adequate provision for the support of the honour and dignity of My Crown.

The estimates for the service of the next year are in course of preparation, and will be laid before

you at the accustomed period.

I have directed that the utmost economy should be enforced in every branch of the public expenditure.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

The external peace and domestic tranquillity which at present happily prevail are very favourable for the consideration of such measures of reformation and amendment as may be necessary or expedient; and your attention will naturally be directed to that course of legislation which was interrupted by the necessary dissolution of the last Parliament.

The result of the enquiries which have been made into the condition of the poor in Ireland has been already laid before Parliament, and it will be your duty to consult whether it may not be safe and wise to establish by law some well-regulated means of

relief for the destitute in that country.

The municipal government of the cities and towns

in Ireland calls for better regulation.

The laws which govern the collection of the tithe composition in Ireland require revision and amendment.

Convinced that the better and more effectual administration of justice is amongst the first duties of a Sovereign, I request your attention to those measures which will be submitted to you for the improvement of the law.

You cannot but be sensible of the deep importance of these questions which I have submitted to

you, and of the necessity of treating them in that spirit of impartiality and justice which affords the best hope of bringing them to a happy and useful termination.

In meeting this Parliament, the first that has been elected under My authority, I am anxious to declare

My confidence in your loyalty and wisdom.

The early age at which I am called to the Sovereignty of this kingdom renders it a more imperative duty that, under Divine Providence, I should place My reliance upon your cordial cooperation, and upon the love and affection of all My people.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 23, 1837.

Whitehall, November 23, 1837.

AN Address from the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Exeter, and also from the Mayor and Corporation of the Borough of Stafford, congratulating Her Majesty upon Her Accession to the Thronc, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 24, 1837.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 18th day of November 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for " rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year

of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An "Aet to settle and determine the division of counties, "and the limits of eities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to

each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace acting in and for the west riding of the county of York, at the adjourned Midsummer general quarter sessions, assembled at Wakefield, on Friday the fifteenth day of September one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said west riding is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Rotherham, Hebden-bridge, Holmforth, and Otley may be

polling places for the said west riding:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that Rotherham, Hebden-bridge, Holmforth, and Otley shall be polling places for the said west riding; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said west riding into eonvenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 18th day of November 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is in-sufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled " An Act " to settle and determine the divisions of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place: And And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Salop, assembled in general quarter sessions, at the town of Shrewsbury, in the said county, the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the southern division of the county of Salop is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the market towns of Shiffnall and Clun may be additional polling places for the said

southern division of the county of Salop: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the market towns of Shiffnall and Clun shall be polling places for the said southern division of the county of Salop; and further, that the justices of the peace of the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said southern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 28, 1837.

Whitehall, November 28, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Durham, Bishop and Clergy of the diocese of.

Edinburgh, President and Fellows of the Royal Society of.

Tuam, Roman Catholic Archbishop and Clergy of the diocese of.

Vice and Immorality, Society for the Suppression of.

Winchester, Bishop, Archdeacons, and Clergy of the diocese of.

Buckingham-Palace, November 24, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty:—the Count St. Martin D'Aglié, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, to deliver his letter of recall; and the Count de Pollon, his successor in the same character, to deliver his credentials:

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the

Ceremonies.

War-Office, 28th November 1837.

GARRISONS.

Captain John Patterson, on the half-pay of the York Chasseurs, to be Fort Major at St. John's, Newfoundland, vice Griffiths, who resigns. Dated 25th November 1837.

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 30, 1837.

Whitehall, November 30, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Bridgnorth, Mayor, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, &c. of the borough of.

Godalming, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the borough of.

Leicester, Mayor and Council of the borough of.

Mayo (Ireland), Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, Free-holders, and Inhabitants of the county of.

Nova Scotia, Provincial Grand Lodge of Masons in the province of.

Penzance, Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of the borough of.

Royal Society of London, President and Council of the.

Suffolk, Archdeacon and Clergy of the Archdeaconry of.

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 1, 1837.

Whitehall, December 1, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Linnean Society, of London, Council and Fellows of the.

New Connection of Methodists, President, Treasurer, Secretary, and Acting Committee of the.

Yorkshire (north riding), Ministers and Delegates representing the Protestant Dissenters of.

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 5, 1837.

Whitehall, December 5, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Coleraine, Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the town of.

Haddington, Noblemen, Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners of Supply of the county of.

Radnor, Grand Jury and Inhabitants of the county of.

Westminster, December 4, 1837.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to an Act agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission

mission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Act, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to continue, for six calcudar months, all such Commissions of the Peace as were in force at the time of the decease of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and as have not been superseded, determined, or made void during the reign of Her present Majesty.

St. James's-Palace, October 28, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Henry Larkins Ewart, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, by purchase, vice H. Weir, retired.

St. James's-Palace, November 30, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Robert Alexander Gray, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, by purchase, vice Joseph Knight, retired.

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 8, 1837.

Whitehall, December 8, 1837.

THE following Addresses to the Queen, on the occasion of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were by him presented to Her Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

Beverley, Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the borough of.

Bexley, Crayford, and other places in Kent, Inhabitants of.

Carlisle, Mayor and Council of the city and borough of.

Devizes, Inhabitants of.

Sailors' Female Orphan Home, Committee of the.

Totnes, Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, &c. and Inhabitants of the ancient borough of.

Whitehall, December 6, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Alexander to the church and parish of Kirkcaldy, in the presbytery of Kirkcaldy and county of Fife, vacant by the death of the Reverend John Martin.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 12, 1837.

Buckingham-Palace, December 11, 1837.

THIS day had audience of Her Majesty, Ibrahim Sarim Effendi, Ambassador from the Sublime Porte,

to deliver his credentials:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, December 11, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Earl of Fingall, one of the Lords in Waiting to Her Majesty.

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 15, 1837.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at "county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding parts or division in England or Walcs, in quarter parts or division in England or wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year 1837. of

of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle and determine the division of counties," and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to

each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, holden at Derby, in and for the county of Derby, on the eighteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Eckington may be a polling

place for the said division:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the town of Eckington shall be a polling place for the said division: and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said west division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of November 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at "county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, "and the limits of citics and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place : 4 R 2 And

And whereas the justices of the peace assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, holden at Chelmsford, in and for the county of Essex, on the eighteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented two several petitions to Her Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county, is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the several parishes of Castle Hedingham and Great Dunmow, in the said county, may be polling

places for the said division:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petitions into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said parishes of Castle Hedingham and Great Dunmow, shall be polling places for the said division; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for rendering "more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said pctition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An "Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace acting in

and for the county of Gloucester, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, held at the Shire-hall, in Gloucester, in and for the said county of Gloucester, on the seventeenth day of Cotober one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the eastern division of the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the towns of Avening, Stonehouse, Minchinhampton. Store on the Wold, and Winchcomb may be polling places for the said division:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said towns of Avening, Struchouse, Minchinhampton, Stow on the Wold, and Winchcomb shall be polling places for the said division: and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at "county elections" it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled. as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An "Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of " Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And

And whereas the justices of the peace acting in and for the county of Gloucester, assembled at the Michaelmas general quarter sessions of the peace, held at the Shire hall, in Gloucester, in and for the said county of Gloucester, on the seventeenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the western division of the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that Filton, in the parish of Filton-bridge, Yate, in the several parishes of Siston and Wick, and Abson and the town of Berkeley, in the parish of Berkeley, may be polling places for the said division:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that Filton, in the parish of Filton-bridge, Yate, in the several parishes of Siston and Wick, and Abson and the town of Berkeley shall be polling places for the said division; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Aet, divide the said division into convenient polling districts, and sign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act passed in the third year. as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An " Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

1837. 48 And And whereas the justices of the peace, assembled at the general quarter sessions holden at Usk, in and for the county of Monmouth, on the sixteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the county of Monmouth is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Pontypool, in the said county, may be a polling place for the

said county:

Now, therefore, Hcr Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the town of Pontypool shall be a polling place for the said county; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837,

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An 'Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An "Act to settle and determine the division of counties, " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place : And: 4.8 2

And whereas the justices of the peace, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace holden at Chichester, in and for the western division of the county of Sussex, on the nineteenth of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said division are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the town of Midhurst may be a polling

place for the said division:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the town of Midhurst shall be a polling place for the said division; and further, that the justices of the peace of the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions. assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act " to settle and determine the division of counties. " and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England " and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And

And whereas the justices of the peace acting in and for the west riding of the county of York, at the Michaelmas general quarter sessions of the peace, assembled at Leeds, in the said riding, on the eighteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, have presented their petition to Her Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the said west riding are insufficient, and therefore praying, that Aberford and Birstal may be polling places for the said

riding:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition iuto consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of the reign of His said late Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that Aberford and Birstal shall be polling places for the said riding; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said riding, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said riding into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, December 13, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint John Marquess of Queensberry to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the shire of Dumfries, in the room of Charles Marquess of Queensberry, deceased.

Crown-Office, December 15, 1837.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Midhurst.

The Honourable Frederick Spencer, of St. James'splace, Westminster, a Captain in the Royal Navy, in the room of William Stephen Poyntz, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Borough of Sudbury.

Joseph Bailey the younger, of Glanusk-park, in the county of Brecknock, Esq. in the room of Sir James John Hamilton, Bart. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 19, 1837.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to "amend an Act for the regulation of municipal cor-"porations in England and Wales," it is, amongst other

other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant house-holders of any town or borough in England or Wales shall petition His Majesty to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for His Majesty by any such charter, if he shall think fit, by the advice of His Privy Council, to grant the same, to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough within the district to be set forth in such charter, all the powers and provisions of the Act of the fifth and sixth of William the Fourth, cap. 76, for regulating corporations, whether such town or borough be or be not a corporate town or borough, or be or be not named in either of the schedules to the said Act; provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please His Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by His Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the borough of Birmingham have presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, praying a charter of incor-

poration for the said borough:

Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said petition be taken into consideration, by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Wednesday the thirty-first day of January next, at twelve of the clock at noon.

C. C. Greville.

[The following notification is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of Tuesday last.]

Buckingham-Palace, December 11, 1837.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, Ibrahim Sarim Effendi, on an Embassy from the Sublime Porte, for the purpose of congratulating the Queen upon Her Majesty's accession, and to deliver the Sultan's letter of congratulation:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, December 15, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to nominate His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, K.G. K.T. &c to be the first and principal Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath; and to constitute and appoint His Royal Highness Acting Great Master of the said Most Honourable Order.

Whitehall December 16, 1837.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Pollock to the church and parish of Baldernock, in the presbytery of Dumbarton and county of Stirling, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Henry Moncrieff to the parish of East Kilbride.

. 1837..

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 22, 1837.

Downing-Street, December 22, 1837.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Colonel Sir George Arthur, K. C. H. to be Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 26, 1837.

Buekingham-Palace, December 23, 1837.

THIS day Her Majesty proceeded in state from Buckingham-Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived about one o'clock; and was received, on alighting from her state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Lord Great Chamberlain, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Lord Viscount Melbourne, Clarenceux King at Arms, in the absence of Garter, and the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and

proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

Her Majesty was there robed, and the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the imperial crown was borne by the Duke of Somerset, K. G. the sword of state by the Lord Viscount Melbourne, and the cap of maintenance by the Earl of Shaftesbury, in the absence of the

Marquess of Winchester.

Her Majcsty being seated on the Throne, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to the following Bills:

An Act for the support of Her Majesty's Household, and of the honour and dignity of the Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

An Act to carry into further execution the provisions of an Act for completing the full payment of compensation to owners of slaves, upon the abolition of slavery.

An Act for the relief of Quakers, Moravians, and

Separatists elected to municipal offices.

An Act to remove doubts as to summoning juries

at adjourned quarter sessions of the peace.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings. to purchase ground and tenements required to complete the site for the new Houses of Parliament.

An Act to regulate the expences of conveying prisoners in Ireland.

And five private Acts.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 26, 1837.

Colonial-Office, Downing-Street, December 26, 1837.

A DISPATCH has been received from Lieutenant-General Sir John Colborne, K. C. B. Commander of the Forces in Canada, dated 29th November 1837, of which and of its inclosures the following are copies:

My Lord,

Head-quarters, Montreal, November 29, 1837.

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you, for the information of the General Commanding in Chief, that, since my dispatch of the 20th instant, the revolt has been rapidly extending, and that the Law Officers of the Crown, and the Magistrates of Montreal having applied to me for military force to assist the civil power in apprehending Mr. Papineau, and other traitors, who were supposed to be at the villages of Saint Denis and Saint Charles, I ordered strong detachments to support the Civil Authorities in the execution of their duty.

Saint Denis is seven miles to the northward of Saint Charles, on the right bank of the River Richelieu; the former sixteen miles from Sorel; the latter

about

about seventeen from the ferry of Chambly, opposite

Pointe Oliviere.

Colonel Gore and Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes, with five companies and howitzer, were ordered to proceed from Sorel to Saint Denis, and five companies and two guns to move from Chambly on Saint Charles, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Wetherall, of the Royal Regiment, accompanied by two Magistrates, to execute the warrants against those individuals, charged with high treason; and it appeared probable, that the sudden appearance of the troops, at these points, and entering the villages nearly at the same time, would afford an opportunity of taking into custody the leaders of the revolt.

The Sorel detachment, under the superintendance of Colonel Gore, marched at ten o'clock on the night of the 22d, by a back concession road, to avoid the village of Saint Ours, occupied by the rebels, which

encreased the distance of the march.

The incessant rain, and almost impassable roads, so impeded the progress of the detachment, that he did not reach Saint Denis until half past nine on the morning of the 23d; the rebels on the approach of Her Majesty's troops commenced a heavy fire on them, from all the houses on the north side of the village, some of these were immediately taken by the light company of the 32d regiment, commanded by Captain Markham, but the fire from the howitzer having made little impression for several hours on a large stone building, strongly occupied, and the whole of the companies of the detachment being much exhausted, from the very long and difficult march of the previous night, Colonel Gore considered it necessary to return to Sorel.

Colonel Wetherall, with four companies of the Royal Regiment, and a detachment of the 66th regiment, and two six-pounders, passed the Riche-

lieu

lieu by the upper ferry, at Chambly; the bad state of the roads, however, impeded his march, and prevented him proceeding further than Saint Hilaire, at which place he halted till another company of the Royals joined him; he then advanced on Saint Charles, attacked the rebels, carried an enclosed work, defended by fifteen hundred men, and completely dispersed them.

The advanced period of the scason and the constant expectation of the navigation, becoming impracticable, the passage of the river being interrupted, it became necessary to use the utmost exertion, with a view of restoring order in the revolted district.

The troops which have been called to act in the disturbed districts, and to put down this sudden and extensively combined revolt, have had to contend with great difficulties; their communications with head-quarters having been completely interrupted by the armed peasantry assembled on the line of march.

Many of the deluded inhabitants are returning to their homes, and I trust that the affairs which have taken place may be the means of quickly restoring tranquillity to the country.

I am much indebted to Lieutenant-Colonel Wetherall, for his active zeal, and judicious conduct on many occasions in which he has been employed

at this critical period.

I forward the reports of Colonel Gore and Lieutenant-Colonel Wetherall, which will afford the General Commanding in Chief full information of the proceedings of the detachments under their command, and returns of killed and wounded.

Captain Markham, an intelligent and zealous

officer, has received several severe wounds.

I cannot close my dispatch without mentioning the exertions of Captain David and the Montreal Volunteer Corps of Cavalry, who accompanied the

troops

troops on the service in which they have been engaged.

I have the honour to be, &c.

J. COLBORNE, Lieut.-Gen.

Major-General the Right Hon. Lord Fitzroy Somerset, &c. &c. &c.

SIR, Montreal, November 25, 1837.

IN obedience to your commands, I left this garrison with the flank companies of the 24th regiment, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes, the Light Company of the 32d regiment, commanded by Captain Markham, one howitzer twelve-pounder, under Lieutenant Newcomen, Royal Artillery, and a party of the Montreal Cavalry, under Cornet Sweeney, on board the St. George steamer, at three o'clock P. M on the 22d instant, on route to Sorel, where I disembarked at six o'clock, and placed the men in the Barrack-square; I directed Captain Crompton to be prepared to march at ten o'clock, when, according to my instructions, I proceeded on the road to St. Denis, on the River Richelieu, which I was directed to carry, and then move on rapidly to assist Lieutenant-Colonel Wetherall, of the Royal Regiment, in his attack on St. Charles.

The roads being deep, the march was severe (although the distance was only eighteen miles), it having rained violently all night, the mud and water reaching to the knees; I did not reach the small but rapid river which crosses the road four miles and a half from St. Denis, until sometime after daylight; in order to arrive at my destination with as little delay as possible, I took the back road, to avoid the village of St. Ours, and pass the small river by a bridge, higher up than the one by the main road, also

also for the purpose to take on an intelligent guide, who had volunteered to lead.

After passing the bridge I obscrved an armed party leaving the lower one, who had been sent to oppose our crossing, and who flauked our line of march, but I did not waste time in dispersing them, but moved on to my point, which was now frequently impeded by the breaking up of the bridges. Several, however, were saved by Cornet Sweeney's detachment of Cavalry, who took two armed peasants, but could gain no positive information as to the intentions of the rebels. On approaching St. Denis, a strong body of armed men, moving along a wood, skirted my left flank; all the houses along the road were deserted, and on nearing St. Denis, I was attacked by skirmishers occupying the houses and barns on the road, and along the banks of the River Richclicu; these were rapidly driven in by Captain Markham to the main entrance. I found the place was strongly occupied, and the entrance defended by a large fortified stone house, and a barricado crossing the road, and flanked from a building and houses, from which a severe fire was commenced. I immediately reinforced the advance with Captains Crompton's, Maitland's, and Harris's companies, and placing the howitzer in a position off the right of the road, at a range of three hundred and fifty-yards, directed Lieutenant Newcomen to fire round shot into it, and batter it down, if possible; on examining the house, I found it too well secured and flanked, and the incessant firing shewed it to be well occupied. The armed force of the rcbcls, from what I can ascertain, was full fifteen hundred men, but report said nearer three thousand; during these operations the rebels were crossing the Richelicu in large batteauxs, from St. Antoine, but I could not spare shot from the fortified house to obstruct their passage; Captain Markham got possession of a house immediately opposite to the fortified house, driving out the occupants at the point of the bayonet, but was almost immediately wounded in three places; the day was now advancing, it was evident that the whole country was in arms, and no important effect was made on the fortified house, and sixty round shot expended, and only six left; and the ground we occupied could hardly have been maintained during the night; it was necessary to come to some decision, either to assault the house so well defended, and flanked by others loop holed, or to fall back, before the bridge in my rear could be broken down. The hazard of a failure under such circumstances, and the jaded condition of the men, frost having succeeded the rain and snow, and their clothes freezing on them, determined me to fall back; and having collected the wounded and placed them in such carts as we had. and the howitzer in the centre; I directed Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes to take the direction of the rear guard, and fell back. I was immediately followed by strong bodies of the rebels in rear and on my right flank, who were checked by the rear guard, and having observed that a strong force had been detached in the direction of the upper bridge, by which I had passed in the morning. On arriving where the road branched off to the two bridges, I turned to my left to the lower bridge, having ascertained that St. Ours was not fortified, and rid myself of the rebels, who were skirting my right flank. On crossing the bridge the artillery horses gave up altogether, and two of them fell; the infantry went immediately to the gun, and every exertion was made to get it on; the officers' horses and those of the ammunition waggon were put to the gun, but without effect; the wheels clogged with mud were now frozen, and after seven hours of severe toil, and during which Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes never left the gun; the medical officer declared that a half an hour more would 4 IJ 1837.

freeze the men. The gun was spiked and abandoned. I then moved to St. Ours, where I was in hopes of finding the steam boat Varennes, ordered to meet us with provisions, but she had been attacked by two hundred armed persons, and forced to cut her cable and return.

I passed through the village, and halted at some farm houses, a mile on, to refresh the men, and proceeded, in the morning, at daylight, to Sorel, where I arrived at eleven o'clock in the morning of the 24th. My loss in killed and wounded, by the accompanying returns, is, one officer severely wounded (Captain Markham) and nineteen killed and wounded, and four missing; the loss of the rebels must have been about one hundred, which has since been confirmed. I have not yet received a correct return of the two companies of the 66th regiment, but I do not think they lost more than one or two. I enclose a detailed report from Lieutenant Newcomen, on the loss of the howitzer, who deserves much praise for his conduct.

In this arduous march, and during the whole of the operation, the officers and men displayed the highest courage and steadiness, although exposed to

extreme suffering.

I was much indebted to Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes, of the 24th Regiment, for the advice and assistance I received from him, and his exertions to extricate the gun; and also to Lieutenant Lysons, of the Royal Regiment attached to the Quarter-Master-General's Department, for his zealous and active conduct; in Captain Markham, of the 32d regiment, who led the advance with great judgment, and was severely wounded, the service will be deprived for some time of a most valuable officer; Surgeon Farndon, of the Royal Regiment, and Assistant-Surgeon MacGrigor, of the 32d regiment, rendered every assistance in their power,

power, and made the best arrangements for the wounded.

I have the honour to be, &c.

CHARLES GORE, Col.

Lieutenant-General Sir John Colborne, K.C.B. and G.C.H. &c. &c. &c.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing.

Killed.

24th Regiment — 1 serjeant, 2 rank and file. 32d Regiment — 2 rank and file. 66th Regiment — 1 rank and file.

Wounded.

24th Regiment—2 rank and file, severely; 2 rank and file, slightly.

32d Regiment—Captain Markham, severely, but not dangerously; 3 rank and file, severely; 2 rank and file, slightly.

Missing.

24th Regiment—1 rank and file. 32d Regiment—4 rank and file (1 wounded).

Total.

Killed—1 serjeant, 5 rank and file. Wounded—1 captain, 9 rank and file. Missing—6 rank and file.

(Extract.)

SIR, St. Charles, November 27, 1837.

I HAD the honour, yesterday, to report the successful result of my attack on the stockaded post

of the rebels at this place.

In my letter of the 25th November, I stated the circumstances which induced me to suspend my march towards Saint Charles, and to order a company from Chambly to my support, and I then said that I should wait at Saint Hilaire for his Excellency's further orders: this dispatch was sent by Doctor Jones, of the Montreal Cavalry, and I hoped for his Excellency's answer during the following night. Not having received it, at nine yesterday morning, I concluded that my messenger had been interrupted, and having learned that the basin, at Chambly, was frozen over, and every probability of a retreat being cut off, should such an event occur, I resolved on the attack.

The march was accomplished without opposition or hindrance, except from the breaking down of the bridges, &c., &c., until I arrived one mile from this place, when the troops were fired at from the left, or opposite bank of the Richelieu, and a man of the Royal Regiment wounded; several rifle shots were also fired from a barn immediately in our front. I burnt the barn.

On arriving at two hundred and fifty yards from the rebel works, I took up a position, hoping that a display of my force would induce some defection among these infatuated people; they, however, opened a heavy fire, which was returned. I then advanced to another position, one hundred yards from the works, but, finding the defenders obstinate, I stormed and carried them, burning every building within the stockade, except that of the Honourable Mr. Debartsch, which, however, is much injured.

The

The affair occupied about one hour. The slaughter on the side of the rebels was great; only sixteen prisoners were then made. I have counted fifty-six bodies, and many more were killed in the buildings and their bodies burnt.

I shall occupy this village until the receipt of his

Excellency's orders.

My killed and wounded are as follows:

The Royal Regiment—1 serjeant, 1 rank and file, killed; 3 rank and file severely wounded; 7 rank and file slightly wounded.

66th Regiment - I rank and file killed; 2 rank and file severely wounded; I rank and file slightly

wounded.

Total—1 serjeant, 2 rank and file, killed; 10 rank and file severely wounded; 8 rank and file slightly wounded.

Every man and officer behaved nobly yesterday. Major Warde carried the right of the position in good stile, and Captain Glasgow's artillery did good execution, he is a most zealous Officer. Captain David's troop of Montreal cavalry rendered essential service during the charge, and I regret that more are not attached to my force.

My horse was shot under me, and the chargers of Major Warde and Captain David severely wounded,

since dead.

I have, &c.

(Signed) G. W. WETHERALL, comg. 2d Batt. the Royal Regt.

The Deputy Adjt.-General, &c. &c. &c. Montreal.

(Copy.)

SIR, Chambly, November 28, 1837.

I HAVE the honour to report my return to Chambly this evening, with the troops under my command.

Having received authentic information, at Saint Charles, on Sunday night, that a considerable body of the rebels had assembled near PointOliviere, under Saniere, for the purpose of cutting off my retreat from Saint Charles, I resolved upon attacking them in preference to marching on Saint Denis; my march was so delayed by the difficulty of procuring conveyance for the wounded men, that it was too late to proceed when I arrived at Saint Hilaire.

This morning I continued my march, leaving the sick and wounded at Saint Hilaire, in the house of Colonel DeRonville, and a guard of one serjeant and fifteen men, in charge of Doctor Sewell, of the Montreal Cavalry, where I propose that they shall remain until the ice on the river will admit of their

being transported in sleighs.

About a mile from Saint Oliviere, the rebels were discovered in a position well adapted to check my progress; they had protected themselves with an abattis, and two contemptible guns mounted on carts, they fled as soon as I formed to attack, relinquishing their guns, which are in my possession; a few shots were exchanged by which two men of the rebels were killed. I burnt a house from which they fired on their retreat. With the exception of a few straggling shot from the opposite side of the Richelieu, I reached this station without further opposition.

I have brought in twenty-five prisoners, and propose marching with them to Montreal, via Saint John's and the Railway, the day after to-morrow,

should I not receive counter orders.

The

The party assembled at St. Denis have broken up since the affair of Saint Charles.

I have, &c.

(Signed) G. W. WETHERALL, Lieut.-Col. the Royal Regiment.

The Deputy Adjt.-General,
Montreal.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 29, 1837.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 11th day of December 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excéllent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fourth year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, cap. seventy-seven, intituled "An Act to authorise "His Majesty, under certain circumstances, to re-"gulate the duties and drawbacks on goods im-"ported or exported in foreign vessels, and to "exempt certain foreign vessels from pilotage;" His Majesty is authorised, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council, to be published, from time to time, in the London Gazette, to authorise the importation into, or exportation from, the United Kingdom, or from any other of His Majesty's dominions, of any goods, wares, or merchandize which

which may be legally imported or exported in foreign vessels, upon payment of such and the like duties only, and with the like drawbacks, bounties, and allowances as are charged or granted upon similar goods, wares, or merchandize when imported or exported in British vessels; provided always, that before any such Order or Orders shall be issued, satisfactory proof shall have been laid before His Majesty and His Privy Council that goods, wares, and merchandize imported into, or exported from, the foreign country in whose favour such remission of duties, or such drawbacks, bounties, or allowances shall be granted, are charged with the same duties, and are allowed the same drawbacks, bounties, or allowances when imported into, or exported from, such foreign country in British vessels, as are levied or allowed on similar goods, wares, and merchandize when imported or exported in vessels of such country:

And whereas by an Act, passed in the fifth year of His Majesty George the Fourth, cap. one, intituled "An Act to indemnify all persons concerned in ad"vising, issuing, or acting under a certain Order in "Council for regulating the tonnage duties on certain foreign vessels; and to amend an Act of the last session of Parliament, for authorising His Majesty, under certain circumstances, to regulate the duties and drawbacks on goods imported or exported in any foreign vessels; His Majesty is authorised, in certain cases, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council, to be published, from time to time, in the London Gazette, to permit and authorise the entry into any port or ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of any other of His Majesty's dominions, of any foreign vessels, upon payment of such and the like duties of tonnage only as are or may be charged or granted upon, or in respect of, British vessels:

And whereas a treaty of commerce and navigation

between Her Majesty and the King of the Netherlands was signed at the Hague, on the twenty-seventh October last, and ratified on the twenty-second November last:

And whereas satisfactory proof has been laid before Her Majesty and Her Privy Council, that goods, wares, and merchandize imported into, or exported from, the dominions of the King of the Netherlands are charged with the same duties, and are allowed the same drawbacks, bounties, or allowances when imported or exported in British vessels as are levied or allowed on similar goods, wares, and merchandize when imported into, or exported from, the said dominions of the King of the Netherlands in Dutch vessels, and that British vessels are charged with no other or higher tonnage duties on their entrance into the ports of the dominions of the King of the Netherlands than are levied on Dutch vessels:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the Acts above recited, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, from and after the date hereof, Dutch vessels entering or departing from the ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, together with the cargoes on board the same (such cargoes consisting of articles which may be legally imported or exported), shall not be subject to any other or higher duties or charges whatever than are or shall be levied on British vessels entering or departing from such ports, or on similar articles when imported into, or exported from, such ports in British vessels; and also, that such articles, when exported from the said ports in Dutch vessels, shall be entitled to the same bounties, drawbacks, and allowances that are granted on similar articles when exported in British vessels:

1837. 4.X And

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 20th day of December 1837,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to " amend an Act for the regulation of municipal cor-" porations in England and Wales," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders of any town or borough in England or Wales shall petition His Majesty to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for His Majesty by any such charter, if he shall think fit, by the advice of His Privy Council, to grant the same, to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough within the district to be set forth in such charter, all the powers and provisions of the Act of the fourth and fifth of William the Fourth, cap. 76, for regulating corporations, whether such town or borough be or be not a corporate town or borough, or be or be not named in cither of the schedules to the said Act; provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please His Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by His Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, one month at least before such petition shall be so considered.

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the borough of Chatham, have presented a petition to

Her

Her Majesty in Council, praying a charter of incor-

poration for the said borough.

Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be taken into consideration, by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Wednesday the thirty-first day of January next, at twelve of the clock at noon.

C. C. Groville.

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